

OPTIDRIVE[™] <P²

AC Variable Speed Drive

0.75 - 250kW / 1 - 350HP

200 - 600V Single and 3 Phase Input

Quick Start Up

General Information and Ratings

Mechanical Installation

Electrical Installation

Keypad and Display Operation

Parameters

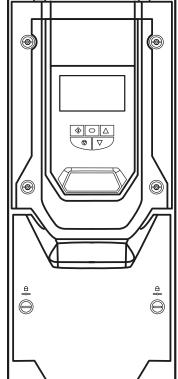
Control Terminal Functions

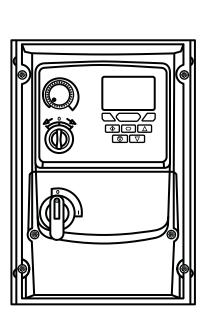
Extended Parameters

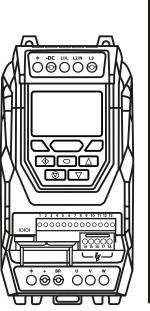
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Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODP-2 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007+A1:2017	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Safe Torque OFF ("STO") Function

Optidrive P2 incorporates a hardware STO (Safe Torque Off) Function, designed in accordance with the standards listed below.

Standard	Classification	Independent Approval
EN 61800-5-2:2016	Type 2	
EN ISO 13849-1:2015	PL "d"	
EN 61508 (Part 1 to 7):2010	SIL 2	*TUV
EN60204-1:2006 + A1:2009 + AC: 2010	Uncontrolled Stop "Category O"	
EN 62061:2005/A2:2015	SIL CL 2	

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification.

The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local distributor should be contacted first.

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 2.45 Firmware. User Guide Revision 3.03.

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Quick Start Up

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.

The "Safe Torque Off" Function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drives power terminals.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for ensuring that the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1 and providing a disconnecting device which must be one of the following types:

- A switch-disconnector, utilization category AC-23B (EN 60947-3).
- A circuit breaker suitable for isolation in accordance with EN 60947-2.
- A disconnector with an integrated auxiliary contact that ensures under all circumstances the switching devices break the load circuit prior to opening of the main contacts of the disconnector (EN 60947-3).

For installation in other regions, conformance with local electrical regulations and codes of practice must be adhered to.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed, is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present. The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP55 and IP66 drives provide their own pollution degree 2 environments. IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive. Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals U, V, W. Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

Do not operate the drive with any of the enclosure covers removed.

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1.2. Quick Start Process

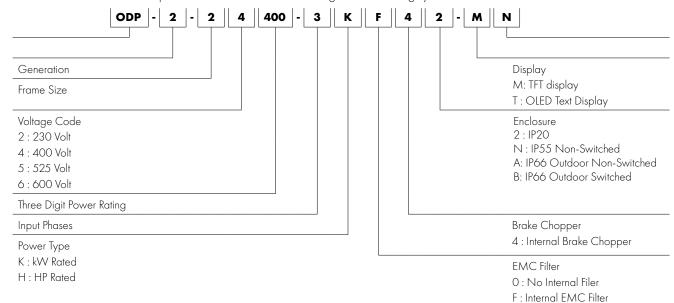
Step	Action	See Section	Page
1	Identify the Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular: - Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply - Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor - Check the enclosure type is suitable for the intended mounting location.	2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number 2.3. Understanding the Rating Label 2.4. Drive Model Numbers – IP20 2.5. Drive Model Numbers – IP55 2.6. Drive Model Numbers – IP66 3.1. General	6 7 7 9 10 11
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	10.1. Environmental	71
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units), ensuring suitable cooling air is available. Mount the drive to the wall or machine (IP55 & IP66).	 3.1. General 3.2. Before Installation 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units) 3.7. Mounting the Drive – IP20 Units 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) 	11 11 12 15 16 16
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes.	10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings	71
6	For IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase – earth voltage may exceed the phase – phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure	76
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.6. Motor Connection 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control	22 52
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections	22
11	Ensure correct wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	21
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the protective earth connection is made.	4.1. Connection Diagram	19
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	4.10. Control Terminal Connections	25
14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring.		

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2. General Information and Ratings

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

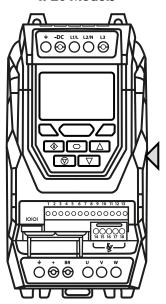
The model number of each Optidrive P2 is constructed according to the following system:



2.2. Product Rating Label Location

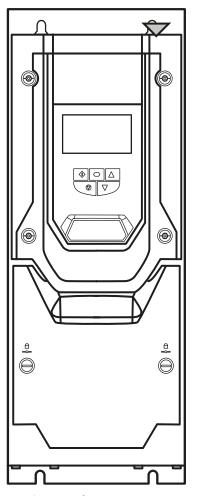
All Optidrive P2 models carry a rating label, which can be located as follows:

IP20 Models



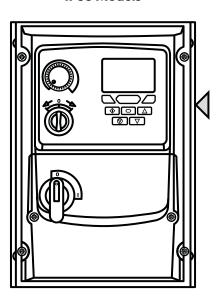
On right hand side when viewed from the front.

IP55 Models



On the top surface.

IP66 Models

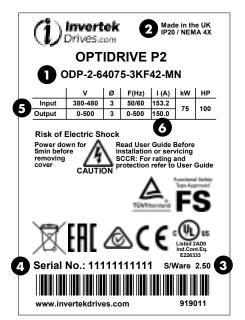


On right hand side when viewed from the front.

2.3. Understanding the Rating Label

The product rating label provides the following information.

	Кеу
0	Model Code
2	Enclosure Type and IP Rating
3	Firmware Version
4	Serial Number
6	Technical Data – Supply Voltage
6	Technical Data – Maximum continuous output current



2.4. Drive Model Numbers - IP20

Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting information are shown in section 3.5.1. IP20 Units on page 12. Electrical Specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 71.

kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-22075-1KF42-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-1 HF42-MN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-1 KF42-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-1HF42-MN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220-1KF42-MN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-1HF42-MN	3	10.5	2
		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	ut		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-22075-3KF42-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010-3HF42-MN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22150-3KF42-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020-3HF42-MN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22220-3KF42-MN	2.2	ODP-2-22030-3HF42-MN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32040-3KF42-MN	4	ODP-2-32050-3HF42-MN	5	18	3
ODP-2-32055-3KF42-MN	5.5	ODP-2-32075-3HF42-MN	7.5	24	3
ODP-2-42075-3KF42-MN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF42-MN	10	30	4
ODP-2-42110-3KF42-MN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF42-MN	15	46	4
ODP-2-52150-3KF42-MN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF42-MN	20	61	5
ODP-2-52185-3KF42-MN	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF42-MN	25	72	5
ODP-2-62022-3KF42-MN	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF42-MN	30	90	6A
ODP-2-62030-3KF42-MN	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF42-MN	40	110	6A
ODP-2-62037-3KF42-MN	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF42-MN	50	150	6B
ODP-2-62045-3KF42-MN	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF42-MN	60	180	6B
ODP-2-62055-3KF42-MN	55	ODP-2-62075-3HF42-MN	75	202	6B

200-240V ±10% - 1 Phase Input

		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	out		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-24075-3KF42-MN	0.75	ODP-2-24010-3HF42-MN	1	2.2	2
ODP-2-24150-3KF42-MN	1.5	ODP-2-24020-3HF42-MN	2	4.1	2
ODP-2-24220-3KF42-MN	2.2	ODP-2-24030-3HF42-MN	3	5.8	2
ODP-2-24400-3KF42-MN	4	ODP-2-24050-3HF42-MN	5	9.5	2
ODP-2-34055-3KF42-MN	5.5	ODP-2-34075-3HF42-MN	7.5	14	3
ODP-2-34075-3KF42-MN	7.5	ODP-2-34100-3HF42-MN	10	18	3
ODP-2-34110-3KF42-MN	11	ODP-2-34150-3HF42-MN	15	24	3
ODP-2-44150-3KF42-MN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF42-MN	20	30	4
ODP-2-44185-3KF42-MN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF42-MN	25	39	4
ODP-2-44220-3KF42-MN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF42-MN	30	46	4
ODP-2-54300-3KF42-MN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF42-MN	40	61	5
ODP-2-54370-3KF42-MN	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF42-MN	50	72	5
ODP-2-64045-3KF42-MN	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF42-MN	60	90	6A
ODP-2-64055-3KF42-MN	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF42-MN	75	110	6A
ODP-2-64075-3KF42-MN	75	ODP-2-64100-3HF42-MN	100	150	6B
ODP-2-64090-3KF42-MN	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF42-MN	150	180	6B
ODP-2-64110-3KF42-MN	110	ODP-2-64175-3HF42-MN	175	202	6B
ODP-2-84200-3KF42-MN	200	ODP-2-84300-3HF42-MN	300	370	8
ODP-2-84250-3KF42-MN	250	ODP-2-84400-3HF42-MN	400	450	8
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase Inp	ut		
kW Model	kW	HP Model	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-26075-3K042-MN	0.75	ODP-2-26010-3H042-MN	1	2.1	2
ODP-2-26150-3K042-MN	1.5	ODP-2-26020-3H042-MN	2	3.1	2
ODP-2-26220-3K042-MN	2.2	ODP-2-26030-3H042-MN	3	4.1	2
ODP-2-26400-3K042-MN	4	ODP-2-26050-3H042-MN	5	6.5	2
ODP-2-26550-3K042-MN	5.5	ODP-2-26075-3H042-MN	7.5	9	2
ODP-2-36075-3K042-MN	7.5	ODP-2-36100-3H042-MN	10	12	3
ODP-2-36110-3K042-MN	11	ODP-2-36150-3H042-MN	15	17	3
ODP-2-36150-3K042-MN	15	ODP-2-36200-3H042-MN	20	22	3
ODP-2-46185-3K042-MN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H042-MN	25	28	4
ODP-2-46220-3K042-MN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H042-MN	30	34	4
ODP-2-46300-3K042-MN	30	ODP-2-46400-3H042-MN	40	43	4
ODP-2-56370-3K042-MN	37	ODP-2-56050-3H042-MN	50	54	5
ODP-2-56045-3K042-MN	45	ODP-2-56060-3H042-MN	60	65	5
ODP-2-66055-3K042-MN	55	ODP-2-66075-3H042-MN	75	78	6A
ODP-2-66075-3K042-MN	75	ODP-2-66100-3H042-MN	100	105	6A
ODP-2-66090-3K042-MN	90	ODP-2-66125-3H042-MN	125	130	6B
ODP-2-66110-3K042-MN	110	ODP-2-66150-3H042-MN	150	150	6B

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2.5. Drive Model Numbers - IP55

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.2. IP55 Units on page 13. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 71.

		200-240V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	НР	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-42055-3KF4N-TN	5.5	ODP-2-42075-3HF4N-TN	7.5	24	4
ODP-2-42075-3KF4N-TN	7.5	ODP-2-42100-3HF4N-TN	10	30	4
ODP-2-42110-3KF4N-TN	11	ODP-2-42150-3HF4N-TN	15	46	4
ODP-2-52150-3KF4N-TN	15	ODP-2-52020-3HF4N-TN	20	61	5
ODP-2-52185-3KF4N-TN	18.5	ODP-2-52025-3HF4N-TN	25	72	5
ODP-2-62022-3KF4N-TN	22	ODP-2-62030-3HF4N-TN	30	90	6
ODP-2-62030-3KF4N-TN	30	ODP-2-62040-3HF4N-TN	40	110	6
ODP-2-62037-3KF4N-TN	37	ODP-2-62050-3HF4N-TN	50	150	6
ODP-2-62045-3KF4N-TN	45	ODP-2-62060-3HF4N-TN	60	180	6
ODP-2-72055-3KF4N-TN	55	ODP-2-72075-3HF4N-TN	<i>7</i> 5	202	7
ODP-2-72075-3KF4N-TN	<i>7</i> 5	ODP-2-72100-3HF4N-TN	100	248	7
		380-480V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-44110-3KF4N-TN	11	ODP-2-44150-3HF4N-TN	15	24	4
ODP-2-44150-3KF4N-TN	15	ODP-2-44200-3HF4N-TN	20	30	4
ODP-2-44185-3KF4N-TN	18.5	ODP-2-44250-3HF4N-TN	25	39	4
ODP-2-44220-3KF4N-TN	22	ODP-2-44300-3HF4N-TN	30	46	4
ODP-2-54300-3KF4N-TN	30	ODP-2-54040-3HF4N-TN	40	61	5
ODP-2-54370-3KF4N-TN	37	ODP-2-54050-3HF4N-TN	50	72	5
ODP-2-64045-3KF4N-TN	45	ODP-2-64060-3HF4N-TN	60	90	6
ODP-2-64055-3KF4N-TN	55	ODP-2-64075-3HF4N-TN	<i>7</i> 5	110	6
ODP-2-64075-3KF4N-TN	75	ODP-2-64100-3HF4N-TN	100	150	6
ODP-2-64090-3KF4N-TN	90	ODP-2-64150-3HF4N-TN	150	180	6
ODP-2-74110-3KF4N-TN	110	ODP-2-74175-3HF4N-TN	175	202	7
ODP-2-74132-3KF4N-TN	132	ODP-2-74200-3HF4N-TN	200	240	7
ODP-2-74160-3KF4N-TN	160	ODP-2-74250-3HF4N-TN	250	302	7
		480-525V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-75132-3K04N-TN	132		175	185	7
ODP-2-75150-3K04N-TN	150		200	205	7
ODP-2-75185-3K04N-TN	185		250	255	7
ODP-2-75200-3K04N-TN	200		270	275	7
		500-600V ±10% - 3 Phase In	put		
kW Model Number	kW	HP Model Number	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-46150-3K04N-TN	15	ODP-2-46200-3H04N-TN	20	22	4
ODP-2-46185-3K04N-TN	18.5	ODP-2-46250-3H04N-TN	25	28	4
ODP-2-46220-3K04N-TN	22	ODP-2-46300-3H04N-TN	30	34	4
ODP-2-46300-3K04N-TN	30	ODP-2-46400-3H04N-TN	40	43	4
ODP-2-56370-3K04N-TN	37	ODP-2-56050-3H04N-TN	50	54	5
ODP-2-56450-3K04N-TN	45	ODP-2-56060-3H04N-TN	60	65	5
ODP-2-66055-3K04N-TN	55	ODP-2-66075-3H04N-TN	75	78	6
ODP-2-66075-3K04N-TN	75	ODP-2-66100-3H04N-TN	100	105	6
ODP-2-66090-3K04N-TN	90	ODP-2-66125-3H04N-TN	125	130	6
ODP-2-66110-3K04N-TN	110	ODP-2-66150-3H04N-TN	150	150	6

2.6. Drive Model Numbers - IP66

Mechanical dimensions and mounting information are shown from section 3.5.3. IP66 Units on page 14. Electrical specifications are shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 71.

Electrical specifications	are shown in section 10		ut/Output Power and Ci	0 . 0	/1.		
		200-2	240V ±10% - 1 Phase			_	_
kW M Non-Switched	Nodel Switched	kW	HP N Non-Switched	Switched	HP	Output Current (A)	Frame Size
ODP-2-22010- 1 HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22010- 1 HF4B-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010- 1 HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22010- 1 HF4B-MN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4B-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22020- 1 HF4B-MN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22030- 1HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22030- 1 HF4B-MN	2.2	ODP-2-22030- 1HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22030- 1HF4B-MN	3	10.5	2
		200-2	240V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input			
kW N		kW	HP <i>N</i>		НР	Output	Frame
Non-Switched	Switched	N.W.	Non-Switched	Switched		Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-22010- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22010- 3HF4B-MN	0.75	ODP-2-22010- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22010- 3HF4B-MN	1	4.3	2
ODP-2-22020- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22020- 3HF4B-MN	1.5	ODP-2-22020- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22020- 3HF4B-MN	2	7	2
ODP-2-22030- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22030- 3HF4B-MN	2.2	ODP-2-22030- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-22030- 3HF4B-MN	3	10.5	2
ODP-2-32050- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-32050- 3HF4B-MN	4	ODP-2-32050- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-32050- 3HF4B-MN	5	18	3
ODP-2-32075- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-32075- 3HF4B-MN	5.5	ODP-2-32075- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-32075- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	24	3
		380-4	180V ±10% - 3 Phase				
kW N		kW	HP M		НР	Output	Frame
Non-Switched ODP-2-24010-	Switched ODP-2-24010-	0.75	Non-Switched ODP-2-24010-	Switched ODP-2-24010-	1	Current (A)	Size
3HF4A-MN ODP-2-24020-	3HF4B-MN ODP-2-24020-	1.5	3HF4A-MN ODP-2-24020-	3HF4B-MN ODP-2-24020-	2	4.1	2
3HF4A-MN ODP-2-24030-	3HF4B-MN ODP-2-24030-	2.2	3HF4A-MN ODP-2-24030-	3HF4B-MN ODP-2-24030-	3	5.8	2
3HF4A-MN ODP-2-24050- 3HF4A-MN	3HF4B-MN ODP-2-24050- 3HF4B-MN	4	3HF4A-MN ODP-2-24050- 3HF4A-MN	3HF4B-MN ODP-2-24050- 3HF4B-MN	5	9.5	2
ODP-2-34075- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-34075- 3HF4B-MN	5.5	ODP-2-34075- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-34075- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	14	3
ODP-2-34100- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-34100- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	ODP-2-34100- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-34100- 3HF4B-MN	10	18	3
ODP-2-34150- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-34150- 3HF4B-MN	11	ODP-2-34150- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-34150- 3HF4B-MN	15	24	3
		500-6	600V ±10% - 3 Phase	Input			
kW N	Nodel	kW	HP N	lodel	НР	Output	Frame
Non-Switched	Switched	NW	Non-Switched	Switched		Current (A)	Size
ODP-2-26010- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26010- 3HF4B-MN	0.75	ODP-2-26010- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26010- 3HF4B-MN	1	2.1	2
ODP-2-26020- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26020- 3HF4B-MN	1.5	ODP-2-26020- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26020- 3HF4B-MN	2	3.1	2
ODP-2-26030- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26030- 3HF4B-MN	2.2	ODP-2-26030- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26030- 3HF4B-MN	3	4.1	2
ODP-2-26050- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26050- 3HF4B-MN	4	ODP-2-26050- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26050- 3HF4B-MN	5	6.5	2
ODP-2-26075- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26075- 3HF4B-MN	5.5	ODP-2-26075- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-26075- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	9	2
ODP-2-36100- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-36100- 3HF4B-MN	7.5	ODP-2-36100- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-36100- 3HF4B-MN	10	12	3
ODP-2-36150- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-36150- 3HF4B-MN	11	ODP-2-36150- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-36150- 3HF4B-MN	15	17	3
ODP-2-36200- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-36200- 3HF4B-MN	15	ODP-2-36200- 3HF4A-MN	ODP-2-36200- 3HF4B-MN	20	22	3

3. Mechanical Installation

3.1. General

- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Size 2 only).
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the minimum cooling air gaps, as detailed in sections 3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units) on page 15, 3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units) on page 16 and 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) on page 17 are left clear.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 10.1. Environmental on page 71.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

3.2. Before Installation

- Carefully Unpack the Optidrive and check for any signs of damage. Notify the shipper immediately if any exist.
- Check the drive rating label to ensure it is of the correct type and power requirements for the application.
- To prevent accidental damage always store the Optidrive in its original box until required. Storage should be clean and dry and within the temperature range -40°C to +60°C.

3.3. UL Compliant Installation

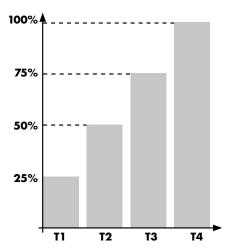
Note the following for UL-compliant installation:

- For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333.
- The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 10.1. Environmental on page 71.
- For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.
- For IP55 units, installation in a pollution degree 2 environment is permissible.
- For IP66 units, installation in a pollution degree 4 environment is permissible.
- UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections.

Refer to section 10.4. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations on page 74.

3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage

Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

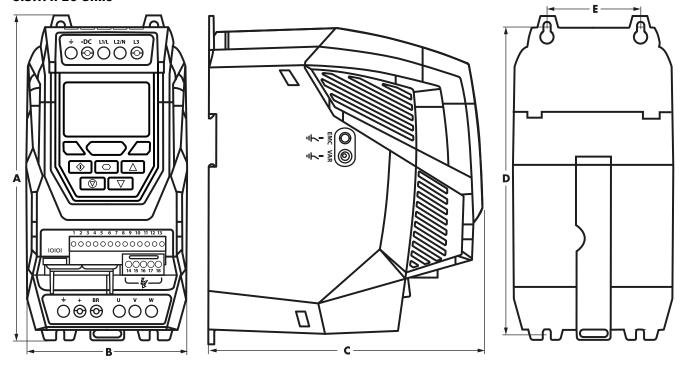


Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	Initial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	Secondary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%				N/A			
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour			N/	'A		
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	75%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

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3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight

3.5.1. IP20 Units



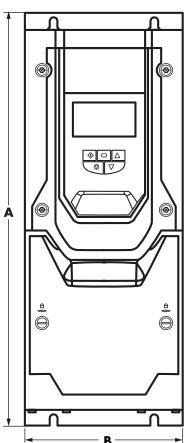
Drive Size	l l	4		3	С		D E		E Weight		ight	
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	lb
2	221	8 <i>.7</i> 0	110	4.33	185	7.28	209	8.23	63	2.48	1.8	4.0
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	205	8.07	247	9.72	80	3.15	3.5	7.7
4	418	16.46	172	6.77	240	9.45	400	15. <i>7</i> 5	125	4.92	9.2	20.3
5	486	19.13	233	9.17	260	10.24	460	18.11	175	6.89	18.1	39.9
6A	614	24.17	286	11.25	320	12.59	578	22.75	200	7.87	32	<i>7</i> 0.5
6B	726	28.58	330	13	320	12.59	680	26.77	225	8.85	43	94.8
8	995	39.17	480	18.89	477	18.77	942	37.08	432	17	130	286.6

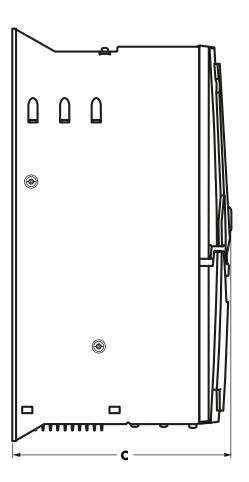
Mounting Bolts							
Frame Size	UNF						
2	M4	#8					
3	M4	#8					
4	M8	5/16					
5	M8	5/16					
6A	M8	5/16					
6B	M 10	3/8					
8	M 12	7/16					

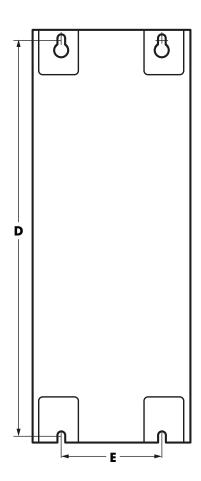
Tightening Torques							
	Frame Size	Require	d Torque				
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in				
	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in				
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in				
Power Terminals	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in				
rower terminals	6A	12 Nm	9 lb-ft				
	6B	15 Nm	11 lb-ft				
	8	57 Nm	42 lb-ft				

NOTE

*The IP20 Frame Size 4 Chassis can obstruct the rotation (tightening) of a bolt or screw with a hex head, a fixing with a round head will be most suitable for the mounting of this unit.





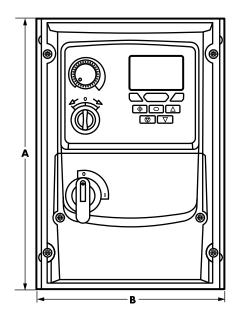


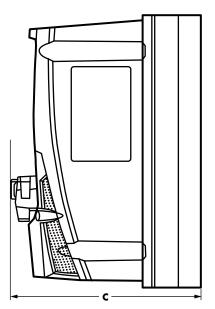
Duite Cine		4		3	C			D		Ξ	We	ight
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
4	450	17.72	171	6.73	252	9.92	428	16.85	110	4.33	11.5	25.4
5	540	21.26	235	9.25	270	10.63	515	20.28	175	6.89	23	50.7
6	865	34.06	330	12.99	330	12.99	830	32.68	200	7.87	55	121.2
7	1280	50.39	330	12.99	360	14.17	1245	49.02	200	7.87	89	196.2

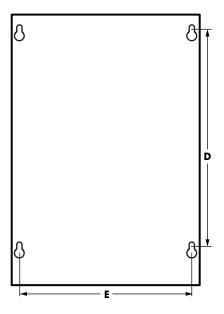
Mounting Bolts						
Frame Size	Metric	UNF				
4	M8	5/16				
5	M8	5/16				
6	M10	3/8				
7	M10	3/8				

Tightening Torques							
	Frame Size Required Torque						
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in				
	4	2 Nm	18 lb-in				
D T -	5	4 Nm	35.5 lb-in				
Power Terminals	6	15 Nm	11 lb-ft				
	7	15 Nm	11 lb-ft				

3.5.3. IP66 Units







Drive Size		4			C		D		E		We	ight
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	kg	Ib
2	257	10.12	188	7.40	239	9.41	200	7.87	178	7.01	4.8	10.6
3	310	12.20	211	8.29	266	10.47	252	9.90	200	7.87	7.7	16.8

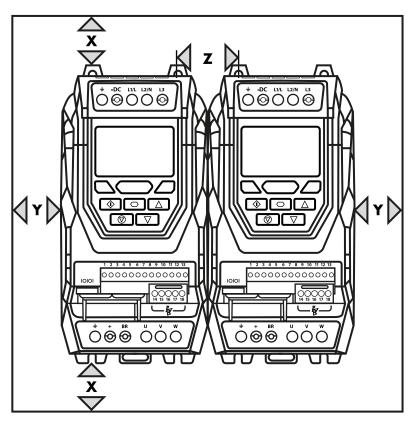
Mounting Bolts						
Frame Size	Metric	UNF				
2	M4	#8				
3	M4	#8				

Tightening Torques						
	Frame Size	Required Torque				
Control Terminals	All	0.5 Nm	4.5 lb-in			
Power Terminals	2 & 3	1 Nm	9 lb-in			

3.6. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting (IP20 Units)

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.

The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



Drive Size		X & Below	Y Either Side		Z Between		Recommended airflow	
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	m3/min	CFM
2	75	2.95	10	0.39	46	1.81	0.3	11
3	100	3.94	10	0.39	52	2.05	0.9	31
4	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	1.7	62
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76	2.9	104
6A	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
6B	200	7.87	25	0.98	70	2.76		
8	350	11.81	50	3.94	412	16.22	20	<i>7</i> 05

NOTE

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

Typical drive heat losses are <3% of operating load conditions.

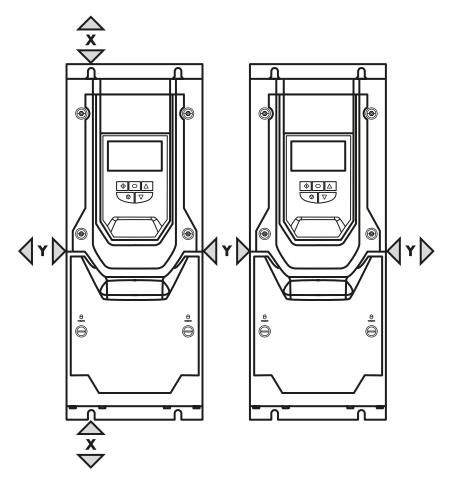
Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.7. Mounting the Drive - IP20 Units

- IP20 Units are intended for installation within a control cabinet.
- When mounting with screws:
 - o Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations for drilling.
 - o Ensure that when mounting locations are drilled, the dust from drilling does not enter the drive.
 - o Mount the drive to the cabinet backplate using suitable mounting screws.
 - o Position the drive, and tighten the mounting screws securely.
- When Din Rail Mounting (Frame Size 2 Only):
 - o Locate the DIN rail mounting slot on the rear of the drive onto the top of the DIN rail first.
 - o Press the bottom of the drive onto the DIN rail until the lower clip attaches to the DIN rail.
 - o If necessary, use a suitable flat blade screw driver to pull the DIN rail clip down to allow the drive to mount securely on the rail.
 - o To remove the drive from the DIN rail, use a suitable flat blade screwdriver to pull the release tab downwards, and lift the bottom of the drive away from the rail first.

3.8. Guidelines for Mounting (IP55 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 71.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- IP55 units do not require mounting inside an electrical control cabinet; however they may be if desired.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown above, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the IP protection of the drive are required. Gland sizes should be selected based on the number
 and size of the required connection cables. Drives are supplied with a plain, undrilled gland plate to allow the correct hole sizes to
 be cut as required. Remove the gland plate from the drive prior to drilling.



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Drive Size	X -Above	e & Below	Y –Either Side		
Drive Size	mm	in	mm	in	
4	200	7.87	10	0.39	
5	200	7.87	10	0.39	
6	200	7.87	10	0.39	
7	200	7.87	10	0.39	

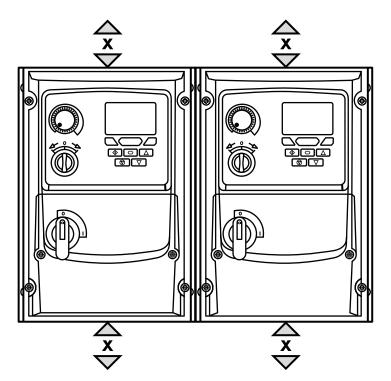
NOTE

Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units)

- Before mounting the drive, ensure that the chosen location meets the environmental condition requirements for the drive shown in section 10.1. Environmental on page 71.
- The drive must be mounted vertically, on a suitable flat surface.
- The minimum mounting clearances as shown in the table below must be observed.
- The mounting site and chosen mountings should be sufficient to support the weight of the drives.
- Using the drive as a template, or the dimensions shown below, mark the locations required for drilling.
- Suitable cable glands to maintain the ingress protection of the drive are required. Gland holes for power and motor cables are pre-moulded into the drive enclosure, recommended gland sizes are shown below. Gland holes for control cables may be cut as required.



Drive Size	X Above & Below			
Size	mm	in		
2 & 3	200	7.87		

Cable Gland Sizes					
Frame	Power Cable	Motor Cable	Control Cables		
2 & 3	PG21 (M25)	PG21 (M25)	PG 13.5 (M20)		

NOTE

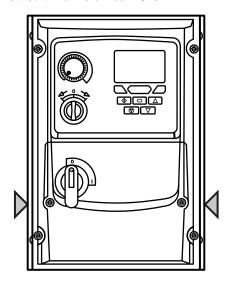
Typical drive heat losses are approximately 3% of operating load conditions.

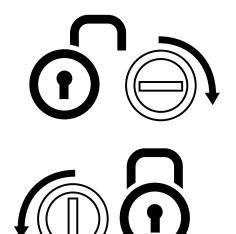
Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

Alternative metric gland sizes are shown in the brackets.

3.10. Removing the Terminal Cover

3.10.1. Frame Sizes 2 & 3

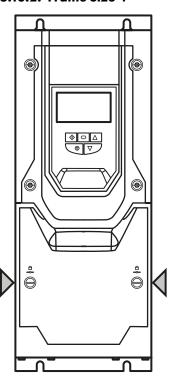




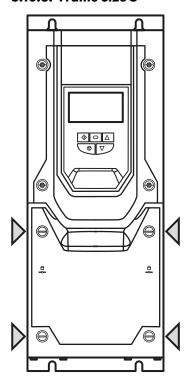
Terminal Cover Release Screws

Using a suitable flat blade screwdriver, rotate retaining screws indicated by arrows until the screw slot is vertical.

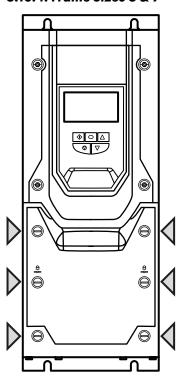
3.10.2. Frame Size 4



3.10.3. Frame Size 5



3.10.4. Frame Sizes 6 & 7



3.11. Routine Maintenance

The drive should be included within the scheduled maintenance program so that the installation maintains a suitable operating environment, this should include:

- Ambient temperature is at or below that set out in section 10.1. Environmental on page 71.
- Heat sink fans freely rotating and dust free.
- The Enclosure in which the drive is installed should be free from dust and condensation; furthermore ventilation fans and air filters should be checked for correct air flow.

Checks should also be made on all electrical connections, ensuring screw terminals are correctly torqued; and that power cables have no signs of heat damage.

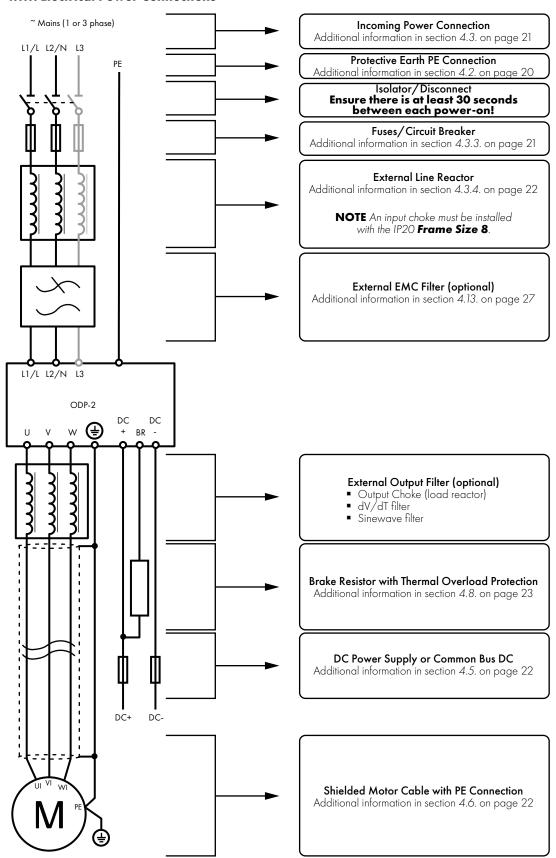
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4. Electrical Installation

4.1. Connection Diagram

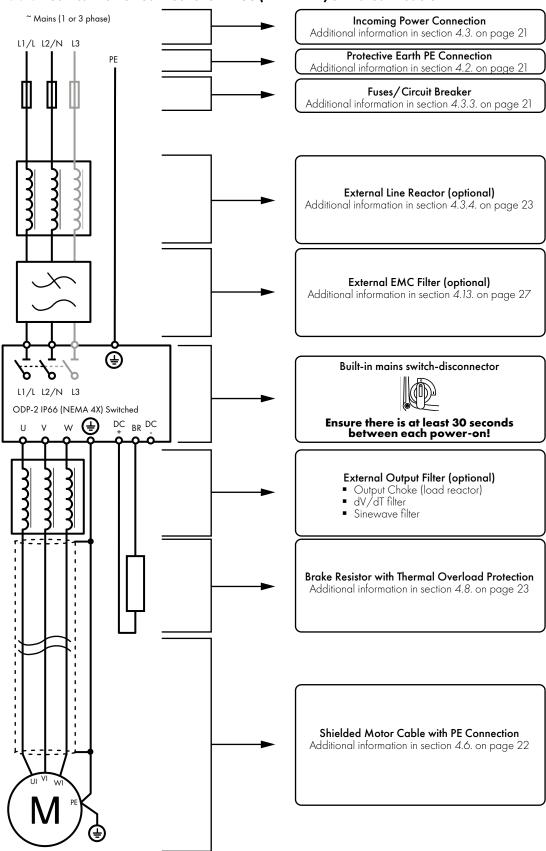
All power terminal locations are marked directly on the product. IP20 Frame Size 2 – 4 units have AC power input located at the top with the motor and brake resistor connections located at the bottom. All other units have power terminals located at the bottom.

4.1.1. Electrical Power Connections



NOTE Enclosed drives are not suitable for rigid conduit system connection.

4.1.2. Electrical Power Connections - IP66 (NEMA 4X) Switched Models



4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

4.2.1. Grounding Guidelines

Adequate safety earthing must be provided in accordance with local wiring rules and codes of practice. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be connected back to the common safety earth bar to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the EMC filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground impedance must conform to local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

4.2.2. Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductors.

4.2.3. Motor Ground

The driven motor must be locally connected to a suitable ground location to maintain touch potentials within safe limits. In addition, the motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

4.2.4. Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- Individual device should be used for each Optidrive.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- The device should be not sensitive to high frequency leakage current.

4.2.5. Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 27.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 it is important that the input supply phase orientation is correct, i.e. L1>L1, L2>L2, L3>L3, failure to do so will result in a "Ph-5E9" trip.



Ensure there is at least 30 seconds between each power-on.

4.3.1. Suitability

All Optidrive P2 models are designed for use on a single phase or balanced three phase supply depending on the model. For all models and ratings when working with an IT Supply network, or any power supply type where the phase to earth voltage may exceed the phase to phase voltage (such as ungrounded supplies), the internal EMC filter and surge protection must be disconnected before connecting the supply. Refer to section 10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors – Disconnection Procedure on page 76 for further information. For three phase supply models, a maximum of 3% imbalance is allowed between phases.

4.3.2. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase ac supply, power should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For a DC Supply, the main power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase ac supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important. Neutral connection is not required.

For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 27.

- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive
 and the main Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe,
 EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions for each drive model are given in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 71.

4.3.3. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings on page 71.
- The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models); however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.
- The Optidrive provides thermal and short circuit protection for the connected motor and motor cable.

4.3.4. Input Choke

An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:

• The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.

NOTE For IP20 Frame Size 8 the input current level will vary according to supply impedance. At minimum a 1% line choke must be installed. Installing a 4% line choke further helps towards minimising harmonic current distortion and total current levels. 1% and 4% line chokes are available.

- The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
- An unbalanced supply system is used (3 phase drives) where the voltage levels during on load operation exceed the designed 3% capacity of the Optidrive.
- The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).

In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults.

4.4. Operation of 3 Phase drives from a Single Phase Supply

A special function of Optidrive P2 allows all drives designed for operation on 3 phase supplies to be operated on a single phase supply of the correct rated voltage at up to 50% of the nominal capacity.

For Example, Model Number ODP-2-64450-3KA4N can be operated on a single phase supply, 380 – 480 volts, with the maximum output current limited to 45 Amps.

The supply must be connected to the L1 and L2 terminals of the drive.

4.5. Operation with DC Power Supply or Common DC Bus

Optidrive P2 models provide terminals to directly connect to the DC Bus for applications which require this. For further information on using the DC Bus connections, please refer to your Invertek Drives sales Partner.

4.6. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared with operation of the motor directly from the mains supply. Most modern industrial motors are wound for operation with a variable speed drive and will have insulation rated accordingly. However, on some motors the quality of insulation may be insufficient or unknown. In such cases the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required prior to operating with the drive.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- Automatic switchgear should not be installed between the drive output and the motor, opening and closing contacts in this circuit whilst the drive is energised will inevitably reduce the lifetime of the drive and could cause product failure. If an isolator is required to be placed between the drive and the motor in order to comply with local regulations, the device must not be operated when the drive is running.
- For compliance with the European EMC directive, a suitable screened (shielded) cable should be used. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals are recommended as a minimum. Installation within a suitable steel or copper tube is generally also acceptable.

The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals to provide a low impedance path for common mode leakage current to return to the drive. This is best achieved in practice by using a cable with suitable shielding which provides a low impedance path at high frequencies, and ensuring correct, low impedance earth bonding of the motor cable at both ends. For further information, refer to section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation on page 27.

4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400		
400 / 460	400 / 690	Delta Δ	
575	575 / 1000		U V W
400	230 / 400	Star	
575	330 / 575	٨	

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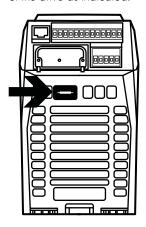
4.8. Connecting a Brake Resistor

Optidrive P2 units feature an internal brake transistor, fitted as standard for all models. The brake resistor should be connected to the DC+ and BR terminals of the drive. These terminals are shrouded, and the shrouding should be removed to access the terminals.

4.8.1. IP20 Drive Models

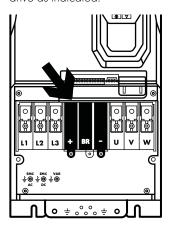
Frame Sizes 2, 3, 4 & 5

Remove the plastic cover from the base of the drive as indicated.



Frame Sizes 6A/6B

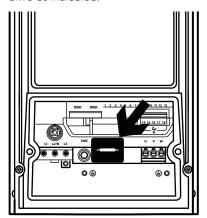
Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.



4.8.2. IP55 & IP66

All frame sizes

Remove the plastic cover from inside the drive as indicated.

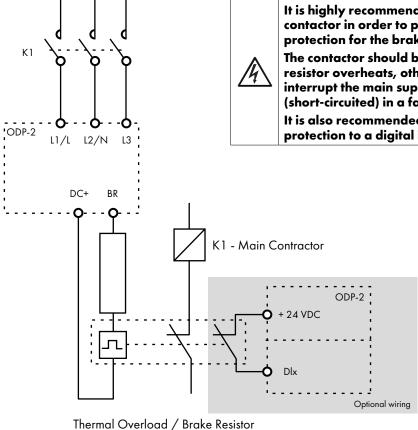


The brake transistor is enabled using P1-05 (Refer to section 6.2. Parameter Group 1 – Basic Parameters on page 36 for further information).

Software protection against brake resistor overload is carried out within the drive. For correct protection of the brake resistor, the following settings are required:

- Set P1-14 = 201 (where 201 is the default password setting for advanced parameter access).
- Enter the resistance of the brake resistor in P6-19 (Ohms).
- Enter the power of the brake resistor in P6-20 (kW).

Dynamic Brake Resistor with Thermal Overload Protection



with internal Over Temperature switch

It is highly recommended to equip the drive with a main contactor in order to provide an additional thermal overload protection for the braking resistor.

The contactor should be wired so that it will open when the resistor overheats, otherwise the drive will not be able to interrupt the main supply if the brake chopper remains closed (short-circuited) in a fault situation.

It is also recommended to wire the thermal overload protection to a digital input of the drive as an External Trip.

The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800V DC.



Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 5 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

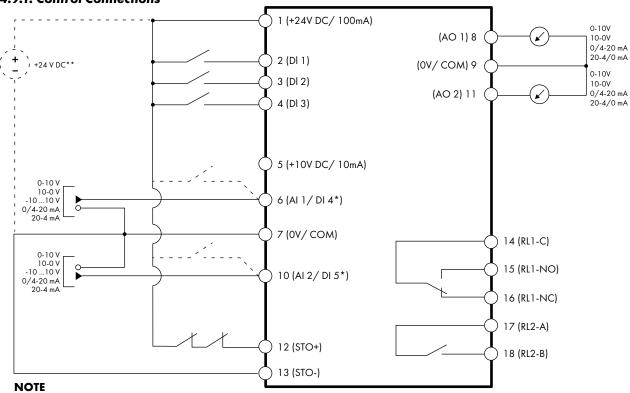
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4.9. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm² / 30 12 AWG.

4.9.1. Control Connections



^{*} Dashed lines shows connection for analog inputs in digital mode

^{**} Optional external 24 V DC power supply

V			Default	Default Function		
		Кеу	Open	Closed	Sec.	Page
1	+24V DC	24 Volt DC Input / Output	On-board +24V DC Supply (100mA) or External 24V DC Input		4.10.1	25
2	DI 1	Digital Input 1 (Run Enable)	STOP	RUN	4.10.2	25
3	DI 2	Digital Input 2	FORWARD	REVERSE	4.10.2	25
4	DI 3	Digital Input 3	P1-12 Reference	Preset Speeds	4.10.2	25
5	+10V DC	+10Volt DC Output	On-board + 10V D	C Supply (10 mA)		
6	Al 1 / Dl 4	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Speed Reference 1 (0-10V)		4.10.3	25
7	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for AI/AO/DI/DO			
8	AO 1	Analog Output 1	Motor Speed (0-10V)		4.10.4	25
9	OV / COM	0 Volt Common	OV Common for	AI/AO/DI/DO		
10	Al 2 / Dl 5	Analog Input 2 / Digital Input 5	P2-01 Speed Ref.	P2-02 Speed Ref.	4.10.3	25
11	AO2	Analog Output 2	Motor Curr	ent (0-10V)	4.10.4	25
12	STO+	STO + 24V DC Connection	InHibit	Run Permit	4.14	28
13	STO-	STO 0 Volt Connection	IIII IIDII	Kuirreiiiii	4.14	20
14	RL1-COM	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Common			4.10.5	25
15	RL1-NO	Auxiliary Relay Output 1 Normally Open	Drive Healthy Drive Faulty		4.10.5	25
16	RL1-NC	Auxiliary Relay Output 2 Normally Closed	Drive Faulty Drive Healthy		4.10.5	25
17	RL2-A	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Stopped	Drive Running	4.10.5	25
18	RL2-B	Auxiliary Relay Output 2	Drive Slopped	Drive komming	4.10.5	25

NOTE Digital Inputs: Logic High = 8-30V DC (30V DC max) Analog Outputs: 0-10 Volt / 4-20mA (20mA max) SAFE TORQUE OFF input: Logic High = 18-30V DC (Also refer to section 4.14. Safe Torque Off)

4.10. Control Terminal Connections

Example connection schematics are provided in section 7.3. Example Connection Schematics on page 42.

4.10.1. +24V DC Input / Output

When the mains power is applied to the drive, terminal 1 provides a +24V DC output, maximum load 100mA. This may be used to activate digital inputs or provide power to sensors.

When no mains power is applied to the drive, the drive control electronics may be powered from an external +24V DC source. When powered in this way, all analog and digital I/O and communication functions remain operative, however the motor may not be operated, which allows safe testing and commissioning of the installation without risk of high voltage being present. When powered in this way, the drive requires up to 100mA.

4.10.2. Digital Inputs

Up to five digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13, which are explained in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 39.

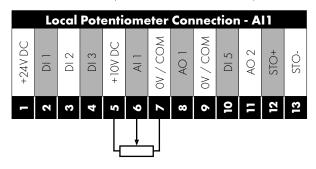
4.10.3. Analog Inputs

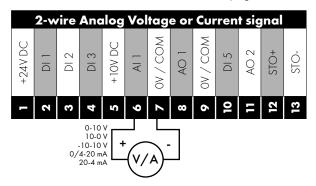
Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

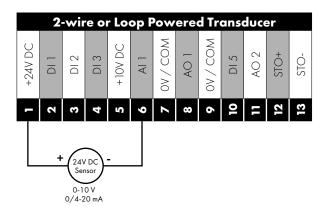
- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P2-30.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P2-33.

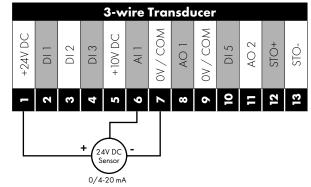
These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 46.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P1-12 and P1-13. The function of these parameters and available options are described in section 7. Control Terminal Functions on page 39.









4.10.4. Analog Outputs

Two analog outputs are available, and may be used for 0 - 10 Volt Signal (max load 20mA), 0 - 20mA, 4 - 20mA or a digital +24Volt DC, 20mA output. The parameters to select function and format are as follows.

Analog Output	Function selected by	Format selected by
Analog Output 1	P2-11	P2-12
Analog Output 2	P2-13	P2-14

These parameters are described more fully in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 46.

4.10.5. Auxiliary Relay Outputs

Two relay outputs are available, which are intended to be used to switch external resistive loads up to 5A at 230V AC or 30V DC. Relay 1 has both normally open and normally closed contacts available. Relay 2 provides a simple open or closed contact. The relay output function may be configured using parameters P2-15 and P2-18, which are described in section 8.1. Parameter Group 2 - Extended Parameters on page 46.

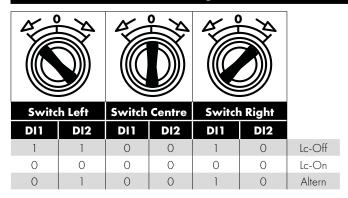
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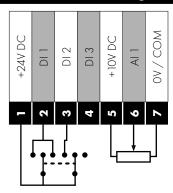
4.11. IP66 Switched Version Integrated Control Switch and Potentiometer Wiring

Optidrive P2 is optionally available with an integrated mains switch-disconnector and front mounted control switch and potentiometer. This allows the drive to be operated directly from the front control panel, whilst also providing for options such as Hand / Auto or Local / Remote Control etc.

The integrated switch in IP66 Outdoor models operates in parallel with drive terminal 2 (T2) and terminal 3 (T3) as digital input 1 and digital input 2. By default, the integrated switch is enabled.

Integrated Control Switch and Potentiometer Wiring





4.11.1. Disabling built-in switches

If required, the built-in control switch may be disabled using the following method:

- 1) Ensure the drive is stopped (Display shows "Stop").
- 2) Enable Advanced Parameter Access by setting the correct value in P1-14 (default: 201).
- 3) Scroll down to parameter PO-01 (Display shows PO-01).
- 4) Press and hold "STOP" button for >1s, drive will show:
 - IP66 Switch Setup
 - 2: Pos >>DI1, Pos<<DI2
 - 1: Switch disabled
 - O: Pos >>DI1, Pos <<DI1&2
- 5) Use "UP" or "DOWN" key to select the option:
 - 0: Pos >>DI1, Pos <<DI1&2 means integrated switches are enabled.
 - 1: Switch disabled means the switches are locked/disabled.
 - 2: Pos >>DI1, Pos<<DI2 means that Revers direction is disabled via built-in switch (can be unlocked via external enable signal connected to DI1 - terminal 2).
- 6) Press the "STOP" button again to exit.

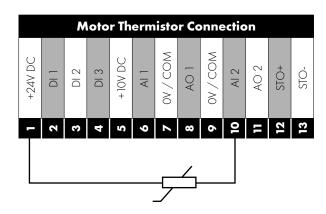
4.12. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.12.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Optidrive P2 has internal motor overload protection (current limit) set at 150% of FLC. This level may be adjusted using P4-07. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P1-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:

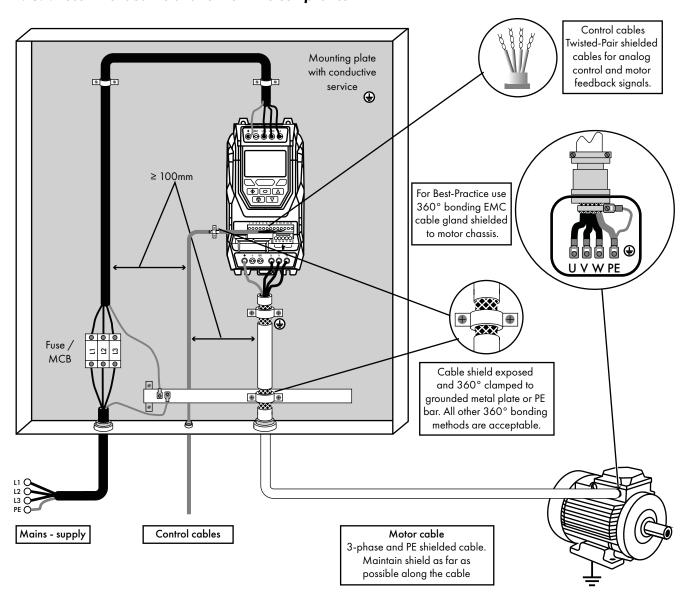


Additional Information

- Compatible Thermistor: PTC Type, 2.5kΩ trip level.
- Use a setting of P1-13 that has DI5/AI2 function as E-TRIP "External Trip", e.g. P1-13 = 6. Refer to section 7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13 on page 41 for further details.
- Enable the Motor PTC Thermistor Input function in parameter P2-33.

4.13. EMC Compliant Installation

4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance



4.13.2. Recommended Cable Types by EMC Category

Number of Input Phases	Rated Supply	Frame Size IP rating	ID watin a	Maximum M	otor Cable Length to Achieve		
	Voltage		C1 _{1, 2, 5, 6, 8}	C2 3, 5, 6, 8	C3 _{4, 7, 8}		
1	230	2	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
		2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
		4, 5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
3	230	4,5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
		6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100	
		6, 7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
	400	2, 3	IP20, IP66	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
		4, 5	IP20, IP55	1 (5)	5 (25)	25 (100)	
2		4,5	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
3		6A, 6B	IP20	-	100	100	
		6, 7	IP55	-	-	25 (100)	
		8	IP20	-	-	25	

NOTE

- Data in brackets shows permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.
- The 500 600V drives are not equipped with the internal EMC filter and are intended for use on second environment only.

General

Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved.

Supply Cable

- ² A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded..
- ⁴ A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.

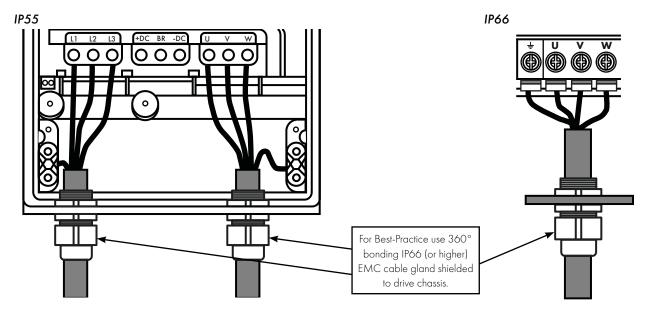
Motor Cable

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable in this case, ensure that metal tube is adequately grounded.
- The cable shield should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. The shield must also be terminated at the drive end, as close as practically possible to the drive output terminals. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel backplate using a suitable EMC clamp or gland fitted as close to the drive as possible. The drive earth terminal must also be connected directly to this point, using a suitable cable which provides low impedance to high frequency currents. For IP55 and IP66 drives, connect the motor cable shield to the gland plate or internal ground clamp.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.

Control Cable

⁸ A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.

4.13.3. Enclosed Drives Recommended Cable Connections



4.14. Safe Torque Off

Safe Torque OFF will be referred to as "STO" through the remainder of this section.

4.14.1. Responsibilities

The overall system designer is responsible for defining the requirements of the overall "Safety Control System" within which the drive will be incorporated; furthermore the system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is risk assessed and that the "Safety control System" requirements have been entirely met and that the function is fully verified, this must include confirmation testing of the "STO" function before drive commissioning.

The system designer shall determine the possible risks and hazards within the system by carrying out a thorough risk and hazard analysis, the outcome of the analysis should provide an estimate of the possible hazards, furthermore determine the risk levels and identify any needs for risk reduction. The "STO" function should be evaluated to ensure it can sufficiently meet the risk level required.

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4.14.2. What STO Provides

The purpose of the "STO" function is to provide a method of preventing the drive from creating torque in the motor in the absence of the "STO" input signals (Terminal 12 with respect to Terminal 13), this allows the drive to be incorporated into a complete safety control system where "STO" requirements need to be fulfilled.1

The "STO" function can typically eliminate the need for electro-mechanical contactors with cross-checking auxiliary contacts as per normally required to provide safety functions.²

The drive has the "STO" function built-in as standard and complies with the definition of "Safe torque off" as defined by IEC 61800-5-2:2007.

The "STO" function also corresponds to an uncontrolled stop in accordance with category 0 (Emergency Off), of IEC 60204-1. This means that the motor will coast to a stop when the "STO" function is activated, this method of stopping should be confirmed as being acceptable to the system the motor is driving.

The "STO" function is recognised as a fail-safe method even in the case where the "STO" signal is absent and a single fault within the drive has occurred, the drive has been proven in respect of this by meeting the following safety standards:

	SIL (Safety Integrity Level)	PFHD (Probability of dangerous Failures per Hour)	SFF (Safe failure fraction %)	Lifetime assumed
EN 61800-5-2	2	1.23E-09 1/h (0.12 % of SIL 2)	50	20 Yrs

	PL (Performance Level)	CCF (%) (Common Cause Failure)	MTTFd	Category
EN ISO 13849-1	PL d	1	4525a	3

	SILCL
EN 62061	SILCL 2

NOTE The values achieved above maybe jeopardised if the drive is installed outside of the Environmental limits detailed in section 10.1. Environmental.

4.14.3. What STO Does Not Provide

Disconnect and ISOLATE the drive before attempting any work on it. The "STO" function does not prevent high voltages from being present at the drive power terminals.

NOTE The "STO" function does not prevent the drive from an unexpected re-start. As soon as the "STO"inputs receive the relevant signal it is possible (subject to parameter settings) to restart automatically, Based on this, the function should not be used for carrying out short-term non-electrical machinery operations (such as cleaning or maintenance work).



² **NOTE** In some applications additional measures may be required to fulfil the systems safety function needs: the "STO" function does not provide motor braking. In the case where motor braking is required a time delay safety relay and/or a mechanical brake arrangement or similar method should be adopted, consideration should be made over the required safety function when braking as the drive braking circuit alone cannot be relied upon as a fail safe method.

When using permanent magnet motors and in the unlikely event of multiple output power devices failing then the motor could effectively rotate the motor shaft by 180/p degrees (Where p denotes number of motor pole pairs).

4.14.4. "STO" Operation

When the "STO" inputs are energised, the "STO" function is in a standby state, if the drive is then given a "Start signal/command" (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) then the drive will start and operate normally.

When the "STO" inputs are de-energised then the STO Function is activated and stops the drive (Motor will coast), the drive is now in "Safe Torque Off" mode.

To get the drive out of "Safe Torque Off" mode then any "Fault messages" need to be reset and the drive "STO" input needs to be re-energised.

4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring

There are a number of methods for monitoring the status of the "STO" input, these are detailed below:

Drive Display

In Normal drive operation (Mains AC power applied), when the drives "STO" input is de-energised ("STO" Function activated) the drive will highlight this by displaying "InHibit".

NOTE If the drive is in a tripped condition then the relevant trip will be displayed and not "InHibit".

Drive Output Relay

- Drive relay 1: Setting P2-15 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.
- Drive relay 2: Setting P2-18 to a value of "13" will result in relay opening when the "STO" function is activated.

"STO" Fault Codes

Fault Code	Code Number	Description	Corrective Action
"Sto-F"	29	A fault has been detected within either of the internal channels of the "STO" circuit.	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner

4.14.6. "STO" Function Response Time

The total response time is the time from a safety related event occurring to the components (sum of) within the system responding and becoming safe. (Stop Category 0 in accordance with IEC 60204-1).

- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the output of the drive being in a state that will not produce torque in the motor ("STO" active) is less than 1 ms.
- The response time from the "STO" inputs being de-energised to the "STO" monitoring status changing state is less than 20ms.
- The response time from the drive sensing a fault in the STO circuit to the drive displaying the fault on the display/Digital output showing drive not healthy is less than 20ms.

4.14.7. "STO" Electrical Installation

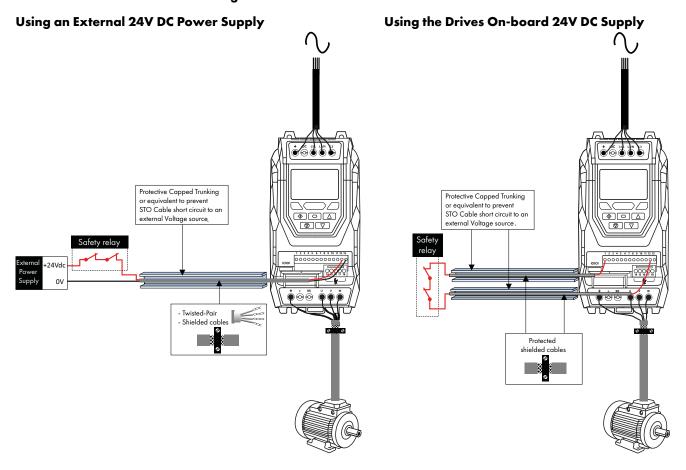


The "STO" wiring shall be protected from inadvertent short circuits or tampering which could lead to failure of the "STO" input signal, further guidance is given in the diagrams below.

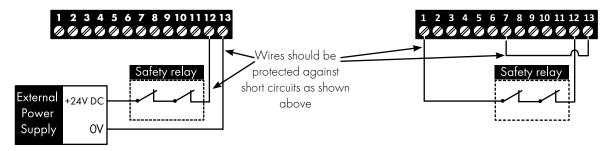
In addition to the wiring guidelines for the "STO" circuit below, section 4.13.1. Recommended Installation for EMC Compliance on page 27 should also be followed.

The drive should be wired as illustrated below; the 24V DC signal source applied to the "STO" input can be either from the 24V DC on the drive or from an External 24V DC power supply.

4.14.8. Recommended "STO" Wiring



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NOTE The Maximum cable length from Voltage source to the drive terminals should not exceed 25 mtrs.

4.14.9. External Power Supply Specification

Voltage Rating (Nominal)	24V DC
STO Logic High	18-30V DC (Safe torque off in standby)
Current Consumption (Maximum)	100mA

4.14.10. Safety Relay Specification

The safety relay should be chosen so that at minimum it meets the safety standards that the drive meets.

Standard Requirements	SIL2 or PLd SC3 or better (With Forcibly guided Contacts)
Number of Output Contacts	2 independent
Switching Voltage Rating	30V DC
Switching Current	100mA

4.14.11. Enabling the "STO" Function

The "STO" function is always enabled in the drive regardless of operating mode or parameter changes made by the user.

4.14.12. Testing the "STO" Function

Before commissioning the system the "STO" function should always be tested for correct operation, this should include the following tests:

- With the motor at standstill, and a stop command given to the drive (as per the start source method selected in P1-13):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs (Drive will display ""InHibit").
 - o Give a start command (as per the start source method selected in P1-13) and check that the drive still displays "Inhibit" and that the operation is in line with the section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.
- With the motor running normally (from the drive):
 - o De-energise the "STO" inputs.
 - o Check that the drive displays "Inhibt" and that the motor stops and that the operation is in line with the section and section 4.14.4. "STO" Operation and section 4.14.5. "STO" Status and Monitoring.

4.14.13. "STO" Function Maintenance

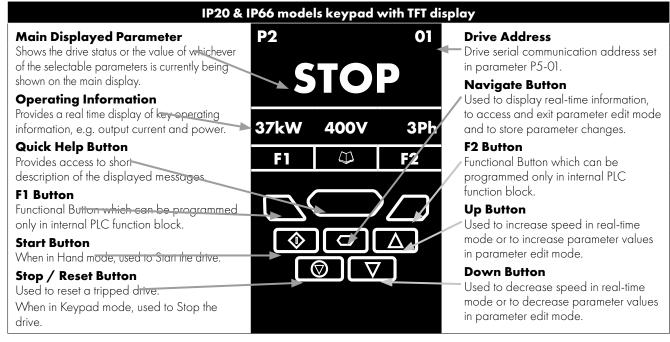
The "STO" function should be included within the control systems scheduled maintenance program so that the function is regularly tested for integrity (Minimum once per Year), furthermore the function should be integrity tested following any safety system modifications or maintenance work. If drive fault messages are observed refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 77 for further guidance.

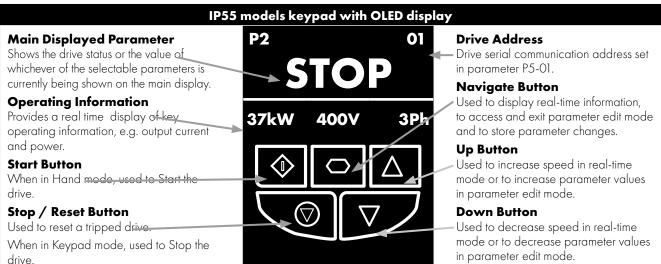
5. Keypad and Display Operation

The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

5.1. Keypad and Display Layout

Control Keypad provides access to the drive parameters, and also allows control of the drive when Keypad Mode is selected in P1-12.





5.2. Selecting the Language on the TFT and OLED Display

P2 01		Select Language	Select Language
STOP		Español Deutsch	Español Deutsch
15kW 400V	3Ph	English	English
Hold down the S and Up keys for 3		Use the Up and Down arrows to select a language.	Press the Navigate button to select.

5.2.1. Operating Displays

Inhibit / STO Active	Drive Stopped	Drive Running Output Frequency Display	Drive Running Output Current Display	Drive Running Motor Power Display	Drive Running Motor Speed Display
TFT and OLED Displ	ay:				
P2 01	P2 01	Output Frequency 01	Motor Current 01	Motor Power 01	Motor Speed 01
INHIBIT	STOP	23.7Hz	15.3A	6.9kW	7 18rpm
15kW 400V 3Ph	15kW 400V 3Ph	15.3A 6.9kW	6.9kW 23.7Hz	23.7Hz 15.3A	23.7Hz 15.3A
Drive Inhibited. The STO connections are not made. Refer to section 4.14.8. Recommended "STO" Wiring on page 30.	Drive Stopped / Disabled.	Drive is enabled / running, display shows the output frequency (Hz). Press the Navigate key to select alternative displays.	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor current (Amps).	Press the Navigate key for < 1 second. The display will show the motor power (kW).	If P1-10 > 0, pressing the Navigate key for < 1 second will display the motor speed (RPM).

5.3. Additional Display Messages

Auto Tuning in Progress	External 24V DC Supply	Overload	Switching Frequency Reduction	Mains Loss	Maintenance Time Elapsed
TFT and OLED Displ	ay:				
	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01	P2 01
Auto-tuning	Ext 24V	ol 23.7Hz	sf↓ 23.7Hz	ML 23.7Hz	X 23.7Hz
	External 24V mode	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW	15.3A 6.9kW
Auto tune in progress. See parameter P4-02 information in section 8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 – High Performance Motor Control on page 52.	The drive control board is powered only from an external 24 Volt source, with no mains power applied.	Indicates an Overload condition. Output current exceeds the motor rated current entered in Parameter P1-08.	Switching frequency is reduced, due to high heatsink temperature.	The incoming mains power supply has been disconnected or is missing.	The user programmable maintenance reminder time has elapsed.

5.4. Changing Parameters

TFT and OLED Disp	lay:						
	P2 ()1 P2	01 P2	01	P2 01	P2	01
Stop	P1-01	P1-	08 30	0.0A ‡	P1-08	Stop	
15kW 400V 3Ph	50.0Hz	30.0A	P1-08	130.0 ↓3.0 3	30.0A	15kW 400V	3Ph
Press and hold the Navigate key > 2 seconds.	Use the up and dow keys to select the required parameter. Drives with OLED display will show the present parameter value on the lower line of the display.	key for < 1 s	second. the Up keys. D OLED c show th and mir settings	and Down to	Press for < 1 second or return to the parameter menu.	Press for > 2 sec to return to the operating displa	

5.5. Parameter Factory Reset / User Reset

Optidrive P2 provides a feature to allow the user to define their own default parameter set. After commissioning all required parameters, the user can save these as the default parameters by setting P6-29 = 1. If required, the User Default Parameters may be cleared by setting P6-29 = 2.

If the user wishes to reload the User Default Parameters from the drive memory, the following procedure is used.

Factory Parameter Reset, TFT and OLED Display:							
P2		01	P2	01	P2		01
S	itop		P-Def			Stop	
15kW	400V	3Ph	50.0Hz		15kW	400V	3Ph
	d hold th Start and >2s.		The displo P-Def. Brid Stop key.	iy shows efly press the	Stop. A	olay retur Il parame et to Facto	eters

User Parameter Reset, TFT and OLED Display:						
P2	01	P2	01	P2		01
St	ор	U-D	ef	Stop		
P1-08 13	30.0 ↓3.0	30.0A		15kW	400V	3Ph
		® •			ا ا	$\overline{\Delta}$
			abla			
4						
	nold the Up,	The display sh			lay returi	
Down and for >2s.	Stop keys	U-Def. Briefly the Stop key.	press		l parame t to Facto	
				defaults.		/

5.6. Resetting the Drive Following a Trip

Optidrive P2 has many protection features, designed to protect both the drive and motor from accidental damage. When any of these protection features are activated, the drive will trip, and display a fault message. The fault messages are listed in section 11.1. Fault Messages on page 77.

When a trip occurs, after the cause of the trip has been investigated and rectified, the user can reset the trip in one of the following ways:

- Press the keypad Stop key.
- Power off the drive completely, then power on again.
- If P1-13 > 0, switch off digital input 1, then back on again.
- If P1-12=4, reset via the fieldbus interface.
- If P1 12 = 6, reset via CAN.

5.7. Keypad Shortcuts

The following shortcuts can be used to speed up selecting and changing parameters when using the keypad.

5.7.1. Selecting the Parameter Groups

When extended or advanced parameter access is enabled (see section 8. Extended Parameters on page 46), additional parameter groups are visible, and may be selected quickly by the following method.

TFT and OLED Display:	
Maximum frequency/Speed limit	Preset frequency/Speed 1
P1-01	P2-01
50.0Hz	5.0Hz
Whilst in the parameter selection menu, press the Navigate and Up or Navigate and Down keys simultaneously.	The next highest or lowest accessible parameter group will be selected.

5.7.2. Selecting the Lowest Parameter in a Group

TFT and OLED Display :					
Motor rated current	Maximum frequency/Speed limit				
P1-08	P1-01				
9.5A	50.0Hz				
Whilst in the parameter selection menu, press the Up and Down keys simultaneously.	The next lowest accessible parameter in the selected parameter group will be selected.				

5.7.3. Setting a Parameter to the Minimum Value

TFT and OLED Display:	
Maximum frequency/Speed limit	Maximum frequency/Speed limit
1500 rpm	0 rpm
P1-01 ↑7500 rpm ↓0 rpm	P1-01 ↑7500 rpm ↓0 rpm
	$\Diamond \circ \triangle$
(رربانگلیای	
<i>d</i>)	
Whilst editing a parameter	The parameter will be set to the
value, press the Up and Down keys simultaneously.	lowest possible value.

5.7.4. Adjusting Individual Digits

When editing parameter values and making large changes, e.g. setting the motor rated speed from 0 to 1500RPM, it is possible to directly select the parameter digits using the following method.

TFT and OLED Display:							
Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access	Extended menu access		
0	_0	_0	100	100	100		
P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 130 000 10	P1-14 130 000 10	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0	P1-14 ↑30 000 ↓0		
\Diamond \bullet	\bigcirc P \triangle		$\Diamond \circ \triangle$	\Diamond \mathbf{r} \triangle	\Diamond \bullet		
				<u> </u>			
411	<u> 4</u> m	4.0	4.0	410			
Whilst editing a	The cursor will step	The individual digit	Adjust the value using	When the cursor reaches	Press the Navigate		
parameter value, press the Stop and Navigate	one digit to the left. Repeating the key	value may be adjusted using the up	the Up and Down	the highest accessible digit, pressing Stop and	key to return to the		
keys simultaneously.	press will move	and down keys.	keys.	Navigate will return the	menu.		
- ,	another digit to the			cursor to the right most			
	left.			digit.			

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6. Parameters

6.1. Parameter Set Overview

The Optidrive P2 Parameter set consists of 10 groups as follows:

- Group 0 Read Only Monitoring Parameters
- Group 1 Basic Configuration Parameters
- Group 2 Extended Parameters
- Group 3 PID Control Parameters
- Group 4 High Performance Motor Control Parameters
- Group 5 Field Bus Parameters
- Group 6 Advanced Options
- Group 7 Advanced Motor Control
- Group 8 Application Parameters
- Group 9 Advanced I/O Selection

When the Optidrive is reset to factory defaults, or is in its factory supplied state, only Group 1 Parameters can be accessed. In order to allow access to parameters from the higher level groups, the access code must be changed as follows.

P1-14 = P2-40 (Default setting = 101). With this setting, parameter groups 1-5 can be accessed, along with the first 50 parameters in Group 0.

P1-14 = P6-30 (Default setting = 201). With this setting, all parameters are accessible.

6.2. Parameter Group 1 - Basic Parameters

The basic parameter group allows the user to:

- Enter the motor nameplate information
 - o P1-07 = Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 = Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 = Motor Rated Frequency
 - o P1-10 = (Optionally) Motor Rated Speed
- Define the operating speed limits
 - o P1-01 = Maximum Frequency or Speed
 - o P1-02 = Minimum Frequency or Speed
- Define the acceleration and deceleration times used when starting and stopping the motor, or changing speed
 - o P1-03 = Acceleration Time
 - o P1-04 = Deceleration Time
- Select where the drive should receive it's command signals from, and determine what functions are associated with the drive control terminal inputs
 - o P1-12 Selects the control source
 - o P1-13 Assigns the functions to the digital inputs

These parameters will often provide enough functions to allow the user to complete basic commissioning in simple applications. The parameters are described in more detail below.

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				,							
Par.	Des	scription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P1-01	Ma	ximum Frequency / Speed	l Limit	P1-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm				
		ximum output frequency or motor -10 >0, the value entered / disp		rpm.							
P1-02	Mir	nimum Frequency / Speed	Limit	0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm				
		imum speed limit – Hz or rpm. -10 >0, the value entered / disp	layed is in Rpm.								
P1-03	Acc	eleration Ramp Time		See Below 5.0 / 10.0 Seconds							
	FS2	eleration ramp time from 0 to bas & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Set – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Se	ting, 0.01 Seconds R	esolution, 600.0 Se							
P1-04	Dec	celeration Ramp Time		See B	Below	5.0 / 10.0	Seconds				
	FS2	eleration ramp time from base sp & FS3 : 5.0 Seconds Default Set – FS7 : 10.0 Seconds Default Se	ting, 0.01 Seconds R	esolution, 600.0 Se	econds Maximum.		motor.				
P1-05	Sto	p Mode		0	4	0	-				
	0	Ramp		signal is removed, t ed above. In this mo							
	١	Coast	will coast (freewh may possibly be r	enable signal is removed, the drive output is immediately disabled, and the motor freewheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive oly be re-enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function (P2-26) enabled. In this mode, the drive brake transistor (where fitted) is disabled.							
	2	Ramp, brake chopper enabled		nable signal is removed, the drive will ramp to stop, with the rate controlled by scribed above. The Optidrive Brake chopper is also enabled in this mode.							
	3	Coast, brake chopper enabled	will coast (freewh may possibly be r 26) should be en	olle signal is removed, the drive output is immediately disabled, and the mote wheel) to stop. If the load can continue to rotate due to inertia, and the drive of re-enabled whilst the motor is still rotating, the spin start function (P2-enabled. The drive brake chopper is enabled in this mode, however it will when required during a change in the drive frequency setpoint, and will not stopping.							
	4	AC Flux Braking	As Option 0, but a torque.	additionally, AC Flu	x braking is used to	o increase the avail	able braking				
P1-06	Ene	ergy Optimiser		0	1	0	-				
	0	Disabled									
	1	Enabled	the drive and mot applied to the mo the drive may ope	ne Energy Optimiser or when operating a tor is reduced. The erate for some peric or variable torque.	at constant speeds Energy Optimiser i	and light loads. The s intended for appl	e output voltage ications where				
P1-07	Мо	tor Rated Voltage / kE		Drive	e Rating Deper	dent	Volts				
	This	parameter should be set to the ro	ted (nameplate) volt	age of the motor.							
P1-08	Мо	tor Rated Current		Drive	e Rating Deper	endent Amp					
	This	parameter should be set to the ro	ted (nameplate) curi	ent of the motor.							
P1-09	Мо	tor Rated Frequency		10	500	50 (60)	Hz				
	This	parameter should be set to the ro	ted (nameplate) fred	quency of the motor.							

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ar.	Des	scription		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P1-10	Мо	tor Rated Speed		0	30000	0	RPM			
	This parameter can optionally be set to the rated (nameplate) rpm of the motor. When set to the default value of zero, all speed related parameters are displayed in Hz, and the slip compensation for the motor is disabled. Entering the value from the motor nameplate enables the slip compensation function, and the Optidrive display will now show motor speed in estimated rpm. All speed related parameters, such as Minimum and Maximum Speed, Preset Speeds etc. will also be displayed in Rpm. NOTE When the drive is operated with the optional Encoder Feedback Interface, this parameter must be set to the correct nameplate Rpm of the connected motor.									
P1-11	Boo	ost Voltage		0.0	Drive Rating	Dependent	%			
	torq be r An a	age boost is used to increase ue. Excessive voltage boost le equired. automatic setting (FULa) is als ameters measured during an o	evels may result in increas so possible, whereby the	sed motor current c	and temperature, an	d force ventilation	of the motor m			
P1-12	Pri	mary Command Source		0	6	0	-			
	0	Terminal Control	The drive responds	ds directly to signals applied to the control terminals.						
	1	Keypad control - uni-directional	The drive can be o	controlled in the forward direction only using an external or remote						
	2	Keypad control - bi-directional	The drive can be o remote Keypad. Pr	e controlled in the forward and reverse directions using an external or . Pressing the keypad START button toggles between forward and reverse.						
	3	PID Control	The output frequen	uency is controlled by the internal PID controller.						
	4	Fieldbus Mode	Control via Modb the fieldbus option			present, otherwise	present, otherwise control is from			
	5	Slave Mode	The drive acts as a	Slave to a conne	cted Optidrive oper	ating in Master M	ode.			
	6	CANopen Mode	Control via CAN l	ous connected to t	he RJ45 serial interfo	ace connector.				
P1-13	Dig	ital Input Function		0	21	1	-			
		nes the function of the digital ir e information.	nputs depending on the co	ontrol mode setting	in P1-12. See section	n 7.1. Control Sourc	ce Selection for			
P1-14	Ext	ended Menu Access		0	30000	0	-			
	Parc	ameter Access Control. The fo	llowing settings are appli	cable:						
		14 = P2-40 = 101 : Allows ac 14 = P6-30 = 201 = Allows a		·						

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7. Control Terminal Functions

For standard applications and operation, the basic control of the drive and functions of all drive input terminals can be configured using just two parameters, P1-12 and P1-13. P1-12 is used to define the source of all control commands and the primary speed reference source. P1-13 then allows fast selection of Analog and Digital Input functions based on a selection table.

7.1. Control Source Selection

7.1.1. P1-12 Function

P1-12 is used to select the main control source of the drive and the main speed reference according to the following table:

P1-12	Function	Control Source	Main Speed Reference	Notes
0	Terminal Control	Terminals	Analog Input 1	All control signals are applied to the control terminals. Functions are determined by P1-13 Macro setting.
1	Keypad Control (Uni-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	When keypad mode is selected, the default operation of the drive requires the keypad Start & Stop buttons are used to control the drive.
2	Keypad Control (Bi-directional)	Keypad / Terminals	Motorised Pot / Keypad	This can be changed using P2-37 to allow the drive to be started from Digital Input 1 directly.
3	PID Control	Terminals	PID Output	Enable / Disable control of the drive is through the drive control terminal strip. Output frequency is set by the output of the PI Controller.
4	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Modbus RTU	Fieldbus / Modbus RTU	Control of the drive operation is through a fieldbus option module mounted in the drive option slot. If no option module is fitted, control is through the Modbus RTU interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
5	Slave Mode	Master Drive	From Master	Optidrive P2 provides an inbuilt Master / Slave function. A single drive acts as the Master, and connected Slave drives will mimic the starting and stopping, along with following the output frequency, with any scaling applied. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.
6	CANopen	CAN bus	CAN bus	Control of the drive operation is through the CAN Open Interface. Digital Input 1 must be closed to allow operation.

7.1.2. Overview

Optidrive P2 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

- P1-12 Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- P1-13 Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- P2-30 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-33 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- P2-36 Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P2-37 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start, following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.

The following diagrams and tables provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.

7.1.3. Macro Function Guide

Function	Explanation
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive.
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained.
5 MD U	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation FORWARD.
rev o	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE.
run fwd u	Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP.
run rev u	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP.
enable	Hardware Enable Input. In Keypad Mode, P2-37 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed. In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.
START_1	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
STOPI	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive.
START I FWD U	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
START TREV O	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained).
^-FAST STOP (P2-25)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
FAST STOP 1 (P2-25)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P2-25.
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing E-Er IP or PEc-Eh depending on P2-33 setting. See section 4.12.2. Motor Thermistor Connection on page 26 for further information.
Analog Input Al 1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P2-30.
Analog Input AI2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P2-33.
All REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference.
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference.
P2-OX REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed.
PR-REF	Preset speeds P2-01 – P2-08 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status.
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference.
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller.
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected.
INC SPD↑	Normally Open, Close the input to Increase the motor speed.
DEC SPD↓	Normally Open, Close input to Decrease motor speed.
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P1-12 setting).
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function.
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function.
DECEL P1-04	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 1 (P1-04) is used.
DECEL P8-11	During deceleration and stopping, Deceleration Ramp 2 (P8-11) is used (Requires Advanced Parameter Access, see section 6.1. Parameter Set Overview on page 36.

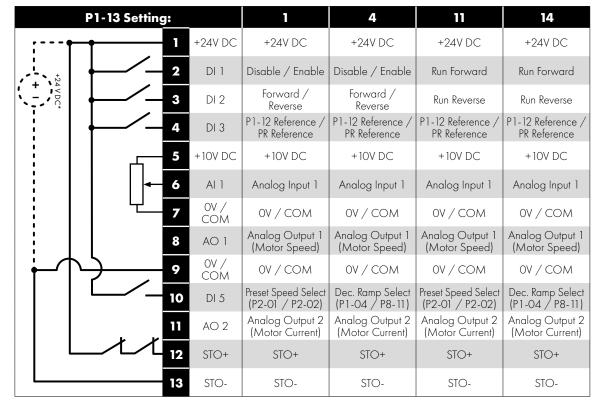
7.2. Digital Input Configuration Parameter P1-13

P1-13		DII		DI2	D	13		Al1 / DI4	Al2	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1		1	0	1
0		,	Į.	·		Jser defined			,	,I
1	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01	An	alog Input Al 1	P2-01	P2-02
2	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	DI3	DI4		DI5	Preset	Speed
					0	0		0	P2-0	1 REF
					1	0		0	P2-0	2 REF
					0	1		0	P2-0	3 REF
					1	1		0		4 REF
					0	0		1		5 REF
					1	0		1		6 REF
					0	1		1		7 REF
	0700	5	5) A (5) N	DE14 . F]	1		1		8 REF
3	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV O	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1		Input AI2
4	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV O	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
5	STOP	RUN	FWD U	REV O	P1-12 REF	AI2 REF		alog Input Al 1		Input AI2
6	STOP	RUN	FWD O	REV U	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	E-TRIP	OK
7	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸		113 ○ff	DI4	Preset Speed P2-01 REF	E-TRIP	OK
)n	Off	P2-01 REF		
						Off	On	P2-03 REF	_	
)n	On	P2-04 REF		
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV び		13	DI4	Preset Speed	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
	0.0.					Off	Off	P2-O1 REF		323221311
						On		P2-O2 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-03 REF		
					()n	On	P2-04 REF		
9	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	D	13	DI4	Preset Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					(Off	Off	P2-01 REF		
)n	Off	P2-02 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-03 REF		
						On	On	P2-04 REF		
10	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	(NO)	INC SPD 1	(NO)	DEC SPD ↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
11	STOP	RUN FWD O	STOP	RUN REV O	P1-12 REF	PR-REF		alog Input Al 1	P2-01 REF	P2-02 REF
12	STOP	RUN FWD 💍	STOP	RUN REV 🗸		13	DI4	DI5		Speed
						Off On	Off	Off Off		1 REF 2 REF
						Off	On	Off		3 REF
)n	On	Off		4 REF
						Off	Off	On		5 REF
)n	Off	On		6 REF
						Off	On	On		7 REF
)n	On	On		8 REF
13	STOP	RUN FWD 🖰	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1		Input AI2
14	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	P1-12 REF	P2-01 REF		alog Input Al 1	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
15	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸						Input AI2
	0101	KOINIVVD O	0101	I KOLAKEA O	FI-IZ KLI	AI2-REF	An	alog Input Al 1	Allulog	IIIPUI AIZ

P1-13		DII		DI2		013		AI1 / I	DI4	Al2	/ DI5
State	0	1	0	1	0	1	()	1	0	1
17	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	<u> </u>	013	DI4	Prese	et Speed	E-TRIP	OK
					(Off	Off	P2-	-O1 REF		
					(On	Off	P2-	-O2 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-	O3 REF		
					(On	On	P2-	-O4 REF		
18	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E C	013	DI4	Prese	et Speed	DECEL P1-04	DECEL P8-11
					(Off	Off	P2-	-O1 REF		
					(On	Off	P2-	-O2 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-	-O3 REF		
					(On	On	P2-	-O4 REF		
19	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	C	013	DI4	Prese	et Speed	P1-12 REF	PR-REF
					(Off	Off	P2-	-O1 REF		
					(On	Off	P2-	-O2 REF		
					(Off	On	P2-	O3 REF		
					(On	On	P2-	O4 REF		
20	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	(NO)	INC SPD †	(NO)	DEC	C SPD↓	P1-12 REF1	P2-01-REF
21	(NO)	START 🕽 FWD ℧	STOP ٦	(NC)	(NO)	START よ REV び	An	alog Inp	out Al I	P1-12 REF	P2-01-REF

¹⁾ When P1-12 = 0 and P1-13 = 10 or 20, the Motorised Pot / Keypad reference is automatically selected to be the Selected Speed Reference.

7.3. Example Connection Schematics



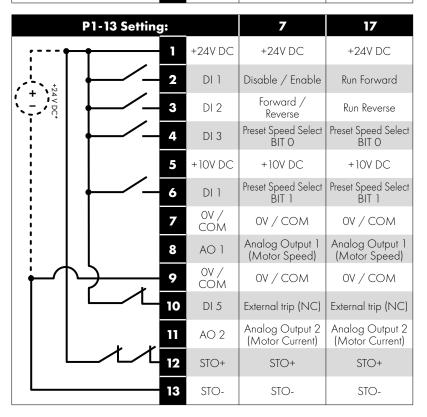
NOTE * Optional external 24V DC power supply

	P1-13 Setting:		2	8	9	12	18	19
;	1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
, , , ,		DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward	Run Forward
4 V DC*	3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
	4	DI 3	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O	Preset Speed Select BIT O
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	6	DI 4	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1	Preset Speed Select BIT 1
	7	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	ov / com	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
 	9	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
		DI 5	Preset Speed Select BIT 2	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	Dec. Ramp Select (P1-04 / P8-11)	P1-12 Reference / Preset Ref
	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
	13	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-

	P1-13 Setting:		3	5	13	15
;	- + 1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
	<u> </u>	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Disable / Enable	Run Forward	Run Forward
-/	*24VDC**	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse	Run Reverse
	4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / AI 2 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / Al 2 Reference
	5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	- 6	Al 1 / Dl 4	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
	7	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
+	9	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
	10	Al 2 / Dl 5	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2
	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
		STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+	STO+
	13	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-	STO-

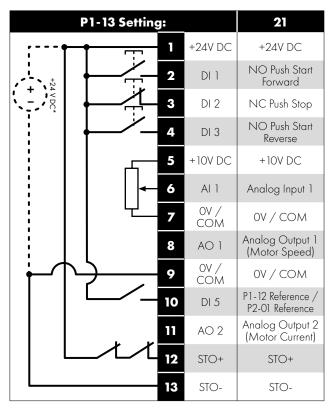
NOTE * Optional external 24V DC power supply

	P1-13 Setting	j :		6	16
;		1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
, t		2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
+ - ***		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
		4	DI 3	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
		5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
		6	Al 1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1
	'닉	7	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
		8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
┾─॔	\rightarrow	9	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
		10	DI 5	E-trip	E-trip
	ام ا	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
	_/\/\	12	STO+	STO+	STO+
		13	STO-	STO-	STO-



NOTE * Optional external 24V DC power supply

	P	1-13 Setting	j :		10	20
;			1	+24V DC	+24V DC	+24V DC
, , ,			2	DI 1	Disable / Enable	Run Forward
24 V DC*	۱ ،		3	DI 2	Forward / Reverse	Run Reverse
			4	DI 3	Increase Speed	Increase Speed
			5	+10V DC	+10V DC	+10V DC
	۱ ،		6	DI 4	Decrease Speed	Decrease Speed
			7	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
			8	AO 1	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)	Analog Output 1 (Motor Speed)
	<u> </u>)	9	OV / COM	OV / COM	OV / COM
			10	DI 5	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference	P1-12 Reference / P2-01 Reference
		l. le	11	AO 2	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)	Analog Output 2 (Motor Current)
			12	STO+	STO+	STO+
			13	STO-	STO-	STO-



NOTE * Optional external 24V DC power supply

U 10-0 10 to 0V A 0-20 O to 20mA **A 20-0** 20 to OmA **A 4-20** 4 to 20mA

20 to 4mA

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A 50-4

8. Extended Parameters

Par		Parameter Nar	me	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P2-01	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 1		P1-02	P1-01	5.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-02	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 2		P1-02	P1-01	10.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-03	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 3		P1-02	P1-01	25.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-04	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 4		P1-02	P1-01	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / Rpm
P2-05	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 5		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-06	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 6		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-07	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 7		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-08	Preset	Jog Frequency / Speed 8		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
	If P1-10	peeds / Frequencies selected by = 0, the values are entered as H a negative value will reverse the c	z. If P1 - 10 > 0, the values	-			
P2-09	Skip Fı	requency Center Point		P1-02	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
P2-10	Skip Fı	equency Band Width		0.0	P1-01	0.0	Hz / Rpm
	causes	mechanical resonance in a partic	بم النينييم ممينم في المناب منابية	ana thraugh tha di	atina al band at th		
	used co respective the band	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or	mp through the de ed band. If the fre lower limit of the	equency referenc band.	e applied to the c	drive is within
P2-11	used co respective the band	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency Goutput 1 Function (Termin	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8)	mp through the do ed band. If the fro	equency referenc	e rates set in P1-C e applied to the c	drive is within
P2-11	used co respecti the band Analog	njunction with P2-10. The Öptidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency G Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode, Logic 1 = +2	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8)	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the	equency referenc band. 12	e applied to the c	drive is within
P2-11	used co respective the band Analog Digital	njunction with P2-10. The Öptidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency G Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode, Logic 1 = +2 Drive running	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the the lower limit of the lower limit of the limit of t	equency reference band. 12 Running).	e applied to the c	drive is within
P2-11	used co respective the band Analog Digital	njunction with P2-10. The Öptidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency G Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy	ve output frequency will ran frequency within the definition will remain at the upper or the second	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit of the limit o	equency reference band. 12 Running). n the drive.	e applied to the c	drive is within
P2-11	used corespective bands Analog Digital 0 1 2	njunction with P2-10. The Öptidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency Goutput 1 Function (Termin Output Mode, Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the output	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit of the lower limit of the larve is enabled (I condition exists of the larve is enabled).	Paquency reference band. 12 Running). In the drive. The setpoint from the setpoi	e applied to the c	drive is within
P2-11	used corespective band Analog Digital O 1 2 3	njunction with P2-10. The Öptidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the motor	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit of the lower limit of the limit of the lower limit of the	Paquency reference band. 12 Running). In the drive. In the setpoint from the speed.	8 8 requency.	drive is within
P2-11	used corespective bands Analog Digital 0 1 2 3 4	njunction with P2-10. The Öptidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency Goutput 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the motor Logic 1 when the motor	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit of the drive is enabled (If condition exists of the lower limit above zero speed exceeds	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limited.	8 requency.	drive is within
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the motor	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit of the lower limit of the limit of the lower limit of the	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limite adjustable limite.	8 8 requency.	drive is within
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Öptidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency Goutput 1 Function (Termin Output Mode, Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor torque >= Limit	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the motor	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit of the lower limit of the larve is enabled (I condition exists of the lower limit above zero runs above zero speed exceeds current exceeds brique exceeds the	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit adjustable limit.	8 requency. nit.	drive is within
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 When the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the motor Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal contesters P2-16 and P2-17 mu	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit o	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit. adog Input 2 exceptor to control the language of the setpoint of the set	8 8 requency. nit. needs the adjustable behaviour. The ou	e limit.
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit Motor torque >= Limit Analog input 2 >= limit When using settings 4 - 7, param 1 when the selected signal excer	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 When the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the motor Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal contesters P2-16 and P2-17 mu	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit o	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit. adog Input 2 exceptor to control the language of the setpoint of the set	8 8 requency. nit. needs the adjustable behaviour. The ou	e limit.
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit Motor torque >= Limit Analog input 2 >= limit When using settings 4 - 7, param 1 when the selected signal excerogrammed in P2-17.	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 When the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the motor Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal contesters P2-16 and P2-17 mu	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit o	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit. adog Input 2 exceptor to control the language of the setpoint of the set	8 8 requency. nit. needs the adjustable behaviour. The ou	e limit.
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit Motor torque >= Limit Analog input 2 >= limit When using settings 4 - 7, param 1 when the selected signal exceeding and selected signal exceeding a	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 When no Fault Logic 1 when the motor Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal conteters P2-16 and P2-17 mu eds the value programmed	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the lower limit o	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit. adog Input 2 exceptor to control the language of the setpoint of the set	8 8 requency. nit. needs the adjustable behaviour. The ou	e limit.
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit Motor torque >= Limit Analog input 2 >= limit When using settings 4 - 7, param 1 when the selected signal exceogrammed in P2-17. g Output Mode Motor speed	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the motor Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal contesters P2-16 and P2-17 muteds the value programmed O to P1-01.	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the condition exists of the frequency mater runs above zero speed exceeds or current exceeds or current exceeds the pplied to the Anast be used togeth in P2-16, and re	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit. adog Input 2 exceptor to control the language of the setpoint of the set	8 8 requency. nit. needs the adjustable behaviour. The ou	e limit.
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit Analog input 2 >= limit When using settings 4 - 7, param 1 when the selected signal exceeding a company of the company o	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the definition will remain at the upper or mal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optical Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the motor logic when the signal capters P2-16 and P2-17 muteds the value programmed of the P1-01. O to 200% of P1-08.	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the condition exists of the frequency mater runs above zero speed exceeds or current exceeds or current exceeds the pplied to the Anast be used togeth in P2-16, and reduced torque.	Running). n the drive. hes the setpoint from the adjustable limit. adog Input 2 exceptor to control the language of the setpoint of the set	8 8 requency. nit. needs the adjustable behaviour. The ou	e limit.
P2-11	used corespective the band of	njunction with P2-10. The Optidrively, and will not hold any output d, the Optidrive output frequency g Output 1 Function (Termin Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2 Drive running Drive healthy At speed Motor speed > 0 Motor speed >= limit Motor current >= limit Analog input 2 >= limit When using settings 4 - 7, param 1 when the selected signal excerogrammed in P2-17. g Output Mode Motor speed Motor current Motor torque	ve output frequency will ra frequency within the defin- will remain at the upper or nal 8) 24V DC Logic 1 when the Optic Logic 1 when the output Logic 1 when the motor Logic when the motor to Logic when the signal colleters P2-16 and P2-17 muteds the value programmed O to P1-01. O to 200% of P1-08. O to 200% of motor rat	mp through the deed band. If the free lower limit of the condition exists of the frequency mater runs above zero speed exceeds or current exceeds or current exceeds the pplied to the Anast be used togeth in P2-16, and red torque.	Running). 12 Running). In the drive. The setpoint from the adjustable limit.	8 8 requency. nit. needs the adjustable behaviour. The ou	e limit.

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	Parameter Na	me	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units							
13 Analo	g Output 2 Function (Termi	nal 11)	0	12	9	-							
_	l Output Mode. Logic 1 = +2												
0	Drive running	Logic 1 when the Option	drive is enabled (Running).									
1	Drive healthy	Logic 1 When no Fault											
2	At speed	Logic 1 when the outpu			equency.								
3	Motor speed > 0	Logic 1 when the moto	. ,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 /								
4	Motor speed >= limit	Logic 1 when the moto		<u> </u>	 it.								
5	Motor current >= limit	Logic 1 when the moto											
6	Motor torque >= limit	Logic when the motor t		·									
7	Analog input 2 >= limit	Logic when the signal of		· · ·	eds the adjustable	- limit							
NOTE	TE When using settings 4 – 7, parameters P2-19 and P2-20 must be used together to control the behaviour. The output will switc gic 1 when the selected signal exceeds the value programmed in P2-19, and return to Logic 0 when the signal falls below the												
value p	ue programmed in P2-20.												
Analo	g Output Mode	Output Mode											
8	Motor speed 0 to P1-01.												
9	Motor current	0 to 200% of P1-08.											
10	Motor torque	0 to 200% of motor ra	ted torque.										
11	Motor power	0 to 150% of drive rate	ed power.										
12	PID output	Output from the interno	l PID Controller, () – 100%.									
14 Analo	g Output 2 Format		See I	Below	U 0- 10	-							
U 0-10	0 to 10V												
U 10-0	10 to 0V												
A 0-50	O to 20mA												
A 50-0	20 to 0mA												
A 4-20	4 to 20mA												
A 50-4	20 to 4mA												
15 Relay	1 Function		0	14	1	-							
Setting	Function	Logic 1 when											
0	Drive running	The Optidrive is enable	ed (Running).										
1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip condition		ive.									
2	At speed	Output frequency mate											
3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs above 2											
4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed excee	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	limit									
5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current exce	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										
6	Motor torque >= limit	The motor torque exce	'										
_	Analog input 2 >= limit	The signal applied to the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		etable limit								
7	Andreg inper 2 * inim		ic / malog input z	exceeds ine dajo	Sidble IIIIII.								
7	Reserved	No Function.											
8	Reserved	+		No Function.									
8	Reserved	No Function.	mahle maintenan	ce timer has alass	ad								
8 9 10	Reserved Maintenance due	No Function. The internally programs		ce timer has elaps	ed.								
8 9 10 11	Reserved Maintenance due Drive ready to run	No Function. The internally programs O to 150% of drive rate	ed power.			and the							
8 9 10	Reserved Maintenance due	No Function. The internally programs O to 150% of drive rate The drive is not tripped hardware enable input	ed power. , the STO circuit is t present (Digital I	s closed, the mains	s supply is present nged by the user).	t and the							
8 9 10 11	Reserved Maintenance due Drive ready to run	No Function. The internally programs O to 150% of drive rate The drive is not tripped	ed power. , the STO circuit is t present (Digital I	s closed, the mains	s supply is present nged by the user).	t and the							
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Reserved Maintenance due Drive ready to run Drive tripped STO status PID error >= limit	No Function. The internally programs O to 150% of drive rate The drive is not tripped hardware enable input When both STO inputs The PID Error (difference programmed limit.	the STO circuit is present (Digital I are present and the between setpo	s closed, the mains nput 1 unless char the drive is able to int and feedback)	s supply is present nged by the user). be operated. is greater than or	r equal to t							
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 NOTE	Reserved Maintenance due Drive ready to run Drive tripped STO status	No Function. The internally programs O to 150% of drive rate The drive is not tripped hardware enable input When both STO inputs The PID Error (difference programmed limit. 4, parameters P2-16 and F	the STO circuit is present (Digital I are present and be between setpo	s closed, the mains nput 1 unless char the drive is able to int and feedback)	s supply is present nged by the user). to be operated. is greater than or trol the behaviour.	r equal to t							

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	1 / Analog Output 1 Lo	wer Limit						
		WCI LIIIIII	0.0	P2-16	0.0	%		
Used in	conjunction with some setting:	s of Parameters P2-11 & P	2-15.					
Relay	2 Function		0	14	0	-		
Setting	Function	Logic 1 when						
0	Drive running	The Optidrive is en	abled (Running).					
1	Drive healthy	No fault or trip cor	ndition exists on the dr	ive.				
2	At speed	Output frequency r	matches the setpoint fr	equency.				
3	Motor speed > 0	The motor runs abo	ove zero speed.					
4	Motor speed >= limit	The motor speed e	xceeds the adjustable	e limit.				
5	Motor current >= limit	The motor current e	exceeds the adjustable	e limit.				
6	The state of the s							
7	Analog input 2 >= limit The signal applied to the Analog Input 2 exceeds the adjustable limit.							
8 Hoist brake control Enables Hoist Mode. The Output relay may be used to control the motor holding brakefer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further information.								
9	Reserved	No Function.						
10	Maintenance due	The internally progr	rammable maintenand	ce timer has elaps	ed.			
11	Drive ready to run	0 to 150% of drive	rated power.					
12	Drive tripped	The drive is not tripped hardware enable i	ped, the STO circuit is nput present (Digital I	closed, the mains	s supply is preser nged by the user	it and the).		
13	STO status	When both STO in	puts are present and t	the drive is able to	be operated.			
14	PID error >= limit	The PID Error (differ programmed limit.	rence between setpo	int and feedback)	is greater than c	or equal to the		
will swite	ch to Logic 1 when the selecte	ed signal exceeds the valu	nd P2-17 must be use ue programmed in P2-	ed together to con -16, and return to	trol the behaviou Logic 0 when the	r. The output signal falls		
Relay	2 / Analog Output 2 Up	per Limit	P2-20	200.0	100.0	%		
Relay	2 / Analog Output 2 Lo	wer Limit	0.0	P2-19	0.0	%		
Used in	conjunction with some settings	s of Parameters P2-13 & F	P2-18.					
Displa	y Scaling Factor		-30.000	30.000	0.000	-		
Displa	y Scaling Source		0	3	0	-		
display If P2-21	conveyer speed in metres per is set >0, the variable selected	second based on the out d in P2-22 is multiplied by	tput frequency. This fur	nction is disabled	if P2-21 is set to	0.		
P2-22	Options	Scaled Value is						
0	Motor Speed	· ·		-				
1	Motor Current	Motor Amps x Sca	aling Factor					
2	Analog Input 2	· ·		tor				
3	PO-80 Value	PO-80 Value x Sca	aling Factor					
Zero S	peed Holding Time		0.0	60.0	0.2	Second:		
		output frequency is held a	t zero when stopping,	before the drive o	utput is disabled.			
		1 /			·	kHz		
Effective power c	power stage switching frequend voltage rating. Higher frequend	uencies reduce the audible	available and factory	default parameter	setting depend c	n the drive rrent wavefor		
	pense of increased drive losse	5.						
	ecel Ramp Time		0.00	240.0	0.00	Seconds		
	Setting 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 NOTE will switch below the Relay: Relay: Relay: Used in Display Used in Display Used in Display Company Co	1 Drive healthy 2 At speed 3 Motor speed > 0 4 Motor speed >= limit 5 Motor current >= limit 6 Motor torque >= limit 7 Analog input 2 >= limit 8 Hoist brake control 9 Reserved 10 Maintenance due 11 Drive ready to run 12 Drive tripped 13 STO status 14 PID error >= limit NOTE When using settings 4 - 7 and will switch to Logic 1 when the selected below the value programmed in P2-1. Relay 2 / Analog Output 2 Upper Relay 2 / Analog Input 2 / Analo	Setting Function O Drive running The Optidrive is en Drive healthy No fault or trip cor At speed Output frequency. Motor speed > 0 The motor runs about the motor runs about the motor speed elemit Motor speed >= limit The motor current elemit Motor torque >= limit The motor current the motor forque elemit Motor torque >= limit The motor torque elemit Motor torque >= limit The signal applied Paulog input 2 >= limit Mo Function. Maintenance due The internally prog The drive is not trip hardware enable in the programmed limit. The PID Error (differe programmed in P2-17. Relay 2 / Analog Output 2 Upper Limit Relay 2 / Analog Output 2 Upper Limit Relay 2 / Analog Output 2 Lower Limit Used in conjunction with some settings of Parameters P2-13 & for par	Setting Function Drive running The Optidrive is enabled (Running). At speed Output frequency matches the setpoint from the optidrive in optidrium in the optidrive in optidrium in the optidrive to display an alternative output frequency is held at zero when stopping. Settling Frequency Final provision. The motor current exceeds the adjustable output frequency is held at zero when stopping. Analog input 2 >= limit in the motor torque exceeds the adjustable output frequency in the optidrium in the motor torque exceeds the adjustable output relay in the motor current exceeds the adjustable output in the motor current exceeds the adjustable of Motor torque >= limit in the motor torque exceeds the adjustable of Motor torque >= limit in the motor torque exceeds the adjustable of Motor torque >= limit in the motor current exceeds the adjustable of Motor from the Optidrive and oppided to the Analog Input 2 of the from the optided in the Analog Input 2 in the motor torque exceeds the Analog Input 2 in the internally programmable maintenance of the internally programmable maintenance of the optided power. The drive is not tripped, the STO circuit is hordware enable input present (Digital International Input present (Digital International Input programmable in Pathetic Input programmed	Setting Function Cogic 1 when	Setting Function Drive running The Optidrive is enabled (Running).		

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P2-26		Parameter Nam	ne e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
	Spin St	art Enable		0	2	0	-	
	0	Disabled	Spin Start is not active. always stationary befo	This setting should re the drive is ena	d be used for all c bled.	applications whe	re the motor is	
	1	Enabled	rotating, and will begin	n start up the drive will attempt to determine if the motor is already begin to control the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be arting motors which are not turning.				
	2	Enabled on trip, brown out, coast	Spin start is active only	following the liste	d conditions, othe	erwise spin start i	s disabled.	
P2-27	Standb	y Mode Timer		0.0	250.0	0.0	Seconds	
	This parameter defines the time period, where for greater than the set time period, the OP2-27 = 0.0.		nereby if the drive operate otidrive output will be disc	es at the frequency abled, and the dis	/ / speed set in F play will show 5 Ł	23-14 (Standby s andby. The functi	peed threshold) on is disabled if	
P2-28	Slave S	ipeed Scaling Control		0	3	0	-	
		Keypad mode (P1-12 = 1 or 2) α adjusted using an analog trim or		5) only. The keypo	ad reference can	be multiplied by	a preset scaling	
	0	Disabled (No Scaling)						
	1	Master Speed * P2-29						
	2	(Master Speed * P2-29) +	analog input 1					
	3	(Master Speed * P2-29) *	analog input 1					
P2-29	Slave S	ipeed Scaling Factor		-500.0	500.0	100.0	%	
	Used in a	conjunction with P2-28.						
P2-30	Analog	Input 1 (Terminal 6) Forme	at	See E	Below	U 0- 10	-	
	Setting	Signal Format						
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)						
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)						
	- 10- 10	-10 to +10 Volt Signal (Bi-polar)					
	A 0-50	0 to 20mA Signal						
	F 4-50	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	will trip and show the fa	ult code 4-20F if	the signal level fo	alls below 3mA		
	r 4-20	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	e will ramp to Preset Spee	ed 8 (P2-08) if the	signal level falls	below 3mA		
	£ 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	e will trip and show the fa	ult code 4-20F if	the signal level fo	alls below 3mA		
	r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	e will ramp to Preset Spee	ed 8 (P2-08) if the	signal level falls	below 3mA		
P2-31	Analog	Input 1 Scaling		0.0	2000.0	100.0	%	
	Scales the	ne analog input by this factor, e.g. running at maximum speed (P1-C	if P2-30 is set for 0 – 10'	V, and the scaling	factor is set to 20	00.0%, a 5 volt ir	put will result in	
P2-32	Analog	Input 1 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%	
	Sets an a	offset, as a percentage of the full s	scale range of the input, v	vhich is applied to	the analog inpu	t signal.		
P2-33	Analog	Input 2 (Terminal 10) Form	nat	See E	Below	U 0- 10	-	
	Setting	Signal Format						
	U 0- 10	0 to 10 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)						
	U 10-0	10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar)						
	Ptc-th	Motor PTC Thermistor Input		·				
	A 0-50	0 to 20mA Signal						
	F 4-50	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	e will trip and show the fa	ult code 4-20F if	the signal level fo	alls below 3mA		
	30	4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive	e will ramp to Preset Spee	ed 8 (P2-08) if the	signal level falls	below 3mA		
	r 4-20	0 , 1		fault code 4-20F if the signal level falls below 3mA				
	F 50-4	<u> </u>	e will trip and show the fa	ult code 4-20F if	the signal level fo	alls below 3mA		
		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
P2-34	£ 20-4 r 20-4	20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				%	

Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units					
P2-35	Analog	Input 2 Offset		-500.0	500.0	0.0	%					
		offset, as a percentage of the full s	cale range of the input, v	vhich is applied to	the analog inpu	t signal.						
P2-36		Node Select / Automatic Res			Below	AULo-O	%					
	Defines t	the behaviour of the drive relating	to the enable digital inpu	iput and also configures the Automatic Restart function.								
	Ed9E-r	Following Power on or reset, the on or reset to start the drive.	drive will not start if Digit	ital Input 1 remains closed. The Input must be closed after a power								
	AULo-O	Following a Power On or Reset,	the drive will automatica	lly start if Digital I	nput 1 is closed.							
	RUE0-1	Following a trip, the drive will ma	ake up to 5 attempts to re	estart at 20 secon	d intervals. The di	rive must be powe	red down to					
	RUE0-2	adult will, dita will require the user to manually reser the tabil.										
	AULo-3	duli wiii, and wiii require the user to manuary reser the rauli.										
	AULo-4											
	AULo-5											
	DANGER! "AUto" modes allow the drive to Auto-start, therefore the impact on system/Personnel safety needs to be considered.											
P2-37	Keypa	d Start Mode		0	7	1	-					
	This pard on the ke	ameter is only active when P1-12 = eypad. When settings 4 – 7 are us	e drive must be st nable digital inpu	arted by pressing ut.	the Start key							
	0	Minimum speed, keypad start	Following a stop and re	estart, the drive w	ill always initially	run at the minimun	speed P1-02					
	1	Previous speed, keypad start	Following a stop and restart, the drive will return to the last keypad setpoint speed us prior to stopping.									
	2	Current speed, keypad start	Where the Optidrive is configured for multiple speed references (typically Hand / control or Local / Remote control), when switched to keypad mode by a digital inp drive will continue to operate at the last operating speed.									
	3	Preset speed 8, keypad start	Following a stop and re	estart, the Optidriv	e will always initio	ılly run at Preset Sp	eed 8 (P2-08).					
	4	Minimum speed, terminal start	Following a stop and re	estart, the drive w	ill always initially	run at the minimun	speed P1-02					
	5	Previous speed, terminal start	Following a stop and reprior to stopping.	estart, the drive w	ill return to the las	st keypad setpoint	speed used					
	6	Current speed, terminal start	Where the Optidrive is control or Local / Remdrive will continue to o	ote control), when	n switched to key	pad mode by a di						
	7	Preset speed 8, terminal start	Following a stop and re	estart, the Optidrive	e will always initic	ılly run at Preset Sp	eed 8 (P2-08).					
P2-38	Mains	Loss Stop / Ride Through		0	3	0	-					
	0	Mains Loss Ride Through	The Optidrive will atten motor. Providing that the before the drive contro of mains power.	e mains loss peric	od is short, and su	fficient energy car	n be recovered					
	1	Coast To Stop	The Optidrive will imme or free wheel. When us 26) may need to be er	sing this setting wi	ne output to the m th high inertia loc	otor, allowing the ids, the Spin Start I	load to coast unction (P2-					
	2	Fast Ramp To Stop										
	3	DC bus supply mode	This mode is intended to be used when the drive is powered directly via the +DC and Bus connections. Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner for further details.									
P2-39	Param	eter Lock		0	1	0	-					
	0	Unlocked	All parameters can be	accessed and ch	anged.							
	1	Locked	Parameter values can k			 jed.						
P2-40	Extend	ed Menu Access Code	,	0	9999	101						
	Defines	he access code which must be en	tered in P1-14 to access	parameter arour	os above Group]						

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8.2. Parameter Group 3 - PID Control

8.2.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides an internal PID controller. Parameters for configuration of the PID controller are located together in Group 3. For simple applications, the user needs to only define the setpoint source (P3-05 to select the source or P3-06 for a fixed setpoint), feedback source (P3-10) and adjust the P Gain (P3-01), I time (P3-02) and optionally the differential time (P3-03).

The PID operation is uni-directional, and all signals are treated as 0 – 100% to provide a simple, intuitive operating format.

8.2.2. Parameter List

D0 61		Parameter Nam	ie n	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P3-01	PID	Proportional Gain		0.0	30.0	1.0	-
		Controller Proportional Gain. Higher v feedback signal. Too high a value co		nge in the driv	e output frequency	y in response to s	mall change
P3-02	PID	Integral Time Constant		0.0	30.0	1.0	s
i	PID C	Controller Integral Time. Larger values	provide a more damped resp	ponse for syst	ems where the ove	erall process resp	onds slowly
23-03	PID	Differential Time Constant		0.00	1.00	0.00	s
	PID D	Differential Time Constant.	·				
23-04	PID	Operating Mode		0	1	0	-
	0 Direct		Use this mode if an increase feedback signal.	e in the motor	speed should res	ult in an increase	in the
	1	Inverse	Use this mode if an increase feedback signal.	e in the motor	speed should res	ult in a decrease	in the
P3-05	PID	Reference Select		0	2	0	-
	0	Digital preset	P3-06 is used.				
	1	Analog Input 1	Analog Input 1 as displaye	ed in PO-01 is	used.		
	2	Analog Input 2	Analog Input 2 as displaye	ed in PO-02 is	used.		
P3-06	PID	Digital Reference Value		0.0	100.0	0.0	%
	10 Ba	ar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the leve	el.		,	he pressure range	
P3-07	PID	ar transducer, 4 bar = 40%) or the leve		P3-08	100.0	100.0	%
	PID Limits	Output Upper Limit the maximum value output from the P				100.0	
	PID Limits	Output Upper Limit the maximum value output from the P Output Lower Limit	ID controller.	P3-08 0.0	100.0 P3-07		%
P3-08	PID Limits PID Limits	Output Upper Limit the maximum value output from the P Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont	ID controller.	0.0	P3-07	0.0	
P3-08	PID Limits PID Limits PID	Output Upper Limit the maximum value output from the Pl Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont Output Limit Select	ID controller.	0.0	P3-07	0.0	%
P3-08	PID Limits PID Limits	the maximum value output from the Poutput Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog	ID controller. Troller. The output range of the PID The output range of the PID	0.0 0 controller is l	P3-07 3 imited by the value	0.0 0.0 0 es of P3-07 & P3	% -08.
P3-07 P3-08 P3-09	PID Limits PID Limits PID O	Output Upper Limit the maximum value output from the Pl Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits	ID controller. Troller. The output range of the PID	O.O Controller is l	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the value	0.0 0.0 0 es of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the	% -08. e signal
P3-08	PID Limits PID Limits PID O 1	Output Upper Limit the maximum value output from the Pi Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1.	O.O controller is l controller is l	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal	0.0 0.0 0 os of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the all applied to Ana	% -08. e signal
P3-08	PID Limits PID Control Limits PID Control 1 2 3	the maximum value output from the Pl Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PlD cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PlD output added to analog	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID the value of P3-07. The output value from the PID the	O.O controller is l controller is l	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal	0.0 0.0 0 os of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the all applied to Ana	% -08. e signal
P3-08	PID Limits PID Control Limits PID Control 1 2 3	the maximum value output from the Pi Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID the value of P3-07. The output value from the PID the	O.O O controller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal is added to the sp	o.o oes of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the al applied to Ana	% -08. e signal
P3-08	PID Limits PID 0 1 2 3 PID	Output Upper Limit the maximum value output from the PI Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 Feedback Select	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID the value of P3-07. The output value from the PID the	O.O O controller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal is added to the sp	o.o oes of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the al applied to Ana	% -08. e signal
23-08	PID Limits PID 0 1 2 3 PID 0	the maximum value output from the Pi Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PID cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 Feedback Select Analog Input 2	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID the value of P3-07. The output value from the PID the	O.O O controller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal is added to the sp	o.o oes of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the al applied to Ana	% -08. e signal
P3-08	PID Limits PID 0 1 2 3 PID 0 1	the maximum value output from the Pi Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PiD cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 Feedback Select Analog Input 2 Analog Input 1	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID the value of P3-07. The output value from the PID the	O.O O controller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal is added to the sp	o.o oes of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the al applied to Ana	% -08. e signal
23-08	PID Limits PID 0 1 2 3 PID 0 1 2	the maximum value output from the Pi Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PiD cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 Feedback Select Analog Input 2 Analog Input 1 Motor Current	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID the value of P3-07. The output value from the PIA Analog Input 1.	O.O O controller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal is added to the sp	o.o oes of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the al applied to Ana	% -08. e signal
23-08	PID Limits PID 0 1 2 3 PID 0 1 2 3	the maximum value output from the Pi Output Lower Limit the minimum output from the PiD cont Output Limit Select Digital Output Limits Upper limit set by analog input 1 Lower limit set by analog input 1 PID output added to analog input 1 Feedback Select Analog Input 2 Analog Input 1 Motor Current DC Bus Voltage	The output range of the PID applied to Analog Input 1. The output range of the PID the value of P3-07. The output value from the PIA Analog Input 1.	O.O O controller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller is locontroller	P3-07 3 imited by the value imited by the signal is added to the sp	o.o oes of P3-07 & P3 es of P3-08 & the al applied to Ana	% -08. e signal

ramps where a fast reaction to the PID control is required, however by only disabling the ramps when a small PID error exists, the risk of possible over current or over voltage trips being generated are reduced.

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Par		Parameter Nam	e	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P3-12	PID	Feedback Display Scaling		0.000	50.000	0.000	-
		ies a scaling factor to the displayed P O – 10 Bar etc.	ID feedback, allowing the	e user to display t	the actual signal l	evel from a transc	ducer,
P3-13	PID	Error Wake Level		0.0	100.0	5.0	%
	Sets o	a programmable level whereby if the fall below this threshold before the dr	drive enters standby moto ive will return to normal o	or whilst operating peration.	g under PID contr	ol, the selected fe	edback signal
P3-18	PID	Reset Control		0	1	1	-
	0	Continuous operation	In this operating mode, the PID controller operates continuously, regardless of whet drive is enabled or disabled. This can result in the output of the PID controller reach maximum level prior to the drive enable signal being applied.				s of whether the er reaching the
	1	Operate only when the drive is enabled	In this operating mode, hence will always start	the PID controlle from zero when t	r only operates w he drive is enable	hen the drive is e	nabled, and

8.2.3. Parameter Group 4 - High Performance Motor Control

Overview

Parameters relating to the motor control are located together in Group 4. These parameters allow the user to:

- Select the motor type to match the connected motor.
- Carry out an autotune.
- Define the torque limits and setpoint source for control methods that support this (vector control methods only).

Optidrive P2 can operate with both Asynchronous Induction Motors, the type most commonly seen today, and also some synchronous motors. The sections below provide basic guidance on how to adjust the parameters to operate with the required motor type.

8.2.4. Asynchronous IM Motors

IM Motor Control Methods

IM Motors may be operated in the following modes:

- V/F Speed Control (Default Mode)
 - o This mode provides the simplest control, and is suitable for a wide range of applications.
- Sensorless Vector Torque Control
 - o This method is suitable for specific applications only, which require the motor torque to be the primary control function, rather than speed, and should be used with extreme care only in specific applications.
- Sensorless Vector Speed Control
 - o This method provides increased starting torque compared to V/F mode, along with improved motor speed regulation with changing load conditions. This method is suitable for more demanding applications.

Operating in Sensorless Vector Speed Control Mode

Optidrive P2 can be programmed by the user to operate in Sensorless Vector mode, which provides enhanced low speed torque, optimum motor speed regulation regardless of load and accurate control of the motor torque. In most applications, the default Voltage Vector control mode will provide adequate performance, however if Sensorless Vector operation is required, use the following procedure.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101.
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm)
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Sensorless Vector Speed Control mode by setting P4-01 = 0.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.



The Autotune will begin immediately when P4-02 is set regardless of the status of the drive enable signal. Whilst the autotune procedure does not drive or spin the motor, the motor shaft may still turn slightly. It is not normally necessary to uncouple the load from the motor; however the user should ensure that no risk arises from the possible movement of the motor shaft.

It is essential that the correct motor data is entered into the relevant drive parameters. Incorrect parameter settings can result in poor or even dangerous performance.

8.2.5. Synchronous Motors

Overview

Optidrive P2 provides open loop vector control of the following synchronous motor types.

Permanent Magnet AC (PM AC) Motors and Brushless DC (BLDC) Motors

Optidrive P2 can be used to control Permanent Magnet AC or Brushless DC motors without a feedback encoder or resolver. These motors operate synchronously, and a vector control strategy is used to maintain correct operation. In general, the motor can be operated between 10% - 100% of rated speed with a correctly selected and configured drive. Optimum control is achieved when the motor back EMF / Rated speed ratio is >= 1V/Hz. Motors with Back EMF / Rated frequency ratio below this level may not operate correctly, or may operate only with reduced speed range.

PM AC and BLDC motor control employs the same strategy, and the same commissioning method is applied.



Permanent Magnet motors (including BLDC) produce an output voltage known as the Back EMF when the shaft is rotated. The user must ensure that the motor shaft cannot rotate at a speed where this Back EMF exceeds the voltage limit for the drive, otherwise damage can occur.

The following parameter settings are necessary before attempting to operate the motor.

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Back EMF at Rated Frequency / Speed (kE)

This is the voltage imposed by the magnets at the drive output terminals when the motor operates at rated frequency or speed. Some motors may provide a value for volts per thousand RPM, and it may be necessary to calculate the correct value for P1-07.

- o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
- o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
- o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
- Select PM Motor Speed control mode by setting P4-01 = 3 or BLDC Motor Speed Control by setting P4-01 = 5.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.
 - o The autotune measures the electrical data required from the motor to ensure good control.
- To improve motor starting and low speed operation, the following parameters may require adjustment:
 - o P7-14: Low Frequency Torque Boost Current: Injects additional current into the motor to help rotor alignment at low output frequency. Set as % of P1-08.
 - o P7-15: Low Frequency Torque Boost Frequency Limit: Defines the frequency range where the torque boost is applied. Set as % of P1-09.

Following the steps above, it should be possible to operate the motor. Further parameter settings are possible to enhance the performance if required, please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner for more information.

8.2.6. Synchronous Reluctance (Syn RM) Motors

When operating with Synchronous Reluctance motors, carry out the following steps:

- Ensure advanced parameter access is enabled by setting P1-14 = 101 (default value for security access).
- Enter the motor nameplate details into the relevant parameters as follows:
 - o P1-07 Motor Rated Voltage.
 - o P1-08 Motor Rated Current.
 - o P1-09 Motor Rated Frequency.
 - o (Optional) P1-10 Motor Rated Speed (Rpm).
 - o P4-05 Motor Power Factor.
- Select Synchronous Reluctance Motor Control mode by setting P4-01 = 6.
- Ensure that the motor is correctly connected to the drive.
- Carry out a motor data Autotune by setting P4-02 = 1.

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8.2.7. Group 4 Parameter Listing



Incorrect adjustment of parameters in menu group 4 can cause unexpected behaviour of the motor and any connected machinery. It is recommended that these parameters are only adjusted by experienced users.

P4-01			rameter No	ime	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units	
	Motor Co	ntrol Mode				0	6	2	-
	Setting	Motor Type	Primary Control	Control Method	Additional	Information			
	0	IM	Speed	Vector	Speed contro	ol with Torque Lir	mit. Torque Limit Sc	ource selected b	y P4-06.
	1	IM	Torque	Vector	Torque Contr Speed Limit o	ol with Speed Li defined by the Sp	mit. Torque refere peed Reference.	nce selected by	P4-06.
	2	IM	Speed	V/F	V/F control f	or simple applica	ations with standa	ırd IM Motors.	
	3	AC PM	Speed	Vector	For speed co	entrol of AC PM i	motors with Sinusc	oidal back EMF.	
	4	AC PM	Torque	Vector For torque c		ontrol of AC PM	motors with Sinus	oidal back EMF.	
	5	BLDC	Speed	Vector	For speed co	entrol of BLDC me	otors with Trapezo	oidal back EMF.	
	6	Syn RM	Speed	Vector	For speed co	entrol of Synchror	nous Reluctance n	notors.	
P4-02	Motor Au	to-tune End	ıble			0	1	0	-
		When set to 1, the drive immediately carries out a non-rotating autotune to measure the motor parameters for optimum control an fficiency. Following completion of the autotune, the parameter automatically returns to 0.							control and
P4-03	Vector Sp	eed Contro	ller Proport	ional Gain		0.1	400.0	50.0	%
		peed Controller Integral Time Constant 0.010 2.000 0.050 regral time for the speed controller. Smaller values provide a faster response in reaction to motor load changes, at the							
P4-04	Sets the inte	gral time for th	e speed contro	ller. Smaller v	alues provide a	faster response	in reaction to mot	or load changes,	s at the risk of
	Sets the inte	egral time for th instability. For b	e speed contro pest dynamic p	ller. Smaller v	alues provide a	faster response be adjusted to s	in reaction to moto uit the connected	or load changes,	
P4-04 P4-05	Sets the interintroducing Motor Po	egral time for th instability. For b wer Factor	e speed contro pest dynamic p	oller. Smaller v erformance, th	alues provide a he value should	faster response be adjusted to s	in reaction to motu uit the connected	or load changes, load.	at the risk of
P4-05	Sets the interint oducing Motor Po When open	egral time for the instability. For between Factor rating in Vector	e speed contro pest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor	oller. Smaller v erformance, th control mode	alues provide a he value should	faster response be adjusted to s 0.50 er must be set to	in reaction to motouit the connected 0.99 the motor nameple	or load changes, load. - ate power factor	at the risk of
P4-05	Sets the interint oducing Motor Po When open	egral time for th instability. For b wer Factor	e speed contropest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor ence / Limit	oller. Smaller v erformance, th control mode	alues provide a he value should s, this paramete	faster response be adjusted to s	in reaction to motuit the connected 0.99 the motor namepl	or load changes, load.	at the risk of
P4-05	Sets the interintroducing Motor Pa When open Torque Co	egral time for th instability. For b wer Factor rating in Vector ontrol Refer	e speed contropest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor rence / Limit n torque 7	control mode The torque of	alues provide a he value should should should sometimes, this paramete controller reference prque is control	faster response be adjusted to s 0.50 er must be set to 0 nce / limit is set	in reaction to motuli the connected 0.99 the motor namepl 5 in P4-07.	or load changes, load. - ate power factor • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	at the risk of whereby 1009
	Sets the interint oducing Motor Po When open Torque Co O	egral time for the instability. For between Factor rating in Vector ontrol Reference Maximum limit P4-0	e speed contropest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor ence / Limit n torque 7 put 1	control mode **The torque control to output to input signal The output to input to output to input to output to input to output to input to output to outp	alues provide a he value should s, this paramete controller refere prque is control level will result prque is control	of faster response be adjusted to s o.50 er must be set to o nce / limit is set led based on the in the drive output led based on the	in reaction to motuli the connected 0.99 the motor namepl 5 in P4-07.	or load changes, load. ate power factor Analog Input 1, nited by the value of Analog Input 2.	at the risk of - whereby 1009 e set in P4-07. whereby 1009
P4-05	Sets the interintroducing Motor Po When open Torque Co O	egral time for the instability. For between Factor rating in Vector ontrol Reference Maximum limit P4-0.	e speed contropest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor ence / Limit n torque 7 put 1	control mode **The torque of the output to input signal	alues provide a he value should should should some sontroller reference or que is control level will result or que is control level will result or que is control level will result or que is control 0% input signal	of aster response be adjusted to s o.50 er must be set to o nce / limit is set led based on the in the drive output led based on the limit be deserved by the led based on the l	in reaction to motivit the connected 0.99 the motor namepl 5 in P4-07. e signal applied to ut torque being line e signal applied to the connected to the c	or load changes, load. - ate power factor o Analog Input 1, nited by the value of Analog Input 2, nited by the value of Analog Input 2, on the value of Analog Input 3, on the value of Anal	at the risk of
P4-05	Sets the interint oducing Motor Po When open Torque Co 0	egral time for the instability. For between Factor rating in Vector ontrol Reference Maximum limit P4-0. Analog In	e speed contropest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor ence / Limit n torque 7 put 1 put 2	control mode t Source The torque of input signal The output to value set in input signal The output to value set in input set input set in input set in input set in input set input set in in	alues provide a he value should should should sontroller refere controller is control level will result orque is control level will result orque is control 10% input signal 10% and 10% orque is control 10% and 10% orque is control 10% orque	of aster response be adjusted to so the adjusted based on the adjusted based o	in reaction to motivit the connected 0.99 the motor namepl 5 in P4-07. e signal applied to ut torque being line e signal from the cesting line e signal e sign	or load changes, load. ate power factor Analog Input 1, nited by the value of Analog Input 2 and the value of Analog Input 3 and the value of Analog Input 4	at the risk of the risk of whereby 1005 e set in P4-07. whereby 1006 e set in P4-07. itieldbus, ited by the
P4-05	Sets the interint oducing Motor Po When oper Torque Co 0 1 2 3	egral time for the instability. For the instability. For the power Factor rating in Vector ontrol Refer Maximum limit P4-0 Analog In Fieldbus	e speed contropest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor rence / Limit n torque 7 put 1 put 2 Slave	control mode Fource The output to input signal The output to value set in 100% input 100%. The output to value set in 100% input 100%. The output to 100% input 100% input 100% input 100%.	alues provide a he value should should should some sontroller reference or que is control level will result or que is control level will result or que is control 10% input signal 10% input signal 10% or que is control 10% input signal 10% or que is control 10% or	of aster response be adjusted to so the adjusted to so the adjusted to so the adjusted to so the adjusted based on the adjusted base	in reaction to motivit the connected 0.99 the motor namepl 5 in P4-07. e signal applied to ut torque being linute out torque being linute signal from the control on the drive output e signal from the linute signal from the linute output e signal from the linute e signa	or load changes, load. ate power factor o Analog Input 1, nited by the value of Analog Input 2 on Analog Input 3 on Analog Input 4 on Analog Input 4 on Analog Input 3 on Analog Input 4 on Analog Input 5 on Analog Input 5 on Analog Input 5 on Analog Input 6 on Analog Input 6 on Analog Input 8 on An	at the risk of
P4-05	Sets the interint oducing Motor Po When oper Torque Co 0 1 2 3 4	gral time for the instability. For the instability of the instability. For the instability of the instability of the instability. Fieldbus	e speed contropest dynamic p cos Ø Speed motor rence / Limit n torque 7 put 1 put 2 Slave	control mode Fource The torque of input signal The output to input signal The output to whereby 10 value set in 100% input 120%	alues provide a he value should should should some sontroller reference or que is control level will result or que is control level will result or que is control 10% input signal 10% input signal 10% or que is control 10% input signal 10% or que is control 10% or	of aster response be adjusted to so the adjusted to so the adjusted to so the adjusted to so the adjusted based on the adjusted base	in reaction to motivit the connected 0.99 the motor namepl 5 in P4-07. e signal applied to be signal applied to be signal from the control of the drive output e signal from the life output torque be e output of the PID	or load changes, load. ate power factor o Analog Input 1, nited by the value of Analog Input 2 on Analog Input 3 on Analog Input 4 on Analog Input 4 on Analog Input 3 on Analog Input 4 on Analog Input 5 on Analog Input 5 on Analog Input 5 on Analog Input 6 on Analog Input 6 on Analog Input 8 on An	at the risk of

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Par		Pa	ırameter Name	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P4-08	Minii	mum Torque Lim	nit	P4-08	150	0	%				
	Active only in Vector Speed or Vector Torque motor control modes (P4-01 = 0 or 1). Sets a minimum torque limit, whereby when the Optidrive is enabled, it will always attempt to maintain this torque on the motor at all times whilst operating.										
	NOTE This parameter should be used with extreme care, as the drive output frequency will increase achieve the torque level, and may exceed the selected speed reference.										
P4-09	Rege	enerative Torque	e Limit	0.0	500	100	%				
		only in Vector Spee ptidrive.	ed or Vector Torque motor control mod	des (P4-01 = 0 or 1).	Sets the maximum	regenerating tord	que allowed by				
P4-10	V/F	Characteristic A	djustment Frequency	0.0	P1-09	0.0	Hz				
	When P4-11	operating in V/F m is applied to the mo	node (P4-01 = 2), this parameter in co otor. Care must be taken to avoid over	njunction with P4-11 s rheating and damagir	ets a frequency pong the motor when	oint at which the v using this feature	voltage set in				
P4-11	V/F	Characteristic A	djustment Voltage	0	P1-07	0	V				
	Used	Used in conjunction with parameter P4-10.									
P4-12	Ther	mal Overload Ro	etention	0	1	1	-				
	0	Disabled									
	1	Enabled	All Optidrives feature electronic the the motor against damage. An inter and will trip the drive if the usage ex supply from the drive and re-applying value is retained during power off.	nal overload accumul ceeds the thermal limi	ator monitors the r t. When P4-12 is a	motor output curre disabled, removir	ent over time, ig the power				
P4-13	Outp	out Phase Seque	nce	0	1	0	-				
	0	U,V,W	Stand motor phase sequence. Typic	pically, this provides clockwise rotation of the motor.							
	1	U,W,V	Reverse motor phase sequence. Typ	pically this provides co	unter-clockwise ro	otation of the mot	or.				
P4-14	Therr	mal Overload Ro	eaction	0	1	0	-				
	0	Trip	When the overload accumulator re-	aches the limit, the driv	ches the limit, the drive will trip on It.trp to prevent damage to the moto						
	י	Current Limit Reduction	When the overload accumulator red of P1-08 in order to avoid an It.trp. accumulator reaches 10%.								
P4-15	Mast	er Mode Config	uration (Master-Slave Mode)	0	1	0	-				
	0	Motor speed & torque reference	In this mode, when the drive functions as a Master in Master-Slave Mode, the data broadcast on the drive network is the Master Actual Speed and the Master Torque Reference. This mode is suitable for Master-Slave applications which required speed following.								
	1	Speed reference & motor torque	In this mode, when the drive functions as a Master in Master-Slave Mode, the data broadcast on the drive network is the Master Speed Reference and the Master Actual Torque. This mode is suitable for Master-Slave applications which required load sharing between multiple drives.								

8.3. Parameter Group 5 - Communication Parameters

8.3.1. Overview

Optidrive P2 provides many methods to allow the user to connect to a variety of fieldbus networks. In addition, connection to options such as external keypads, PC and Optistick are possible. Parameter Group 5 provides the parameters required to configure the various fieldbus interfaces and connection points.

8.3.2. Connecting Invertek Drives Options

All Invertek Drives options which require communication with the drive, such as the Optiport and Optipad remote keypads and Optistick connect to the Optidrive P2 using the built in RJ45 connection point. The pin connections on these options are already matched, such that a simple pin to pin plug in cable can be used to connect these options without any special requirements. For further information on connecting and using these optional items, refer to the specific option User guide.

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8.3.3. Connecting to a PC

Optidrive P2 may be connected to a PC with Microsoft Windows operating system to allow use of the Optitools Studio PC software for commissioning and monitoring. There are two possible methods of connection as follows:

- Wired Connection. Requires the optional PC connection kit OPT-2-USB485-OBUS which provides a USB to RS485 serial port conversion and premanufactured RJ45 connection.
- Bluetooth Wireless Connection. Requires the optional Optistick OPT-3-STICK. The PC must have Bluetooth onboard or a suitable Bluetooth dongle which can support a Bluetooth serial connection.

With either communication method, the steps to establish a connection between the PC and drive are as follows:

- Download and install the Optitools Studio PC software to the PC.
- Start the software, and select the Parameter Editor function.
- If the drive address has been changed in parameter P5-01, ensure that in the Optitools Studio software the Network Scan Limit setting in the lower left corner of the screen is set to the same or higher value.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Communication Type.
 - o If using the Optistick, Select BlueTooth.
 - o If using the wired PC connection kit, select RS485.
- In Optitools Studio select Tools > Select COM Port > Select the COM port associated with the connection.
- Click the Scan Drive Network button in the lower left corner of the screen.

8.3.4. Modbus RTU Connection

Optidrive P2 supports Modbus RTU communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications on page 64.

8.3.5. CAN Open Connection

Optidrive P2 supports CAN Open communication. Connection is made through the RJ45 connector. For further information refer to section 9.3. CAN Open Communication on page 66.

8.3.6. Other Fieldbus Networks

Additional fieldbus network protocols are supported using optional interfaces. Refer to the Invertek Drives website for a list of supported protocols and the required interface option modules.

8.3.7. Communication Parameters

Par	Name		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P5-01	Drive I	ieldbus Address	1	63	1	-
	When u	Fieldbus address for the Optidrive. sing Modbus RTU, this parameter sets the Node Addres ion. Please note that if a higher Modbus address than 6 ameter also determines the Optibus address of the drive	3 is required, P5-16 c	can be used – see		
P5-02	CAN B	aud Rate	125	1000	500	kbps
	Sets the	baud rate when CAN Open communications are used.				
P5-03	Modb	us RTU Baud rate	9.6	115.2	115.2	kbps
	Sets the	baud rate when Modbus RTU communications are used	d.			
P5-04	Modb	us RTU Data Format	-	-	n-1	-
	Sets the	expected Modbus telegram data format as follows:				
	n- 1	No Parity, 1 stop bit				
	n-2	No parity, 2 stop bits				
	D- 1	Odd parity, 1 stop bit				
	E- 1	Even parity, 1 stop bit				
P5-05	Comm	unications Loss Timeout	0.0	5.0	1.0	Seconds
	Sets the the drive	watchdog time period for the communications channel. If will assume a loss of communications has occurred and	a valid telegram is no react as selected belo	ot received by the ow. Setting to zero	Optidrive within disables the fun	this time period ction.
P5-06	Comm	unications Loss Action	0	3	0	-
	0	Trip & Coast To Stop				
	1	Ramp to Stop Then Trip				
	2	Ramp to Stop Only (No Trip)				
	3	Run at Preset Speed 8				

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Par	Name				Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P5-07	Fieldb	us Ramp Coi	ntrol		0	1	0	-			
	0	Disabled		ed from internal drive po	ırameters P1-03	and P1-04.					
	1	Enabled		ed directly by the Fieldb							
P5-08	Fieldb	ous PDO-4 Do		, ,	0	7	0	-			
	0	Motor tore	que	0 to 2000 = 0 to 20	00.0%						
	1	Motor pov	· wer	Output power in kV	V to two decima	ll places, e.g. 400	= 4.00kW				
	2	Digital Inp		Bit O indicates digita	al input 1 status,	bit 1 indicates dig	ital input 2 status	etc			
	3	Analog In	put 2	0 to 1000 = 0 to 10	0 to 1000 = 0 to 100.0%						
	4	Heatsink 1	[emperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 100)°C						
	5	User regis	ter 1	User Defined Regist	er 1 Value						
	6	User regis	ter 2	User Defined Regist	er 1 Value						
	7	PO-80 valu	Je	User Selected data	value						
P5-12	Fieldb	us PDO-3 Do	ıta Select		0	7	0	-			
	0	Motor cur	rent	Output current to 1	decimal place,	e.g. 100 = 10.0 A	mps				
	1 Motor power			Output power in kV	V to two decima	l places, e.g. 400	= 4.00kW				
	2	Digital inp	ut status	Bit O indicates digita	al input 1 status,	bit 1 indicates dig	ital input 2 status	etc			
	3	Analog In	put 2	0 to 1000 = 0 to 10	0.0%						
	4	Heatsink 1	Temperature	0 to 100 = 0 to 100)°C						
	5	User regis	ter 1	User Defined Regist	er 1 Value						
	6	User regis	ter 2	•							
	7	PO-80 valu	Je	User Selected data	value						
P5-13	Fieldb	us PDI-4 Fun	ction Select		0	1	0	-			
	0	Fieldbus re	amps	This option must be be controlled from t	selected if the drive acceleration and deceleration ramps are to the fieldbus. P5-07 must also be set to 1 to enable this function.						
	'	User regis	ter 4	The value received by the drive in PDI 4 is transferred to User Register 4. This optio allows the function of the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this case, User Register 4 should not be written to within any PLC function code, although the value can be read.							
P5-14	Fieldb	us PDI-3 Fun	ction Select		0	2	0	-			
	0	Torque ref	erence / limit	This option must be from the fieldbus. Th			imit / setpoint is t	o be controlled			
	1	PID refere	nce	This option allows the order for this option not be utilised within	to be used, P9-	38 must be set to					
	2	User regis	ter 3	The value received by the drive in PDI 3 is transferred to User Register 3. This opticallows the function of the process data word to be defined in Parameter Group 9. In this case, User Register 3 should not be written to within any PLC function code although the value can be read.							
P5-15	Modb	us Response	Delay		0	16	0	Chr			
	reply. T	he value entered		lay between the drive re- in addition to the minimu characters.							
P5-16	Drive	Modbus Add	lress		0	273	0	-			
	larger r If this po	network, it can b arameter is set to	e set in this parameter.	et in P5-01 which has a r O, this address will beco		-		•			

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8.4. Advanced Parameters

For Advanced Parameters, basic information only is provided in this guide. The parameter functions are described more fully in Optitools Studio PC software.

8.4.1. Parameter Group 6 – Advanced Configuration

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P6-01	Firmware Upgrade Enable	0	Disabled	0	This parameter should not be
	Timware opgrade Endble	1	Update I/O & P/S		adjusted by the user.
		2	Update I/O		
		3	Update P/S		
P6-02	Thermal Overload Management	4 – 32kHz (Model Dependent)		4 kHz	Minimum Effective Switching Frequency.
P6-03	Auto Reset Time Delay	1 – 60 Seconds		20s	
P6-04	Relay Output Hysteresis	0.0) – 25.0%	0.3%	
P6-05	Encoder Feedback Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-06	Encoder PPR	0 -	65535	0	
P6-07	Speed Error Trip Threshold	0.0) – 100.0%	5.0%	
P6-08	Max Speed Reference Frequency		- 20kHz	0 kHz	
P6-09	Speed Droop Control	0.0) – 25.0%	0.0%	
P6-10	Function Block Program Enable	0	Disabled	0	
		1	Enabled		
P6-11	Speed Hold Time on Enable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-12	Speed Hold / DC Injection Time on Disable	0 -	- 250s	Os	
P6-13	Hoist Brake Release Time	0.0) – 5.0s	0.2s	
P6-14	Hoist Brake Apply Time) – 5.0s	0.3s	
P6-15	Hoist Brake Pre-Torque Level) – 200.0%	8.0%	
P6-16	Hoist Pre-Torque Time Limit) – 25.0s	5.0s	
P6-17	Maximum Torque Time Limit) – 25.0s	0.0s	
P6-18	DC Injection Braking Current	0.0) – 100.0%	0.0%	This function is active only for Induction Motors (IM) and Synchronous Reluctance Motor (SyncRM).
P6-19	Brake Resistor Resistance		Model Dependent	'	
P6-20	Brake Resistor Power		Model Dependent		
P6-21	Brake Chopper Ut Duty	0.0) – 20.0%	2.0%	
P6-22	Reset Fan Run Time	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-23	Reset Energy Meters	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-24	Maintenance Time Interval	0 -	- 60000 Hours	0 Hours	
P6-25	Reset Maintenance Indicator	0	No Reset	0	
		1	Reset		
P6-26	Analog Output 1 Scaling	0.0) – 500.0%	100.0%	
P6-27	Analog Output 1 Offset		00.0 – 500.0%	0.0%	
P6-28	PO-80 Display Index		200	0	
P6-29	User Default Parameters	0	No Function	0	
		1	Save user parameters	1	
		2	Clear user parameters	\dashv	
P6-30	Level 3 (Advanced) Access Code	_	- 9999	201	
. 0-30	reser a lunsanceal vecess code	10-	- //77	ZVI	

8.4.2. Parameter Group 7 – Motor Control

Par.	Function		Setting Range	Default	Notes
P7-01	Motor Stator Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Drive	Motor data, measured or calculated during
P7-02	Motor Rotor Resistance	0.0	00 – 65.535	Dependent	the autotune. P7-04 is not used for PM & BLDC Motors.
P7-03	Motor Stator Inductance (d)	0.0	000 – 1.0000		P7-06 is used only for PM motors.
P7-04	Magnetising Current (id)	Driv	ve Dependent		
P7-05	Motor Leakage Coefficient (Sigma)	0.0	00 – 0.250		
P7-06	Motor Q Axis Inuctance (Lsq)	0.0	000 – 1.0000		
P7-07	Enhanced Generator Mode	0	Disable Enable	0	Improves motor control in applications with high regenerative power requirement.
P7-08	Motor Parameter Adaptation	0	Disabled Enable	0	Enables motor parameter adaptation, intended to compensate for changes in the motor temperature during operation.
P7-09	Over Voltage Current Limit	0.0	- 100.0%	5.0%	
P7-10	Load Inertia Constant	0 -	600	10	
P7-11	Pulse Width Minimum Limit	0 -	500	150	
P7-12	V/F Mode Magnetising Delay Time	0 -	5000ms	Drive Dependent	Sets the motor magnetising period in V/F Mode. Sets the motor alignment time in PM modes.
P7-13	Vector Speed Controller Differential Gain	0.0	- 400%	0.00	Derivative speed loop gain applied in Vector control modes.
P7-14	Low Frequency Torque Boost	0.0	- 100.0%	0.0%	For PM Motors, applies a torque boost current at low frequency, % x P1-08.
P7-15	Torque Boost Frequency Limit	0.0	- 50.0%	0.0%	For PM motors, determines the frequency, % x P1-09 when the boost current is removed.
P7-16	PM Motor Signal Injection	0	Disabled Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period		
		2	Signal Injection at Low Speed	0	
		3	Signal Injection During Magnetizing Period and at Low Speed		
P7-17	Signal Injection Level	0 -	100	10	
P7-18	Over Modulation	0	Disabled Enable	0	
P7-19	Modulation Mode	0	3-Phase Modulation 2-Phase Modulation	0	

8.4.3. Parameter Group 8 - Additional Ramps and Functions

	I		
Par.	Function	Setting Range	Default Notes
P8-01	Acceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-02	Ramp 1 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-03	Acceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-04	Ramp 2 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-05	Acceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-06	Ramp 3 → 4 Speed Boundary	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-07	Deceleration Ramp 4	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-08	Ramp 4 → 3 Speed Boundary	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-09	Deceleration Ramp 3	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-10	Ramp 3 → 2 Speed Boundary	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-11	Deceleration Ramp 2	0.00 - 600.0 / 0.0 - 6000.0s	5.0s
P8-12	Ramp 2 → 1 Speed Boundary	0.0 - P1-01 Hz / Rpm	0.0
P8-13	Ramp Select Control	O Digital input selection	0
		1 Speed based selection	

8.4.4. Parameter Group 9 - User Inputs and Output Programming

	Function	Setting Range	Default	Notes
P9-01	Enable Input Source	These parameters allow the user to dire	ectly select t	he source of the various command points.
P9-02	Fast Stop Input Source	Parameters are only adjustable if P1-1	3 = 0. This a	llows complete flexibility over the drive control
P9-03	Run Forward Input Source	functions, and interaction with the inter	nai runction	Block programming environment.
P9-04	Run Reverse Input Select			
P9-05	Latch Function Enable	0 OFF	0	
		1 ON	1	
P9-06	Reverse Input Source	See above		
P9-07	Reset Input Source			
P9-08	External Trip Input Source			
P9-09	Terminal Control Select Source			
P9-10	Speed Reference Source 1	In combination with P9-18 - P9-20, a	llow selectic	on of several speed reference sources for common
P9-11	Speed Reference Source 2	applications.		
P9-12	Speed Reference Source 3			
P9-13	Speed Reference Source 4			
P9-14	Speed Reference Source 5			
P9-15	Speed Reference Source 6			
P9-16	Speed Reference Source 7	1		
P9-17	Speed Reference Source 8	1		
P9-18	Speed Reference Select Input O	See above		
P9-19	Speed Reference Select Input 1	1		
P9-20	Speed Reference Select Input 2			
P9-21	Preset Speed Select Input O			
P9-22	Preset Speed Select Input 1			
P9-23	Preset Speed Select Input 2	1		
P9-24	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit O	-		
P9-25	Acceleration Ramp Select Bit 1	-		
P9-26	Deceleration Ramp Bit O	-		
P9-27	Deceleration Ramp Bit 1			
P9-28	Motorised Pot Up Input Source			
P9-29	Motorised Pot Down Input Source			
P9-30	Speed Limit Switch Forward			
P9-31	Speed Limit Switch Reverse	1		
P9-33	Analog Output 1 Source	O Defined by P2-11		
			0	These parameters allow the user to override
		1 Function block program - digital] 0	These parameters allow the user to override the normal parameter control source for the
		1 Tonellon block program aignar		the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source	 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-13 	0	the normal parameter control source for the
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source	2 Function block program - analog		the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source	Function block program - analog Defined by P2-13 Function block program - digital		the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-34	Analog Output 2 Source Relay 1 Control Source	Function block program - analog Defined by P2-13 Function block program - digital		the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
		2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15	0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
		2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15	0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source	2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-18	0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source	2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital	0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source	2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-21	0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source	2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-21 1 Function block program - digital	0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35 P9-36 P9-37	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source Display Scaling Source Control	2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-21 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-21 O Defined by P3-05	0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35 P9-36 P9-37	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source Display Scaling Source Control	2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P2-21 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P3-05 1 Function block program - digital	0 0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35 P9-36 P9-37 P9-38	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source Display Scaling Source Control PID Reference Source	2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P2-21 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P3-21 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P3-05 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P3-05	0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35 P9-36 P9-37 P9-38	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source Display Scaling Source Control PID Reference Source PID Feedback Source	2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-21 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P3-05 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P3-10 1 Function block program - digital	0 0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35 P9-36 P9-37 P9-38 P9-39	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source Display Scaling Source Control PID Reference Source	2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog O Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P2-21 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P3-05 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P3-05 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P3-10 1 Function block program - digital O Defined by P4-06	0 0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming
P9-35 P9-36 P9-37 P9-38 P9-39	Relay 1 Control Source Relay 2 Control Source Display Scaling Source Control PID Reference Source PID Feedback Source	2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-13 1 Function block program - digital 2 Function block program - analog 0 Defined by P2-15 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P2-18 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P2-21 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P3-05 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P3-10 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P3-10 1 Function block program - digital 0 Defined by P4-06	0 0 0	the normal parameter control source for the associated function, allowing interaction with the internal Function Block programming

8.5. Parameter Group 0 - Monitoring Parameters (Read Only)

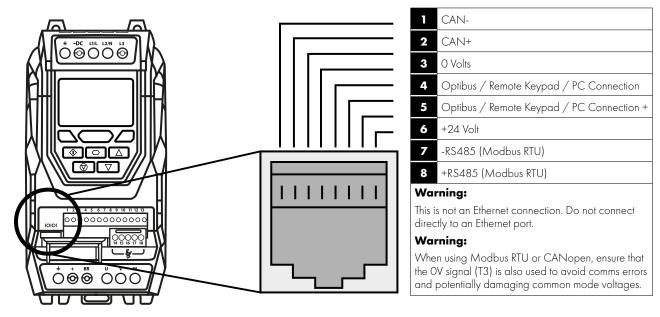
Par.	Function	Units
0-01	Analog Input 1 Value	%
0-02	Analog Input 2 Value	%
0-03	Digital Input Status – Bit representation (O or 1) where the left most digit indicates the status of Digital Input 1	N/A
0-04	Speed Controller Reference	Hz / RPM
0-05	Torque Controller Reference	%
0-06	Digital Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
0-07	Fieldbus Speed Reference	Hz / RPM
80-0	PID Reference (Setpoint)	%
0-09	PID Feedback	%
PO-10	PID Output	%
PO-11	Motor Voltage	V
PO-12	Output Torque	%
PO-13	Trip Log – Last 4 Trips	N/A
0-14	Magnetising Current (id)	A
0-15	Rotor Current (iq)	A
0-16	DC Bus Voltage Ripple	V
0-17	Motor Stator Resistance Rs	Ω
PO-18	Motor Stator Inductance Ls	Н
0-19	Motor Rotor Resistance Rr	Ω
0-20	DC Bus Voltage	V
0-21	Heatsink Temperature	°C
0-22	Time Left To Next Service	Hours
0-23	Time Heatsink > 85°C	HH:MM:SS
0-24	Time Internal > 80°C	HH:MM:SS
0-25	Estimated Rotor Speed	Hz / RPM
0-26	kWh Meter	kWh
0-27	MWh Meter	MWh
0-28	Software Version	N/A
0-29	Drive type	N/A
0-30	Drive serial number	N/A
0-31	Total Run Time	HH:MM:SS
0-32	Run Time Since Last Trip 1	HH:MM:SS
0-33	Run Time Since Last Trip	HH:MM:SS
0-34	Run Time Since Last Enable	HH:MM:SS
0-35	Cooling fan operating time	Hours
0-36	DC Bus Voltage Log: 8 samples, 256ms	V
0-37	DC Bus Voltage Ripple Log: 8 samples 20ms	V
0-38	Heatsink Temperature Log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
0-39	Internal Temperature Log: 8 samples, 30s	°C
0-40	Motor Current Log: 8 samples 256ms	Α
0-41	O-I Fault Counter	N/A
0-42	O-Volts Fault Counter	N/A
0-43	U-Volts Fault Counter	N/A
0-44	Heatsink O-Temp Counter	N/A
0-45	Brake resistor over current trip counter	N/A

Par.	Function	Units
P0-46	Internal over temperature trip count	N/A
P0-47	I/O Comms Fault Counter	N/A
P0-48	DSP Comms Fault Counter	N/A
P0-49	Modbus RTU Fault Counter	N/A
P0-50	CAN Fault Counter	N/A
PO-51	PDI cyclic data	N/A
PO-52	PDO cyclic data	N/A
PO-53	Phase U Current Offset and Reference	N/A
P0-54	Phase V Current Offset and Reference	N/A
PO-55	Reserved	N/A
P0-56	Brake Max On Time / Duty	N/A
P0-57	Ud / Uq	N/A
PO-58	Encoder Feedback Speed	Hz / RPM
PO-59	Frequency Input Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-60	Calculated Slip Speed	Hz / RPM
P0-61	Relay Speed Hysteresis	Hz / RPM
P0-62	Droop speed	Hz / RPM
P0-63	Post ramp speed reference	Hz / RPM
P0-64	Actual Eff. Switching Frequency	kHz
P0-65	Drive Total Life Time	HH:MM:SS
P0-66	Function block program ID	N/A
P0-67	Overload Integration Level	%
P0-68	User ramp value	S
P0-69	I2C Error Counter	N/A
P0-70	Option Module ID	N/A
P0-71	Fieldbus Module ID	N/A
P0-72	Internal Temperature	°C
PO-73	24 Hour Timer Value	Minute
PO-74	L1 Input Voltage	V
PO-75	L2 Input Voltage	V
P0-76	L3 Input Voltage	V
P0-77	Encoder Pulse Count	N/A
PO-78	Test parameter	N/A
P0-79	Boot-Loader and Motor Control Version	N/A
PO-80	P6-28 Selected Parameter	N/A

9. Serial Communications

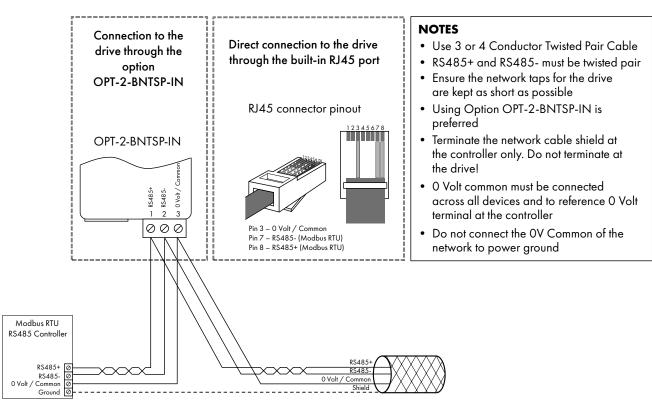
9.1. RS-485 Communications

Optidrive P2 has an RJ45 connector located within the wiring enclosure of the drive. This connector allows the user to set up a drive network via a wired connection. The connector contains two independent RS485 connections, one for Invertek's Optibus Protocol and one for Modbus RTU / CANBus. Both connections can be used simultaneously. The Optibus connection is always available, and can be used simultaneously with other interfaces, however only one other interface may be used, e.g. If Modbus RTU is in use, CAN is disabled. If a Fieldbus Option Module (E.g. Profibus) is inserted into the drive, both Modbus and CAN are disabled. The electrical signal arrangement of the RJ45 connector is shown as follows:



- The Optibus data link is only used for connection of Invertek peripherals and inter-drive communication.
- The Modbus interface allows connection to a Modbus RTU network as described in section 9.2. Modbus RTU Communications.

9.1.1. RS-485 Communications Electrical Connections



Modbus RTU and CANbus connection should be made via the RJ45 connector. The pin assignments are as shown above, in section 9.1. RS-485 Communications.

- Modbus RTU and CANbus networks require three conductors for best operation and to eliminate common mode voltages on the
 drive terminals:
 - o RS485+
 - o RS485-
 - o O Volt Common
- Connection should be made using a suitable dual twisted pair, shielded cable, with a wave impedance of 120 Ohms.
- Use one of the twisted pairs to connect to the RS485+ and RS485- of each drive.
- Use one conductor of the remaining pair to connect together all the 0 volt common connection terminals.
- The cable shield should be connected to a suitable clean ground point to prevent interference with the screen maintained as close as possible to the cable terminations.
- Do not connect the O Volt Common, RS485- or RS485+ to ground at any point.
- Network terminating resistor (120 Ohms) should be used at the end of the network to reduce noise.

9.2. Modbus RTU Communications

9.2.1. Modbus Telegram Structure

The Optidrive P2 supports Master / Slave Modbus RTU communications, using the O3 Read Multiple Holding Registers and O6 Write Single Holding Register commands and 16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only). Many Master devices treat the first Register address as Register O; therefore it may be necessary to convert the Register Numbers detailed in section 9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers by subtracting 1 to obtain the correct Register address.

9.2.2. Modbus Control & Monitoring Registers

The following is a list of accessible Modbus Registers available in the Optidrive P2.

- When Modbus RTU is configured as the Fieldbus option, all of the listed registers can be accessed.
- Registers 1 and 2 can be used to control the drive provided that Modbus RTU is selected as the primary command source (P1-12 = 4) and no Fieldbus Option Module is installed in the drive Option Slot.
- Register 4 can be used to control the acceleration and deceleration rate of the drive providing that Fieldbus Ramp Control is enabled (P5-07 = 1).
- Registers 6 to 24 can be read regardless of the setting of P1-12.

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Register Number	Upper Byte	Lower Byte	Read Write	Notes
1	Command Con	trol Word	R/W	Command control word used to control the Optidrive when operating with Modbus RTU. The Control Word bit functions are as follows: Bit 0: Run/Stop command. Set to 1 to enable the drive. Set to 0 to stop the drive. Bit 1: Fast stop request. Set to 1 to enable drive to stop with 2nd deceleration ramp. Bit 2: Reset request. Set to 1 in order to reset any active faults or trips on the drive. This bit must be reset to zero once the fault has been cleared. Bit 3: Coast stop request. Set to 1 to issue a coast stop command.
2	Command Spe	ed Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in Hz to one decimal place, e.g. 500 = 50.0Hz.
3	Command Torq	ue Reference	R/W	Setpoint must be sent to the drive in % to one decimal place, e.g. 2000 = 200.0%.
4	Command Ram	Command Ramp times		This register specifies the drive acceleration and deceleration ramp times used when Fieldbus Ramp Control is selected (P5-08 = 1) irrespective of the setting of P1-12. The input data range is from 0 to 60000 (0.00s to 600.00s).
6	6 Error code Drive status		R	This register contains 2 bytes. The Lower Byte contains an 8 bit drive status word as follows: Bit 0: 0 = Drive Disabled (Stopped), 1 = Drive Enabled (Running). Bit 1: 0 = Drive Healthy, 1 = Drive Tripped. Bit 2: No Function. Bit 3: 0 = Drive Ready (STO Input Closed), 1 = Drive Inhibit (STO Input Open). Bit 4: Maintenance Time Not Reached, 1 = Maintenance Time Reached. Bit 5: 0 = Not In Standby (Sleep), 1 = Standby (Sleep) mode active. Bit 6: 0 = Drive Not Ready, 1 = Drive Ready (Mains Power applied, No Inhibit, No Trip, Enable Input Present). Bit 7: No Function. The Upper Byte will contain the relevant fault number in the event of a drive trip. Refer to section 11.1. Fault Messages for a list of fault codes and diagnostic information.
7	Output Frequen	су	R	Output frequency of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.123 = 12.3 Hz.
8	Output Current		R	Output current of the drive to one decimal place, e.g.105 = 10.5 Amps.
9	Output Torque		R	Motor output torque level to one decimal place, e.g. 474 = 47.4 %.
10	Output Power		R	Output power of the drive to two decimal places, e.g.1100 = 11.00 kW.
11	Digital Input Sta	itus	R	Represents the status of the drive inputs where Bit O = Digital Input 1 etc.
20	Analog 1 Level		R	Analog Input 1 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
21	Analog 2 Level		R	Analog Input 2 Applied Signal level in % to one decimal place, e.g. 1000 = 100.0%.
22	Pre Ramp Spee	d Reference	R	Internal drive frequency setpoint.
23	DC bus voltage	es .	R	Measured DC Bus Voltage in Volts.
24	Drive temperatu	ire	R	Measured Heatsink Temperature in °C.

9.2.3. Modbus Parameter Access

All User Adjustable parameters (Groups 1 to 5) are accessible by Modbus, except those that would directly affect the Modbus communications, e.g.

- P5-01 Drive Fieldbus Address see also P5-16 Drive Modbus Address.
- P5-03 Modbus RTU Baud Rate.
- P5-04 Modbus RTU Data Format.

All parameter values can be read from the drive and written to, depending on the operating mode of the drive – some parameters cannot be changed whilst the drive is enabled for example.

When accessing a drive parameter via Modbus, the Register number for the parameter is the same as the parameter number, e.g. Parameter P1-01 = Modbus Register 101.

Modbus RTU supports sixteen bit integer values, hence where a decimal point is used in the drive parameter, the register value will be multiplied by a factor of ten,

e.g. Read Value of P1-O1 = 500, therefore this is 50.0Hz.

For further details on communicating with Optidrives using Modbus RTU, please refer to your local Invertek Sales Partner.

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9.3. CAN Open Communication

9.3.1. Overview

The CANopen communication profile in the P2 drive is implemented according to the specification DS301 version 4.02 of CAN in automation (www.can-cia.de). Specific device profiles such as DS402 are not supported.

9.3.2. Basic Operation Setup

The CANopen communication function is enabled by default after power up however in order to use any control functions through CANopen, Parameter P1-12 must be set to 6.

The CAN communication baud rate can is selected by parameter P5-02. Available baud rates are 125kbps, 250kbps, 500kbps, 1 Mbps. Default settings is 500kbps.

The Node ID is set up through drive address parameter P5-01 with a default value of 1.

9.3.3. COB ID and Functions

Optidrive P2 provides the following default COB-ID and functions:

	Table 1 : Me	ssages and COB-IDs
Туре	COB-ID	Function
NMT	000h	Network management.
Sync	080h	Synchronous message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
Emergency	080h + Node address	Emergency message. COB-ID can be configured to other value.
PDO1 (TX)	180h + Node address	Process data object.
PDO1 (RX)	200h + Node address	PDO1 is pre-mapped and enabled by default.
PDO2 (TX)	280h + Node address	PDO2 is pre-mapped and disabled by default. Transmission mode, COB-ID and mapping can be configured.
PDO2 (RX)	300h + Node address	indistribution mode, COB 15 did mapping can be comigured.
SDO (TX)	580h + Node address	SDO channel can be used for drive parameter access.
SDO (RX)	600h + Node address	
Error Control	700h + Node address	Guarding and Heartbeat function are supported. COB-ID can be configured to other value.

NOTE

- 1. The Optidrive P2 SDO channel only supports expedited transmission.
- 2. The Optidrive P2 can only support up to 2 Process Data Objects (PDO). All PDOs are pre-mapped, however PDO2 is disabled by default. Table 2 gives the default PDO mapping information.
- 3. Customer configuration (mapping) will **NOT** be saved during power down. This means that the CANopen configuration will restore to its default condition each time the drive is powered up.

9.3.4. Default PDO Mapping

	Table 2: PDO Default Mapping										
Туре	Objects No.	Mapped Object	Length	Mapped Function	Transmission						
	1	2000h	Unsigned 16	Control command register							
RX	2	2001 h	Integer 16	Speed reference	254						
PDO I	3	2002h	Integer 16	Torque reference	Valid immediately						
	4	2003h	Unsigned 16	User ramp reference							
	1	200Ah	Unsigned 16	Drive status register							
	2	200Bh	Integer 16	Integer 16 Motor speed Hz							
PDOT	3	200Dh	Unsigned 16 Motor current		Send after receiving RX PDO 1						
	4	200Eh	Integer 16	Motor torque							
	1	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy							
SDO (RX)	2	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254						
PDO 1 TX PDO 1 SDO (RX) Error Control	3	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy	254						
	4	0006h	Unsigned 16	Dummy							
	1	200Fh	Unsigned 16	Motor power							
	2	2010h	Integer 16	Drive temperature	054						
PDO2	3	2011 h	Unsigned 16	DC bus value	254						
	4	200Ch	Integer 16	Motor speed (Internal data format)							

^{*} Drive control can only be achieved when P1-12=6

9.3.5. Supported PDO Transmission Types

Various transmission modes can be selected for each PDO.

For RX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 3: RX PDO Transmission Mode										
Transmission Type	Mode	Description									
0 – 240	Synchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register when the next sync message is received.									
254, 255	Asynchronous	The received data will be transferred to the drive active control register immediately without delay.									

For TX PDO, the following modes are supported:

	Table 4: TX PDO Transmission Mode											
Transmission Type	Mode	Description										
0	Acyclic synchronous	TX PDO will only be sent out if the PDO data has changed and PDO will be transmitted on reception of SYNC object.										
1 - 240	Cyclic synchronous	TX PDO will be transmitted synchronously and cyclically. The transmission type indicates the number of SYNC object that are necessary to trigger TX PDO.										
254	Asynchronous	TX PDO will only be transferred once corresponding RX PDO has been received.										
255	Asynchronous	TX PDO will be transferred at anytime following a PDO data value change.										

9.3.6. CAN Open Specific Object Table

Index S	oub inde	x Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
1000h	0	Device type	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0
1001h	0	Error register	RO	Unsigned 8	N	0
1002h	0	Manufacturer status register	RO	Unsigned 16	N	0
1005h	0	COB-ID Sync	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	0000080h
008h	0	Manufacturer device name	RO	String	N	ODP2
1009h	0	Manufacturer hardware version	RO	String	N	x.xx
00Ah	0	Manufacturer software version	RO	String	N	x.xx
00Ch	0	Guard time [1 ms]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
00Dh	0	Life time factor	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	0
014h	0	COB-ID EMCY	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00000080h+Node ID
015h	0	Inhibit time emergency [100us]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
017h	0	Producer heart beat time [1 ms]	RVV	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	Identity object No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	Vendor ID	RO	Unsigned 32	N	0x0000031A
018h	2	Product code	RO	Unsigned 32	N	Drive depended
	3	Revision number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	x.xx
	4	Serial number	RO	Unsigned 32	N	e.g. 1234/56/789
	0	SDO parameter No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
200h	1	COB-ID client -> server (RX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000600h+Node ID
	2	COB-ID server -> client (TX)	RO	Unsigned 32	N	00000580h+Node ID
	0	RX PDO 1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
400h	1	RX PDO 1 COB-ID	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	40000200h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO 1 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	254
	0	RX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	2
401h	1	RX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	C0000300h+Node ID
	2	RX PDO2 transmission type	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	0
	0	RX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	RX PDO1 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20000010h
600h	2	RX PDO1 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20010010h
	3	RX PDO1 3rd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20020010h
	4	RX PDO 1 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20030010h
	0	RX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	RX PDO2 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
601h	2	RX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	3	RX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	4	RX PDO2 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	00060010h
	0	TX PDO1 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
2001	1	TX PDO1 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	40000180h+Node ID
800h	2	TX PDO1 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	254
	3	TX PDO 1 Inhibit time [100us]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0
	0	TX PDO2 comms param No. of entries	RO	Unsigned 8	N	3
0071]	TX PDO2 COB-ID	RW	Unsigned 32	N	C0000280h+Node ID
801h	2	TX PDO2 transmission type	RW	Unsigned 8	N	0
	3	TX PDO2 Inhibit time [100us]	RW	Unsigned 16	N	0

Index	Sub index	Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Default value
	0	TX PDO1 mapping / No. of entries	RVV	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO 1 1st mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	200A0010h
1A00h	2	TX PDO 1 2nd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200B0010h
	3 TX PDO1 3rd mapped object		RW	Unsigned 32	N	200D0010h
	4	TX PDO 1 4th mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	200E0010h
	0	TX PDO2 mapping / No. of entries	RW	Unsigned 8	N	4
	1	TX PDO2 1st mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200F0010h
1A01h	2	TX PDO2 2nd mapped object	RW	Unsigned 32	N	20100010h
	3	TX PDO2 3rd mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	20110010h
	4	TX PDO2 4th mapped object	RVV	Unsigned 32	N	200C0010h

9.3.7. Manufacturer Specific Object Table

The following table shows some of the manufacturer specific object dictionary for Optidrive P2. For a complete list, refer to the Optidrive P2 CAN Open Application Note.

Index S	oub index	x Function	Access	Туре	PDO Map	Remark
2000h	0	Control command register	RW	Unsigned 16	Y	See Note Below
2001h	0	Speed reference	RW	Integer 16	Υ	500 = 50.0Hz
2002h	0	Torque reference	RW	Integer 16	Y	1000 = 100.0%
2003h	0	User ramp reference	RW	Unsigned 16	Υ	500 = 5.00s
200Ah	0	Drive status register	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	See Note Below
200Bh	0	Motor speed Hz	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	500 = 50.0Hz
200Dh	0	Motor current	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	123 = 12.3A
200Eh	0	Motor torque	RO	Integer 16	Υ	4096 = 100.0%
200Fh	0	Motor power	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	1234 = 12.34kVV
2010h	0	Drive temperature	RO	Integer 16	Υ	30 = 30°C
2011h	0	DC bus value	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2012h	0	Digital input status	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2013h	0	Analog input 1 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2014h	0	Analog input 2 (percentage)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2015h	0	Analog output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2016h	0	Analog output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2017h	0	relay output 1	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2018h	0	relay output 2	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2019h	0	relay output 3 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
201Ah	0	relay output 4 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
201Bh	0	relay output 5 (extension card)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Ah	0	Kilowatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Bh	0	Megawatt hours (Can be reset by user)	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Ch	0	KWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Dh	0	MWh meter	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Eh	0	Total run hours	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
203Fh	0	Total run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2040h	0	Current run hours (Since last enable)	RO	Unsigned 16	Y	
2041h	0	Current run minute/second	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2042h	0	Time to next service	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2043h	0	Room Temperature	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2044h	0	Speed controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2045h	0	Torque controller reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	
2046h	0	Digital pot speed reference	RO	Unsigned 16	Υ	

Object 2000h: Control Command Register

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0													Normal Operation		Stop	
1													Coast Stop	Reset	Fast Stop	Run

Object 200Ah : Drive Status Register

Status / Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0									10					Drive Healthy	Drive Disabled	
1		Drive Trip Code					Fun	ction	In Standby	Maintenance Time reached	Inhibit	No Function	Drive Tripped	Drive Enabled		

10. Technical Data

10.1. Environmental

Ambient	Storage and Transportation	All Units	-40 60°C / -40 140°F	
Temperature	Operating	IP20 Units	-10 50°C / 14 122°F	
		IP55 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 75)
		IP66 Units	- 10 40°C / 14 104°F	UL Approved
			40 50°C / 104 122°F	With derating (refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature on page 75)
Altitude	Operating	All Units	=<1000m	With UL approval
			=<4000m	With derating (refer to section 10.5.2. Derating for Altitude on page 75)
Relative Humidity	Operating	All Units	< 95%	Non-condensing, frost and moisture free

10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings

The following tables provide the output current rating information for the various Optidrive P2 models. Invertek Drives always recommend that selection of the correct Optidrive is based upon the motor full load current at the incoming supply voltage.

Please note that the maximum cable length stated in the following tables indicate the maximum permissible cable length for the drive hardware and does not take into consideration EMC compliance.

10.2.1. 200 - 240 Volt (+/- 10%),1 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	_	wer ring	Input Current	Fuse or MCB (Type B)		Max	imum Cable Size	Output Mot		mum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	8.6	16	15	8	8	4.3	100	330	100
2	1.5	1.5	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100	330	50
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	100	330	35

10.2.2. 200 - 240 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power Rating				put Fuse or MCB rent (Type B)		imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Maximum Motor Cable Length		Recommended Brake Resistance	
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	Α	m	ft	Ω	
2	0.75	1	5.7	10	10	8	8	4.3	100	330	100	
2	1.5	2	10.5	16	15	8	8	7	100	330	50	
2	2.2	3	13.2	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	100	330	35	
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	100	330	20	
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	32	35	8	8	24	100	330	20	
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	40	16	5	30	100	330	22	
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22	
5	15	20	63.9	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12	
5	18.5	25	<i>7</i> 4.0	100	90	35	2	72	100	330	12	
6	22	30	99.1	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6	
6A	22	30	80.6	100	100	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6	
6	30	40	121.0	160	150	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6	
6B	30	40	97.8	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6	
6	37	50	159.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6	
6B	37	50	139. <i>7</i>	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6	
6	45	50	187.5	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6	

Frame Size	Power Rating						Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Мах	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	mum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω				
6B	45	60	163.4	200	200	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6				
6B	55	75	185.9	250	225	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6				
7	55	50	206.5	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6				
7	75	50	246.3	315	300	150	300MCM	248	100	330	6				

10.2.3. 380 – 480 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power Rating		Input Current	Fuse or MCB (Type B)		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	imum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	100	330	400
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	2.2	3	7.5	10	10	8	8	5.8	100	330	150
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	100	330	100
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100	330	75
3	7.5	10	21.8	32	30	8	8	18	100	330	50
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	100	330	40
4	15	20	34.2	50	45	16	5	30	100	330	22
4	18.5	25	44.1	63	60	16	5	39	100	330	22
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	100	330	22
5	30	40	66.1	80	80	35	2	61	100	330	12
5	37	50	77.3	100	100	35	2	72	100	330	12
6	45	60	102.7	125	125	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6A	45	60	83.5	125	110	150	300MCM	90	100	330	6
6	55	75	126.4	125	175	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6A	55	75	102.2	125	125	150	300MCM	110	100	330	6
6	<i>7</i> 5	100	164.7	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6B	<i>7</i> 5	100	144.1	200	175	150	300MCM	150	100	330	6
6	90	150	192.1	250	250	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	90	150	167.4	250	225	150	300MCM	180	100	330	6
6B	110	175	189.8	250	250	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	110	175	210.8	250	300	150	300MCM	202	100	330	6
7	132	200	241.0	315	300	150	300MCM	240	100	330	6
7	160	250	299.0	400	400	150	300MCM	302	100	330	6
8	200	300	377.2	500	500	240	450MCM	370	100	330	3
8	250	350	458.7	600	600	240	450MCM	450	100	330	3

10.2.4. 480 - 525 Volt (+/- 10%), 3 phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size	Power Rating		Input Current	Fuse or (Type		Max	imum Cable Size	Rated Output Current	Motor	mum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	Α	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
7	132		192	250		150	300MCM	185	100	330	7
7	160		215	315		150	300MCM	205	100	330	7
7	185		262	315		150	300MCM	255	100	330	7
7	200		275	400		150	300MCM	275	100	330	7

10.2.5. 500 - 600 Volt (+ / - 10%), 3 Phase Input, 3 Phase Output

Frame Size		wer ring	Input Current		Fuse or MCB (Type B)		Maximum Cable Size		Motor	mum Cable gth	Recommended Brake Resistance
	kW	HP	A	Non UL	UL	mm	AWG/kcmil	A	m	ft	Ω
2	0.75	1	2.5	10	6	8	8	2.1	100	330	600
2	1.5	2	3.7	10	6	8	8	3.1	100	330	300
2	2.2	3	4.9	10	10	8	8	4.1	100	330	200
2	4	5	7.8	10	10	8	8	6.5	100	330	150
2	5.5	7.5	10.8	16	15	8	8	9	100	330	100
3	7.5	10	14.4	16	20	8	8	12	100	330	80
3	11	15	20.6	25	30	8	8	17	100	330	50
3	15	20	26.7	32	35	8	8	22	100	330	33
4	18.5	25	34	40	45	16	5	28	100	330	33
4	22	30	41.2	50	60	16	5	34	100	330	22
4	30	40	49.5	63	70	16	5	43	100	330	22
5	37	50	62.2	80	80	35	2	54	100	330	16
5	45	60	<i>7</i> 5.8	100	100	35	2	65	100	330	12
6	55	75	90.9	125	125	150	300MCM	78	100	330	12
6	75	100	108.2	125	150	150	300MCM	105	100	330	8
6	90	125	127.7	160	175	150	300MCM	130	100	330	8
6	110	150	160	200	200	150	300MCM	150	100	330	8

NOTE

- Ratings shown above apply to 40°C Ambient temperature. For derating information, refer to section 10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature
- The drive is protected against short-circuit from power output to protective earth for all rated cable lengths, cable sizes and cable types.
- 3 phase drive can be connected to single phase supply when the output current is 50% derated.
- The maximum cable lengths stated here are based on hardware limitations and do NOT take into consideration any requirements for compliance to any EMC standards. Please see section 4.13. EMC Compliant Installation for further information.
- The maximum motor cable length stated applies to using a shielded motor cable. When using an unshielded cable, the maximum cable length limit may be increased by 50%. When using the Invertek Drives recommended output choke, the maximum cable length may be increased by 100%.
- The PWM output switching from any inverter when used with a long motor cable length can cause an increase in the voltage at the motor terminals, depending on the motor cable length and inductance. The rise time and peak voltage can affect the service life of the motor. Invertek Drives recommend using an output choke for motor cable lengths of 50m or more to ensure good motor service life.
- For IP20 Frame Size 8 the Vector Speed and Torque control modes may not operate correctly with long motor cables and output filters. It is recommended to operate in V/F mode only for cable lengths exceeding 50m.
- Supply and motor cable sizes should be dimensioned according to local codes or regulations in the country or area of installation.
- For UL compliant installation, use Copper wire with a minimum insulation temperature rating of 70°C, UL Class CC or Class J Fuses (exception: Eaton Bussmann FWP series must be used for size 6A & 6B IP20 models).

10.3. Input Power Supply Requirements

Supply Voltage	200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed.				
	380 – 480 Volts for 400 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.				
	500 – 600 Volts for 600 Volt rated units, + / - 10% variation allowed.				
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage variation between phase – phase voltages allowed.				
	All Optidrive P2 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub- continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors. Alternatively, the drives can be operated as a single phase supply drive with 50% derating.				
Frequency	50 – 60Hz + / - 5% Variation.				

10.4. Additional Information for UL Approved Installations

Optidrive P2 is designed to meet the UL requirements. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Input Power Supply	Requirements					
Short Circuit Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	Maximum supply short-circuit current		
	All	All	All	100kA rms (AC)		
	All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage.					

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3. Incoming Power Connection.

All Optidrive P2 units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 10.1. Environmental.

Branch circuit protection must be installed according to the relevant national codes. Fuse ratings and types are shown in section 10.2. Input/ Output Power and Current Ratings.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings.

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in section 3.4. Installation Following a Period of Storage.

Optidrive P2 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P4-12 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.7. Motor Terminal Box Connections.

For Canadian Installations: transient surge suppression shall be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated as shown below, suitable for over voltage category III and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 2.5kV.

Supply Voltage Rating of the Drive	Phase-Phase Surge Protection Voltage Rating	Phase-Ground Surge Protection Voltage Rating
200 - 240V AC + / - 10%	230V AC	230V AC
380 - 480V AC + / - 10%	480V AC	480V AC
500 - 600V AC + / - 10%	600V AC	600V AC

10.5. Derating Information

Derating of the drive maximum continuous output current capacity is require when:

- Operating at ambient temperature in excess of 40°C / 104°F for enclosed drives (Non UL Approved).
- Operating at Altitude in excess of 1000m/3281 ft.
- Operation with Effective Switching Frequency higher than 8kHz for IP20 models and 4kHz for IP55/IP66 models.

The following derating factors should be applied when operating drives outside of these conditions.

10.5.1. Derating for Ambient Temperature

Enclosure Type	Maximum Temperature Without Derating (UL Approved)	Derate by	Maximum Permissible Operating Ambient Temperature with Derating (Non UL Approved)
IP20	50°C / 122°F	N/A	50°C
IP55	40°C / 104°F	1.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C
IP66	40°C / 104°F	2.5% per °C (1.8°F)	50°C

10.5.2. Derating for Altitude

Enclosure Type	Maximum Altitude Without Derating	Derate by	Maximum Permissible (UL Approved)	Maximum Permissible (Non-UL Approved)
IP20	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP55	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft
IP66	1000m / 3281ft	1% per 100m / 328 ft	2000m / 6562 ft	4000m / 13123 ft

10.5.3. Derating for Switching Frequency

Enclosure		Switching Frequency (Where available)							
Туре	4kHz	8kHz	12kHz	16kHz	24kHz	32kHz			
IP20	N/A	N/A	20%	30%	40%	50%			
IP55	N/A	10%	10%	15%	25%	N/A			
IP66	N/A	10%	25%	35%	50%	50%			

10.5.4. Example of applying Derating Factors

A 4kW, IP66 drive is to be used at an altitude of 2000 metres above sea level, with 12kHz switching frequency and 45°C ambient temperature.

From the table above, we can see that the rated current of the drive is 9.5 Amps at 40°C,

Firstly, apply the switching frequency derating, 12kHz, 25% derating

 $9.5 \text{ Amps} \times 75\% = 7.1 \text{ Amps}$

Now, apply the derating for higher ambient temperature, 2.5% per °C above 40°C = 5 x 2.5% = 12.5% 7.1 Amps \times 87.5% = 6.2 Amps

Now apply the derating for altitude above 1000 metres, 1% per 100m above $1000m = 10 \times 1\% = 10\%$ $7.9 \text{ Amps} \times 90\% = 5.5 \text{ Amps continuous current available}$.

If the required motor current exceeds this level, it will be necessary to either:

- Reduce the switching frequency selected.
- Use a higher power rated drive and repeat the calculation to ensure sufficient output current is available.

10.6. Internal EMC Filter and Varistors - Disconnection Procedure

10.6.1. IP20 Drive Models

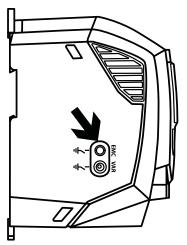
All Optidrive P2 models provide a simple method to disconnect the internal EMC filter and surge protection varistors by fully removing the screws shown below. This should only be carried out where necessary, for example in cases such as IT or ungrounded supplies, where the phase to ground voltage can exceed the phase to phase voltage.

The EMC filter disconnect screw is labelled "EMC".

The surge protection varistors disconnect screw is clearly labelled "VAR".

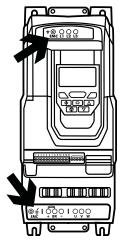
Frame Sizes 2 & 3

The EMC Filter and Varistor disconnect screws are located on the left side of the product when viewed from the front. Remove both screws completely



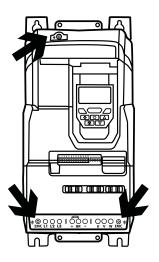
Frame Size 4

Frame Size 4 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



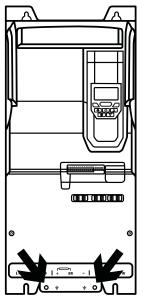
Frame Size 5

Frame Size 5 units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



Frame Size 6A/6B

Frame Size 6A/6B units have EMC Filter disconnection points only located on the front face of the unit as shown.



10.6.2. IP55 & IP66 Models

These models require disassembly in order to disconnect the EMC filter. Disconnection should be carried out only by Invertek Drives Approved Service Partners.

11. Troubleshooting

11.1. Fault Messages

II.I. Fa	UIT N	nessages	
Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action
no-FLE	00	No Fault	Displayed in PO-13 if no faults are recorded in the log.
OI - 6	01	Brake channel over current	Ensure the connected brake resistor is above the minimum permissible level for the drive – refer to the ratings shown in section 10.2. Input/Output Power and Current Ratings. Check the brake resistor and wiring for possible short circuits.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive software has determined that the brake resistor is overloaded, and trips to protect the resistor. Always ensure the brake resistor is being operated within its designed parameter before making any parameter or system changes. To reduce the load on the resistor, increase the deceleration time, reduce the load inertia or add further brake resistors in parallel, observing the minimum resistance value for the drive in use.
0-1	03	Over current trip	Fault Occurs on Drive Enable Check the motor and motor connection cable for phase – phase and phase – earth short circuits. Check the load mechanically for a jam, blockage or stalled condition. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered, P1-07, P1-08, P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Reduced the Boost voltage setting in P1-11. Increase the ramp up time in P1-03. If the connected motor has a holding brake, ensure the brake is correctly connected and controlled, and is releasing correctly. Fault Occurs When Running If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), reduce the speed loop gain in P4-03.
1.t-trP	04	Drive has tripped on overload after delivering > 100% of value in P1-08 for a period of time.	Check to see when the decimal points are flashing (drive in overload) and either increase acceleration rate or reduce the load. Check motor cable length is within the limit specified for the relevant drive in section 10.2. Ensure the motor nameplate parameters are correctly entered in P1-07, P1-08, and P1-09. If operating in Vector mode (P4-01 – 0 or 1), also check the motor power factor in P4-05 and ensure an autotune has been successfully completed for the connected motor. Check the load mechanically to ensure it is free, and that no jams, blockages or other mechanical faults exist.
P5-ErP	05	Hardware Over Current	Check the wiring to motor and the motor for phase to phase and phase to earth short circuits. Disconnect the motor and motor cable and retest. If the drive trips with no motor connected, it must be replaced and the system fully checked and retested before a replacement unit is installed.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	The value of the DC Bus Voltage can be displayed in PO-20. A historical log is stored at 256ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-36. This fault is generally caused by excessive regenerative energy being transferred from the load back to the drive. When a high inertia or over hauling type load is connected. If the fault occurs on stopping or during deceleration, increase the deceleration ramp time P1-04 or connect a suitable brake resistor to the drive. If operating in Vector Mode, reduce the speed loop gain P4-03. If operating in PID control, ensure that ramps are active by reducing P3-11.
U-uorf	07	Under voltage on DC bus	This occurs routinely when power is switched off. If it occurs during running, check the incoming supply voltage, and all connections into the drive, fuses, contactors etc.
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The heatsink temperature can be displayed in PO-21. A historical log is stored at 30 second intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-38. Check the drive ambient temperature. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
U-F	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than - 10°C. The temperature must be raised over - 10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters have been loaded	Press STOP key, the drive is now ready to be configured for the required application.

Fault	No.	OLED Message	Corrective Action
Code		Description	
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on control input terminals. Some settings of P1-13 require a normally closed contact to provide an external means of tripping the drive in the event that an external device develops a fault. If a motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
50-065	12	Communications Fault	Communications lost with PC or remote keypad. Check the cables and connections to external devices.
FLE-dc	13	Excessive DC ripple	The DC Bus Ripple Voltage level can be displayed in parameter PO-16. A historical log is stored at 20ms intervals prior to a trip in parameter PO-37. Check all three supply phases are present and within the 3% supply voltage level imbalance tolerance. Reduce the motor load. If the fault persists, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner.
P-Lo55	14	Input phase loss	Drive intended for use with a 3 phase supply, one input phase has been disconnected or lost.
h 0-1	15	Instantaneous over current on drive output	Refer to fault 3 above.
th-FLt	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
dALA-F	17	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
4-20F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	The reference signal on Analog Input 1 or 2 (Terminals 6 or 10) has dropped below the minimum threshold of 3mA. Check the signal source and wiring to the Optidrive terminals.
dAFA-E	19	Internal memory fault	Parameters not saved, defaults reloaded. Try again. If problem recurs, refer to your IDL Authorised Distributor.
U-dEF	20	User Parameter Default	User Parameter defaults have been loaded. Press the Stop key.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC Over Temperature	The connected motor PTC device has caused the drive to trip.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault	Check and if necessary, replace the drive internal cooling fan.
O- HEAL	23	Ambient Temperature High	The measured temperature around the drive is above the operating limit of the drive. Ensure the drive internal cooling fan is operating. Ensure that the required space around the drive as shown in sections 3.5. Mechanical Dimensions and Weight to 3.9. Guidelines for Mounting (IP66 Units) has been observed, and that the cooling airflow path to and from the drive is not restricted. Increase the cooling airflow to the drive. Reduce the effective switching frequency setting in parameter P2-24. Reduce the load on the motor / drive.
0-tor9	24	Maximum Torque Limit Exceeded	The output torque limit has exceeded the drive capacity or trip threshold. Reduce the motor load, or increase the acceleration time.
U-tor9	25	Output Torque Too Low	Active only when hoist brake control is enabled P2-18 = 8. The torque developed prior to releasing the motor holding brake is below the preset threshold. Contact your local Invertek Sales Partner for further information on using the Optidrive P2 in hoist applications.
OUL-F	26	Drive output fault	Drive output fault.
Sto-F	29	Internal STO circuit Error	Refer to your Invertek Sales Partner.
Enc-D1	30	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder communication /data loss.
SP-Err	31	Speed Error	Speed Error. The error between the measured encoder feedback speed or the estimated rotor speed is greater than the pre-set limit allowed. In Hoist Mode Operation, this protection is always active even if no encoder is fitted. The motor speed deviates from the intended motor speed by an error greater than that set in the limit parameter P6-07.
Enc-03	32	Encoder Feedback Fault	Incorrect Encoder PPR count set in parameter P6-06.
Enc-04	33	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel A Fault.
Enc-05	34	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channel B Fault.
Enc-06	35	Encoder Feedback Fault	Encoder Channels A & B Fault.

Fault Code	No.	OLED Message Description	Corrective Action
AFF-01	40	Autotune Failed	Measured motor stator resistance varies between phases. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check the windings for correct resistance and balance.
AFE-05	41		Measured motor stator resistance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
AFF-03	42		Measured motor inductance is too low. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults.
ALF-04	43		Measured motor inductance is too large. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
ALF-OS	44		Measured motor parameters are not convergent. Ensure the motor is correctly connected and free from faults. Check that the power rating corresponds to the power rating of the connected drive.
Ph-5E9	45	Incorrect Supply Phase Sequence	Applies to Frame Size 8 drives only, indicates that the incoming power supply phase sequence is incorrect. Any 2 phases may be swapped.
OUE-Ph	49	Output Phase Loss	One of the motor output phases is not connected to the drive.
5c-F01	50	Modbus Comms fault	A valid Modbus telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.
5c-F02	51	CAN Open comms trip	A valid CAN open telegram has not been received within the watchdog time limit set in P5-05. Check the network master / PLC is still operating. Check the connection cables. Increase the value of P5-05 to a suitable level.
5c-F03	52	Communications Option Module Fault	Internal communication to the inserted Communication Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.
5c-F04	53	10 card comms trip	Internal communication to the inserted Option Module has been lost. Check the module is correctly inserted.

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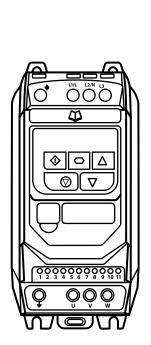


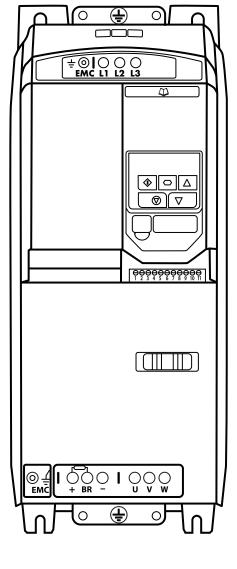
OPTIDRIVE™ (E³

AC Variable Speed Drive

IP20

0.37kW - 37kW / 0.5HP - 50HP 110 - 480V Single and 3 Phase Input





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Declaration of Conformity

Invertek Drives Ltd hereby states that the Optidrive ODE-3 product range conforms to the relevant safety provisions of the following council directives:

2014/30/EU (EMC) and 2014/35/EU (LVD)

Designed and manufacture is in accordance with the following harmonised European standards:

EN 61800-5-1: 2007	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. Safety requirements. Electrical, thermal and energy.
EN 61800-3: 2004 /A1 2012	Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems. EMC requirements and specific test methods
EN 55011: 2007	Limits and Methods of measurement of radio disturbance characteristics of industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment (EMC)
EN60529: 1992	Specifications for degrees of protection provided by enclosures

Electromagnetic Compatibility

All Optidrives are designed with high standards of EMC in mind. All versions suitable for operation on Single Phase 230 volt and Three Phase 400 volt supplies and intended for use within the European Union are fitted with an internal EMC filter. This EMC filter is designed to reduce the conducted emissions back into the mains supply via the power cables for compliance with the above harmonised European standards.

It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the equipment or system into which the product is incorporated complies with the EMC legislation of the country of use, and the relevant category. Within the European Union, equipment into which this product is incorporated must comply with the EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. This User Guide provides guidance to ensure that the applicable standards may be achieved.

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2 Year Warranty

All Invertek Optidrive units carry a 2 year warranty against manufacturing defects from the date of manufacture. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any damage caused during or resulting from transport, receipt of delivery, installation or commissioning. The manufacturer also accepts no liability for damage or consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation, incorrect adjustment of the operating parameters of the drive, incorrect matching of the drive to the motor, incorrect installation, unacceptable dust, moisture, corrosive substances, excessive vibration or ambient temperatures outside of the design specification. The local distributor may offer different terms and conditions at their discretion, and in all cases concerning warranty, the local

This user guide is the "original instructions" document. All non-English versions are translations of the "original instructions".

The contents of this User Guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interest of a commitment to a policy of continuous improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance or the contents of the User Guide without notice.

This User Guide is for use with version 3.08 Firmware

User Guide Revision 1.00

distributor should be contacted first.

Invertek Drives Ltd adopts a policy of continuous improvement and whilst every effort has been made to provide accurate and up to date information, the information contained in this User Guide should be used for guidance purposes only and does not form the part of any contract.



When installing the drive on any power supply where the phase-ground voltage may exceed the phase-phase voltage (typically IT supply networks or Marine vessels) it is essential that the internal EMC filter ground and surge protection varistor ground (where fitted) are disconnected. If in doubt, refer to your Sales Partner for further information.



This manual is intended as a guide for proper installation. Invertek Drives Ltd cannot assume responsibility for the compliance or the non-compliance to any code, national, local or otherwise, for the proper installation of this drive or associated equipment. A hazard of personal injury and/or equipment damage exists if codes are ignored during installation.



This Optidrive contains high voltage capacitors that take time to discharge after removal of the main supply. Before working on the drive, ensure isolation of the main supply from line inputs. Wait ten (10) minutes for the capacitors to discharge to safe voltage levels. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.



Only qualified electrical personnel familiar with the construction and operation of this equipment and the hazards involved should install, adjust, operate, or service this equipment. Read and understand this manual and other applicable manuals in their entirety before proceeding. Failure to observe this precaution could result in severe bodily injury or loss of life.

1. Quick Start Up

1.1. Important Safety Information

Please read the IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION below, and all Warning and Caution information elsewhere.



Danger: Indicates a risk of electric shock, which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the equipment and possible injury or death.

This variable speed drive product (Optidrive) is intended for professional incorporation into complete equipment or systems as part of a fixed installation. If installed incorrectly it may present a safety hazard. The Optidrive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control mechanical plant that may cause injury. Close attention is required to system design and electrical installation to avoid hazards in either normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. Only qualified electricians are allowed to install and maintain this product.

System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out only by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must carefully read this safety information and the instructions in this Guide and follow all information regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the Optidrive, including the specified environmental limitations.

Do not perform any flash test or voltage withstand test on the Optidrive. Any electrical measurements required should be carried out with the Optidrive disconnected.

Electric shock hazard! Disconnect and ISOLATE the Optidrive before attempting any work on it. High voltages are present at the terminals and within the drive for up to 10 minutes after disconnection of the electrical supply. Always ensure by using a suitable multimeter that no voltage is present on any drive power terminals prior to commencing any work.

Where supply to the drive is through a plug and socket connector, do not disconnect until 10 minutes have elapsed after turning off the supply.

Ensure correct earthing connections. The earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Ensure correct earthing connections and cable selection as per defined by local legislation or codes. The drive may have a leakage current of greater than 3.5mA; furthermore the earth cable must be sufficient to carry the maximum supply fault current which normally will be limited by the fuses or MCB. Suitably rated fuses or MCB should be fitted in the mains supply to the drive, according to any local legislation or codes.

Do not carry out any work on the drive control cables whilst power is applied to the drive or to the external control circuits.



Danger: Indicates a potentially hazardous situation other than electrical, which if not avoided, could result in damage to property.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with Directive 2006/42/EC, Safety of Machinery. In particular, the machine manufacturer is responsible for providing a main switch and ensuring the electrical equipment complies with EN60204-1.

The level of integrity offered by the Optidrive control input functions – for example stop/start, forward/reverse and maximum speed is not sufficient for use in safety-critical applications without independent channels of protection. All applications where malfunction could cause injury or loss of life must be subject to a risk assessment and further protection provided where needed.

The driven motor can start at power up if the enable input signal is present

The STOP function does not remove potentially lethal high voltages. ISOLATE the drive and wait 10 minutes before starting any work on it. Never carry out any work on the Drive, Motor or Motor cable whilst the input power is still applied.

The Optidrive can be programmed to operate the driven motor at speeds above or below the speed achieved when connecting the motor directly to the mains supply. Obtain confirmation from the manufacturers of the motor and the driven machine about suitability for operation over the intended speed range prior to machine start up.

Do not activate the automatic fault reset function on any systems whereby this may cause a potentially dangerous situation.

IP20 drives must be installed in a pollution degree 2 environment, mounted in a cabinet with IP54 or better.

Optidrives are intended for indoor use only.

When mounting the drive, ensure that sufficient cooling is provided. Do not carry out drilling operations with the drive in place, dust and swarf from drilling may lead to damage.

The entry of conductive or flammable foreign bodies should be prevented. Flammable material should not be placed close to the drive

Relative humidity must be less than 95% (non-condensing).

Ensure that the supply voltage, frequency and no. of phases (1 or 3 phase) correspond to the rating of the Optidrive as delivered.

Never connect the mains power supply to the Output terminals

Do not install any type of automatic switchgear between the drive and the motor.

Wherever control cabling is close to power cabling, maintain a minimum separation of 100 mm and arrange crossings at 90 degrees. Ensure that all terminals are tightened to the appropriate torque setting.

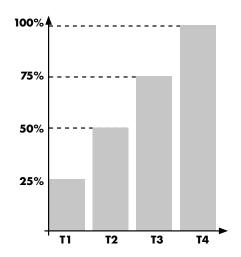
Do not attempt to carry out any repair of the Optidrive. In the case of suspected fault or malfunction, contact your local Invertek Drives Sales Partner for further assistance.

1.2. Quick Start Process

Step	Action	See section	Page
1	Identify the Enclosure Type, Model Type and ratings of your drive from the model code on the label. In particular	2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number	7
	- Check the voltage rating suits the incoming supply		
	- Check the output current capacity meets or exceeds the full load current for the intended motor		
2	Unpack and check the drive. Notify the supplier and shipper immediately of any damage.		
3	Ensure correct ambient and environmental conditions for the drive are met by the proposed mounting location.	9.1. Environmental	34
4	Install the drive in a suitable cabinet (IP20 Units) ensuring suitable cooling air is available.	3.1. General 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units 3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting	9 9
5	Select the correct power and motor cables according to local wiring regulations or code, noting the maximum permissible sizes	9.2. Rating Tables	34
6	If the supply type is IT or corner grounded, disconnect the EMC filter before connecting the supply.	9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect	36
7	Check the supply cable and motor cable for faults or short circuits.		
8	Route the cables.		
9	Check that the intended motor is suitable for use, noting any precautions recommended by the supplier or manufacturer.	4.9. EMC Compliant Installation	15
10	Check the motor terminal box for correct Star or Delta configuration where applicable.	4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections	13
11	Ensure wiring protection is providing, by installing a suitable circuit breaker or fuses in the incoming supply line.	4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection 9.2. Rating Tables	12 34
12	Connect the power cables, especially ensuring the	4.1. Connection Diagram	11
	protective earth connection is made.	4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection	11
		4.3. Incoming Power Connection	12
		4.4. Motor Connection	12
13	Connect the control cables as required for the application.	4.6. Control Terminal Wiring	13
		4.9. EMC Compliant Installation	15
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14	Thoroughly check the installation and wiring. Commission the drive parameters.	5.1. Managing the Keypad	16
IJ	Commission me unve parameters.	6. Parameters	18
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1.3. Installation Following a Period of Storage

Where the drive has been stored for some time prior to installation, or has remained without the main power supply present for an extended period of time, it is necessary to reform the DC capacitors within the drive according to the following table before operation. For drives which have not been connected to the main power supply for a period of more than 2 years, this requires a reduced mains voltage mains voltage to be applied for a time period, and gradually increased prior to operating the drive. The voltage levels relative to the drive rated voltage, and the time periods for which they must be applied are shown in the following table. Following completion of the procedure, the drive may be operated as normal.

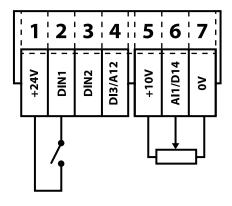


Storage Period /Power-OFF Period	Initial Input Voltage Level	Time Period T1	Secondary Input Voltage Level	Time Period T2	Third Input Voltage Level	Time Period T3	Final Input Voltage Level	Time Period T4
Up to 1 Year	100%		N/A					
1 – 2 Years	100%	1 Hour	1 Hour N/A					
2 – 3 Years	25%	30 Minutes	50%	30 Minutes	<i>7</i> 5%	30 Minutes	100%	30 Minutes
More than 3 Years	25%	2 Hours	50%	2 Hours	75%	2 Hours	100%	2 Hours

1.4. Quick Start Overview

Quick Start - IP20

- Connect a Start / Stop switch between control terminals 1 & 2
 - o Close the Switch to Start
 - o Open to Stop
- Connect a potentiometer $(5k 10k\Omega)$ between terminals 5, 6 and 7 as shown
 - o Adjust the potentiometer to vary the speed from P-02(OHz default) to P-01 (50 / 60 Hz default)

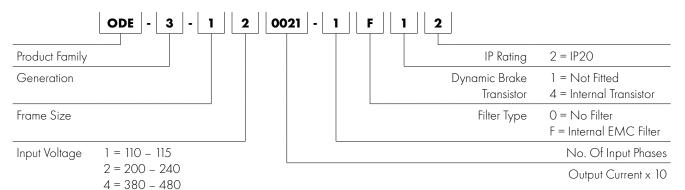


2. General Information and Ratings

This chapter contains information about the Optidrive E3 including how to identify the drive.

2.1. Identifying the Drive by Model Number

Each drive can be identified by its model number, as shown in the table below. The model number is on the shipping label and the drive nameplate. The model number includes the drive and any options.



ve Model Numbers

110) - 115V ± 10% - 1 Phase In	put – 3 Phase 2	30V Output (Vo	ltage Doubler)	
	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	N.V.		(A)	Traine Size
N/A	ODE-3-110023-1012		0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-110043-1012		1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-210058-1042		1.5	5.8	2
	200 - 240V ± 10%	6 - 1 Phase Inpu	t – 3 Phase Out	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	n.	(A)	Fruine 312e
ODE-3-120023-1F12	ODE-3-120023-1012	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
ODE-3-120043-1F12	ODE-3-120043-1012	0.75	1	4.3	1
ODE-3-120070-1F12	ODE-3-120070-1012	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-1F42	ODE-3-220070-1042	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-1F42	ODE-3-220105-1042	2.2	3	10.5	2
N/A	ODE-3-320153-1042	4.0	5	15.3	3
	200 - 240V ± 10%	6 - 3 Phase Inpu	t – 3 Phase Out	put	
Model	Number	kW	НР	Output Current	Frame Size
With Filter	Without Filter	KVV	ПР	(A)	Frame Size
N/A	ODE-3-120023-3012	0.37	0.5	2.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-120043-3012	0.75	1	4.3	1
N/A	ODE-3-120070-3012	1.5	2	7	1
ODE-3-220070-3F42	ODE-3-220070-3042	1.5	2	7	2
ODE-3-220105-3F42	ODE-3-220105-3042	2.2	3	10.5	2
ODE-3-320180-3F42	ODE-3-320180-3042	4.0	5	18	3
ODE-3-320240-3F42	ODE-3-320240-3042	5.5	7.5	24	3
ODE-3-420300-3F42	ODE-3-420300-3042	7.5	10	30	4
ODE-3-420460-3F42	ODE-3-420460-3042	11	15	46	4
ODE-3-520610-3F42	N/A	15	20	61	5
ODE-3-520720-3F42	N/A	18.5	25	72	5

380 – 480V ± 10% - 3 Phase Input – 3 Phase Output								
Model	Model Number			Output Current	Frame Size			
With Filter	Without Filter	kW	HP	(A)	Fruine 312e			
ODE-3-140012-3F12	ODE-3-140012-3012	0.37	0.5	1.2	1			
ODE-3-140022-3F12	ODE-3-140022-3012	0.75	1	2.2	1			
ODE-3-140041-3F12	ODE-3-140041-3012	1.5	2	4.1	1			
ODE-3-240041-3F42	ODE-3-240041-3042	1.5	2	4.1	2			
ODE-3-240058-3F42	ODE-3-240058-3042	2.2	3	5.8	2			
ODE-3-240095-3F42	ODE-3-240095-3042	4	5	9.5	2			
ODE-3-340140-3F42	ODE-3-340140-3042	5.5	7.5	14	3			
ODE-3-340180-3F42	ODE-3-340180-3042	7.5	10	18	3			
ODE-3-340240-3F42	ODE-3-340240-3042	11	15	24	3			
ODE-3-440300-3F42	ODE-3-440300-3042	15	20	30	4			
ODE-3-440390-3F42	ODE-3-440390-3042	18.5	25	39	4			
ODE-3-440460-3F42	ODE-3-440460-3042	22	30	46	4			
ODE-3-540610-3F42	N/A	30	40	61	5			
ODE-3-540720-3F42	N/A	37	50	72	5			

3. Mechanical Installation

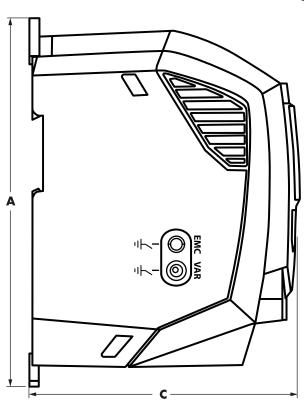
3.1. General

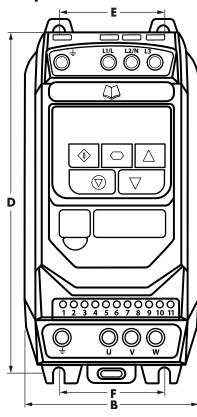
- The Optidrive should be mounted in a vertical position only, on a flat, flame resistant, vibration free mounting using the integral mounting holes or DIN Rail clip (Frame Sizes 1 and 2 only).
- IP20 Optidrives must be installed in a pollution degree 1 or 2 environment only.
- Do not mount flammable material close to the Optidrive.
- Ensure that the ambient temperature range does not exceed the permissible limits for the Optidrive given in section 9.1. Environmental.
- Provide suitable clean, moisture and contaminant free cooling air sufficient to fulfil the cooling requirements of the Optidrive.

3.2. UL Compliant Installation

Refer to section 9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance on page 35 for Additional Information for UL Compliance.

3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units





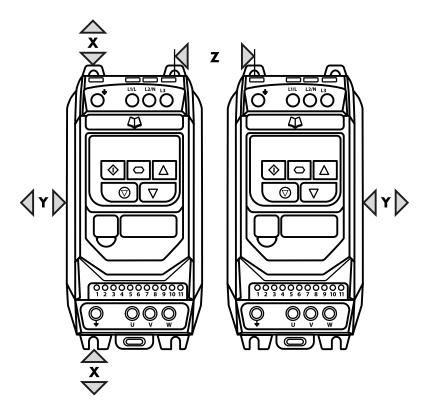
Drive		A		3		e		D	ا	:		-	We	ight
Size	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	Kg	Ib
1	173	6.81	83	3.27	123	4.84	162	6.38	50	1.97	50	1.97	1.0	2.2
2	221	8. <i>7</i> 0	110	4.33	150	5.91	209	8.23	63	2.48	63	2.48	1.7	3.8
3	261	10.28	131	5.16	175	6.89	247	9.72	80	3.15	80	3.15	3.2	7.1
4	420	16.54	171	6.73	212	8.35	400	15.75	125	4.92	125	4.92	9.1	20.1
5	486	19.13	222	8. <i>7</i> 4	226	8.89	463	18.22	175	6.88	175	6.88	18.1	39.9

Mounting Bolts							
Frame Size							
1 - 3	4 × M5 (#8)						
4	4 x M8						
5	4 x M8						

Tightening Torques						
Frame Size	Power Terminals					
1 - 3	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	1 Nm (9 lb-in)				
4	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	2 Nm (18 lb-in)				
5	0.5 Nm (4.5 lb-in)	4 Nm (35.5 lb-in)				

3.4. Guidelines for Enclosure Mounting

- IP20 drives are suitable for use in pollution degree 1 environments, according to IEC-664-1. For pollution degree 2 or higher environments, drives should be mounted in a suitable control cabinet with sufficient ingress protection to maintain a pollution degree 1 environment around the drive.
- Enclosures should be made from a thermally conductive material.
- Ensure the minimum air gap clearances around the drive as shown below are observed when mounting the drive.
- Where ventilated enclosures are used, there should be venting above the drive and below the drive to ensure good air circulation. Air should be drawn in below the drive and expelled above the drive.
- In any environments where the conditions require it, the enclosure must be designed to protect the Optidrive against ingress of airborne dust, corrosive gases or liquids, conductive contaminants (such as condensation, carbon dust, and metallic particles) and sprays or splashing water from all directions.
- High moisture, salt or chemical content environments should use a suitably sealed (non-vented) enclosure.
- The enclosure design and layout should ensure that the adequate ventilation paths and clearances are left to allow air to circulate through the drive heatsink. Invertek Drives recommend the following minimum sizes for drives mounted in non-ventilated metallic enclosures:



X Drive Size Above & Below		K & Below	Eithe	Y r Side	Betv	Z ween	Recommended airflow
	mm	in	mm	in	mm	in	CFM (ft3/min)
1	50	1.97	50	1.97	33	1.30	11
2	<i>7</i> 5	2.95	50	1.97	46	1.81	22
3	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	60
4	100	3.94	50	1.97	52	2.05	120
5	200	7.87	25	0.98	<i>7</i> 0	2.76	104

NOTE

Dimension Z assumes that the drives are mounted side-by-side with no clearance.

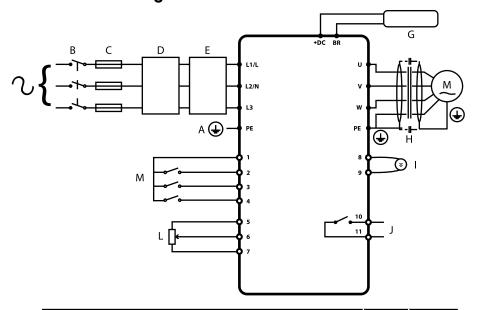
Typical drive heat losses are 3% of operating load conditions.

Above are guidelines only and the operating ambient temperature of the drive MUST be maintained at all times.

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4. Power & Control Wiring

4.1. Connection Diagram



	Кеу	Sec.	Page
Α	Protective Earth (PE) Connection	4.2	14
В	Incoming Power Connection	4.3	12
С	Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection	4.3.2	14
D	Optional Input Choke	4.3.3	12
Е	Optional External EMC Filter	4.10	15
F	Internal Disconnect / Isolator	4.3	12
G	Optional Brake Resistor	4.11	18
Н	Motor Connection		
	Analog Output	4.8.1	16
J	Auxiliary Relay Output	4.8.2	17
L	Analog Inputs	4.8.3	17
М	Digital Inputs	4.8.4	17

4.2. Protective Earth (PE) Connection

Grounding Guidelines

The ground terminal of each Optidrive should be individually connected DIRECTLY to the site ground bus bar (through the filter if installed). Optidrive ground connections should not loop from one drive to another, or to, or from any other equipment. Ground loop impedance must confirm to local industrial safety regulations. To meet UL regulations, UL approved ring crimp terminals should be used for all ground wiring connections.

The drive Safety Ground must be connected to system ground. Ground impedance must conform to the requirements of national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes. The integrity of all ground connections should be checked periodically.

Protective Earth Conductor

The Cross sectional area of the PE Conductor must be at least equal to that of the incoming supply conductor.

This is the safety ground for the drive that is required by code. One of these points must be connected to adjacent building steel (girder, joist), a floor ground rod, or bus bar. Grounding points must comply with national and local industrial safety regulations and/or electrical codes.

The motor ground must be connected to one of the ground terminals on the drive.

Ground Fault Monitoring

As with all inverters, a leakage current to earth can exist. The Optidrive is designed to produce the minimum possible leakage current whilst complying with worldwide standards. The level of current is affected by motor cable length and type, the effective switching frequency, the earth connections used and the type of RFI filter installed. If an ELCB (Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker) is to be used, the following conditions apply:

- A Type B Device must be used.
- The device must be suitable for protecting equipment with a DC component in the leakage current.
- Individual ELCBs should be used for each Optidrive.

Shield Termination (Cable Screen)

The safety ground terminal provides a grounding point for the motor cable shield. The motor cable shield connected to this terminal (drive end) should also be connected to the motor frame (motor end). Use a shield terminating or EMI clamp to connect the shield to the safety ground terminal.

4.3. Incoming Power Connection

4.3.1. Cable Selection

- For 1 phase supply, the mains power cables should be connected to L1/L, L2/N.
- For 3 phase supplies, the mains power cables should be connected to L1, L2, and L3. Phase sequence is not important.
- For compliance with CE and C Tick EMC requirements, refer to section 4.9. EMC Compliant Installation on page 15.
- A fixed installation is required according to IEC61800-5-1 with a suitable disconnecting device installed between the Optidrive
 and the AC Power Source. The disconnecting device must conform to the local safety code / regulations (e.g. within Europe,
 EN60204-1, Safety of machinery).
- The cables should be dimensioned according to any local codes or regulations. Maximum dimensions are given in section 9.2.
 Rating Tables.

4.3.2. Fuse / Circuit Breaker Selection

- Suitable fuses to provide wiring protection of the input power cable should be installed in the incoming supply line, according to the data in section 9.2. Rating Tables. The fuses must comply with any local codes or regulations in place. In general, type gG (IEC 60269) or UL type J fuses are suitable; however in some cases type aR fuses may be required. The operating time of the fuses must be below 0.5 seconds.
- Where allowed by local regulations, suitably dimensioned type B MCB circuit breakers of equivalent rating may be utilised in place of fuses, providing that the clearing capacity is sufficient for the installation.
- The maximum permissible short circuit current at the Optidrive Power terminals as defined in IEC60439-1 is 100kA.

4.3.3. Optional Input Choke

- An optional Input Choke is recommended to be installed in the supply line for drives where any of the following conditions occur:
 - o The incoming supply impedance is low or the fault level / short circuit current is high.
 - o The supply is prone to dips or brown outs.
 - o An imbalance exists on the supply (3 phase drives).
 - o The power supply to the drive is via a busbar and brush gear system (typically overhead Cranes).
- In all other installations, an input choke is recommended to ensure protection of the drive against power supply faults. Part numbers
 are shown in the table.

Supply	Frame Size	AC Input Inductor
0001/1	1	OPT-2-L 1016-20
230 Volt 1 Phase	2	OPT-2-L1025-20
i iliuse	3	N/A
	1	OPT-2-L3006-20
400 Volt	2	OPT-2-L3010-20
3 Phase	3	OPT-2-L3036-20
	4	OPT-2-L3050-20
	5	OPT-2-L3090-20

4.4. Motor Connection

- The drive inherently produces fast switching of the output voltage (PWM) to the motor compared to the mains supply, for motors which have been wound for operation with a variable speed drive then there is no preventative measures required, however if the quality of insulation is unknown then the motor manufacturer should be consulted and preventative measures may be required.
- The motor should be connected to the Optidrive U, V, and W terminals using a suitable 3 or 4 core cable. Where a 3 core cable is utilised, with the shield operating as an earth conductor, the shield must have a cross sectional area at least equal to the phase conductors when they are made from the same material. Where a 4 core cable is utilised, the earth conductor must be of at least equal cross sectional area and manufactured from the same material as the phase conductors.
- The motor earth must be connected to one of the Optidrive earth terminals.
- Maximum permitted motor cable length for all models: 100 metres shielded, 150 metres unshielded.
- Where multiple motors are connected to a single drive using parallel cables, an output choke **must** be installed.

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4.5. Motor Terminal Box Connections

Most general purpose motors are wound for operation on dual voltage supplies. This is indicated on the nameplate of the motor. This operational voltage is normally selected when installing the motor by selecting either STAR or DELTA connection. STAR always gives the higher of the two voltage ratings.

Incoming Supply Voltage	Motor Nameplate Voltages		Connection
230	230 / 400	Delta	
400	400 / 690	Δ	U V W
400	230 / 400	Star J	

4.6. Control Terminal Wiring

- All analog signal cables should be suitably shielded. Twisted pair cables are recommended.
- Power and Control Signal cables should be routed separately where possible, and must not be routed parallel to each other.
- Signal levels of different voltages e.g. 24 Volt DC and 110 Volt AC, should not be routed in the same cable.
- Maximum control terminal tightening torque is 0.5Nm.
- Control Cable entry conductor size: 0.05 2.5mm2 / 30 12 AWG.

4.7. Control Terminal Connections

Default Connections	Control Terminal	Signal	Description
			+24Vdc user output, 100mA.
2	1	+24Vdc User Output	Do not connect an external voltage source to this terminal.
	2	Digital Input 1	Positive logic
	3	Digital Input 2	"Logic 1" input voltage range: 8V 30V DC "Logic 0" input voltage range: 0V 4V DC
<u> </u>	4	Digital Input 3 /Analog Input 2	Digital: 8 to 30V Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA
	5	+10V User Output	+10V, 10mA, 1kΩ minimum
<u> </u>	6	Analog Input 1 / Digital Input 4	Analog: 0 to 10V, 0 to 20mA or 4 to 20mA Digital: 8 to 30V
	7	OV	0 Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 9
<u> </u>	8	Analog Output / Digital Output	Analog: 0 to 10V, Digital: 0 to 24V
	9	OV	O Volt Common, internally connected to terminal 7
	10	Auxiliary Relay Common	
	11	Auxiliary Relay NO Contact	Contact 250Vac, 6A / 30Vdc, 5A Intended to drive resistive load.

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4.7.1. Analog Output

The analog output function may be configured using parameter P-25, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on

The output has two operating modes, dependent on the parameter selection:

- Analog Mode
 - o The output is a 0 10 volt DC signal, 20mA max load current.
- Digital Mode
 - o The output is 24 volt DC, 20mA max load current.

4.7.2. Relay Output

The relay output function may be configured using parameter P-18, which is described in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

4.7.3. Analog Inputs

Two analog inputs are available, which may also be used as Digital Inputs if required. The signal formats are selected by parameters as follows:

- Analog Input 1 Format Selection Parameter P-16.
- Analog Input 2 Format Selection Parameter P-47.

These parameters are described more fully in section 6.2. Extended Parameters on page 20.

The function of the analog input, e.g. for speed reference or PID feedback for example is defined by parameters P-15. The function of these parameters and available options is described in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 27.

4.7.4. Digital Inputs

Up to four digital inputs are available. The function of the inputs is defined by parameters P-12 and P-15, which are explained in section 7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations on page 27.

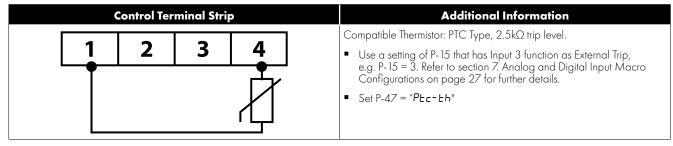
4.8. Motor Thermal Overload Protection

4.8.1. Internal Thermal Overload Protection

Optidrive E3 has internal motor overload protection / current limit set at 150% of FLA. This may be adjusted in parameter P-54. The drive has an in-built motor thermal overload function; this is in the form of an "I.t-trP" trip after delivering > 100% of the value set in P-08 for a sustained period of time (e.g. 150% for 60 seconds).

4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection

Where a motor thermistor is to be used, it should be connected as follows:



4.9. EMC Compliant Installation

Category	Supply Cable Type	Motor Cable Type	Control Cables	Maximum Permissible Motor Cable Length
C16	Shielded ¹	Shielded ^{1,5}		1M / 5M ⁷
C2	Shielded ²	Shielded ^{1, 5}	Shielded ⁴	5M / 25M ⁷
C3	Unshielded ³	Shielded ²		25M / 100M ⁷

- A screened (shielded) cable suitable for fixed installation with the relevant mains voltage in use. Braided or twisted type screened cable where the screen covers at least 85% of the cable surface area, designed with low impedance to HF signals. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage with a concentric protection wire. Installation of a standard cable within a suitable steel or copper tube is also acceptable.
- A cable suitable for fixed installation with relevant mains voltage. A shielded type cable is not necessary.
- A shielded cable with low impedance shield. Twisted pair cable is recommended for analog signals.
- The cable screen should be terminated at the motor end using an EMC type gland allowing connection to the motor body through the largest possible surface area. Where drives are mounted in a steel control panel enclosure, the cable screen may be terminated directly to the control panel using a suitable EMC clamp or gland, as close to the drive as possible.
- Compliance with category C1 conducted emissions only is achieved. For compliance with category C1 radiated emissions, additional measures may be required, contact your Sales Partner for further assistance.
- Permissible cable length with additional external EMC filter.

4.10. Optional Brake Resistor

Optidrive E3 Frame Size 2 and above units have a built in Brake Transistor. This allows an external resistor to be connected to the drive to provide improved braking torque in applications that require this.

The brake resistor should be connected to the "+" and "BR" terminals as shown.



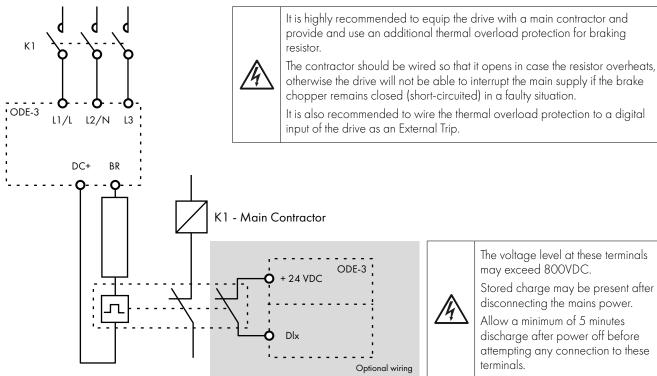
The voltage level at these terminals may exceed 800VDC.

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power.

Allow a minimum of 10 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Suitable resistors and guidance on selection can be obtained from your Invertek Sales Partner.

Dynamic Brake Transistor with Thermal Overload Protection





The voltage level at these terminals

Stored charge may be present after disconnecting the mains power. Allow a minimum of 5 minutes discharge after power off before attempting any connection to these terminals.

Thermal Overload / Brake Resistor with internal Over Temperature switch

may exceed 800VDC.

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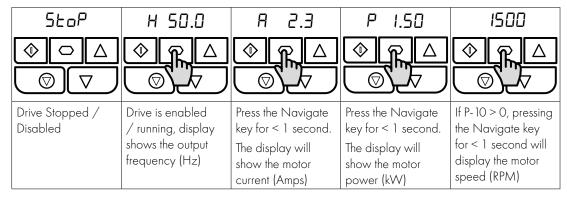
5. Operation

5.1. Managing the Keypad

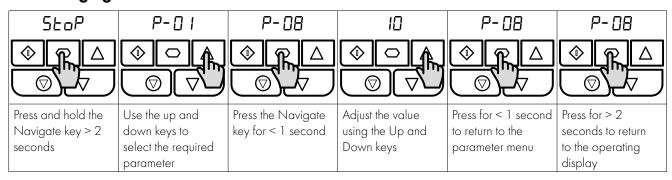
The drive is configured and its operation monitored via the keypad and display.

NAVIGATE	Used to display real-time information, to access and exit parameter edit mode and to store parameter changes.	
UP	Used to increase speed in real-time mode or to increase parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
DOWN	Used to decrease speed in real-time mode or to decrease parameter values in parameter edit mode.	
RESET / STOP	Used to reset a tripped drive. When in Keypad mode is used to Stop a running drive.	
START	When in keypad mode, used to Start a stopped drive or to reverse the direction of rotation if bi-directional keypad mode is enabled.	

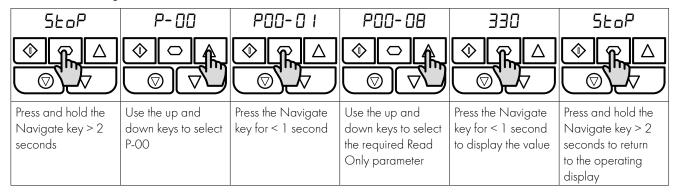
5.2. Operating Displays



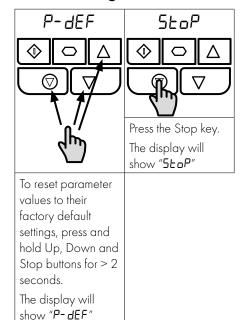
5.3. Changing Parameters



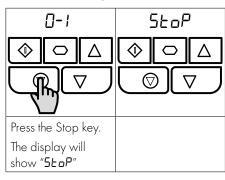
5.4. Read Only Parameter Access



5.5. Resetting Parameters



5.6. Resetting a Fault



6. Parameters

6.1. Standard Parameters

Par.	Descript	ion		Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-01	Maximu	m Frequency / Speed Limit		P-02	500.0	50.0 (60.0)	Hz / RPM
	Maximum	output frequency or motor speed limit – Hz or I	RPM. If P-10 >C), the value en	tered / displaye	d is in RPM.	
P-02	Minimur	m Frequency / Speed Limit		0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM
	Minimum s	speed limit – Hz or RPM. If P-10 >0, the value e	ntered / displo	yed is in RPM			
P-03	Accelera	tion Ramp Time		0.00	600.0	5.0	S
	Acceleration ramp time from zero Hz / RPM to base frequency (P-09)			n seconds.			
P-04	Decelero	ation Ramp Time		0.00	600.0	5.0	s
	Deceleration	on ramp time from base frequency (P-09) to star	dstill in second	s. When set to	0.00, the value (of P-24 is used.	ı
P-05		g Mode / Mains Loss Response		0	4	0	-
		stopping mode of the drive, and the behaviour in	response to a	loss of mains p	ower supply dur	ing operation.	
	Setting	On Disable	On Mains	Loss			
	0	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)			ergy from load t	o maintain ope	ration)
	1	Coast	Coast	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	97		
	2	Ramp to Stop (P-04)		o Stop (P-24),	Coast if P-24 =	0	
	3	Ramp to Stop (P-04) with AC Flux Braking		•	Coast if P-24 =		
	4	Ramp to Stop (P-O4)	No action				
P-06	Energy (Optimiser		0	3	0	-
		Energy Optimisation reduces the drive internal he ng light load operation. In general, this function is					branon in inc
	Setting	Motor Energy Optimisation	Optidrive	Energy Op	timisation		
	0	Disabled	Disabled				
	1 1	51000100					
		Enabled	Disabled				
	2	Enabled Disabled	Disabled Enabled				
	2 3	Enabled	Disabled				
P-07	3	Enabled Disabled	Disabled Enabled Enabled	0	250 / 500	230 / 400	V
P-07	Motor ReBLDC) For Inducti	Enabled Disabled Enabled	Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM /	te) voltage of	the motor (Volts)		V
P-07	Motor ReBLDC) For Induction For Perman	Enabled Disabled Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated spectors, this parameter should be set to the recommendation.	Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM /	te) voltage of ack EMF at rat	the motor (Volts)		V
	Motor ReBLDC) For Inducti For Permar Motor Re	Enabled Disabled Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated special control of the property of	Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled ated (PM /	te) voltage of ack EMF at rat Drive	the motor (Volts) ed speed.		
P-08	Motor ReBLDC) For Induction For Perman Motor Re This param	Enabled Disabled Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated spectors, this parameter should be set to the report Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be ated Current	Disabled Enabled Enabled Enabled ated (PM /	te) voltage of ack EMF at rat Drive	the motor (Volts) ed speed.		
P-08	Motor ReBLDC) For Inducti For Permar Motor Re This param	Enabled Disabled Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated special control of the rate of	Disabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM / ated (namepla be set to the Bo	te) voltage of ack EMF at rat Drive r. 10	the motor (Volts) ed speed. Rating Depe	ndent	A
	Motor ReBLDC) For Induction For Perman Motor Real This param This param	Enabled Disabled Enabled ated Voltage / Back EMF at rated spectors on Motors, this parameter should be set to the report Magnet or Brushless DC Motors, it should be ated Current meter should be set to the rated (nameplate) current ated Frequency	Disabled Enabled Enabled ed (PM / ated (namepla be set to the Bo	te) voltage of ack EMF at rat Drive r. 10	the motor (Volts) ed speed. Rating Depe	ndent	A

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	Description	on				Minimum	Maximun	n Default	Units
-11	Low Freque	uency Tor	rque Boost			0.0	Drive Dependen	Drive t Dependent	%
	and increase	Low frequency torque can be improved by increasing this parameter. Exc and increased risk of tripping on Over Current or Motor Overload (refer This parameter operates in conjunction with P-51 (Motor Control Mode)							notor curren
	P-51	P-51 P-11							
	0								
	0 Boost is automatically calculated according to autotune data. >0 Voltage boost = P-11 x P-07. This voltage is applied at 0.0 Hz, and linearly reduced until P-09								/ 2
	1		Ü		7.This voltage is applie	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	2, 3, 4, 5			level = 4*P-11		74 41 0.01 12, C	and inicarry re	docod orimi i o / /	
	the range sh Frame Size Frame Size	nown below 1: 60 – 809 2: 50 – 609 3: 40 – 509	v. 1% of motor rat 1% of motor rat 1% of motor rat	ed current.	l until the motor curre	п із арріолії	idiciy ilic ilide	mensing content (ii	Kilowiij Gi
-12	Primary C			Traied Correin.		0	9	0	
	an external remote Keypad. 2: Bi-directional Keypad Control. The drive can be controlled in or an external remote Keypad. Pressing the keypad START button toggle 3: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) 4: Modbus Network Control. Control via Modbus RTU (RS485) 5: PI Control. User PI control with external feedback signal. 6: PI Analog Summation Control. PI control with external feedb 7: CAN Control. Control via CAN (RS485) using the internal Accel. 8: CAN Control. Control via CAN (RS485) interface with Accel / D								ernal keypo
	or an externormal or an extern	etional Ke al remote Ke is Networ rol. User Pl log Summ pontrol. Cor node. Cor	eypad Control (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (rk Control. (Pl control with a nation Control entrol via CAN entrol via CAN entrol via a con	g the keypad S Control via Mo Control via Mo external feedbo rol. PI control v (RS485) using (RS485) interferenceted Invertek	TART button toggles buildbus RTU (RS485) usubus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / Decay active in Master Model.	etween forworking the interna- terface with A k signal and s Decel ramps. tel ramps upd de. Slave drive	ard and revers al Accel / De Accel / Decel summation wit lated via CAN e address mus	e. cel ramps. ramps updated vi h analog input 1. J. st be > 1.	a Modbus
12	or an externormal or an extern	etional Ke al remote Ke as Networ rol. User Pl log Summ patrol. Cor patrol. Cor Mode. Cor en P-12 = 1,	eypad Control (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. Control with a control via CAN entrol via CAN entrol via CAN entrol via a control via a cont	g the keypad S Control via Mo Control via Mo external feedbo rol. PI control v (RS485) using (RS485) interferenceted Invertek	TART button toggles buildbus RTU (RS485) usubus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbact the internal Accel / Decay	etween forworking the internate race with A k signal and some cel ramps. The cel ramps update. Slave driven ovided at the	ard and revers al Accel / De accel / Decel summation wit lated via CAN e address mus control termin	e. cel ramps. ramps updated vi h analog input 1. J. st be > 1. als, digital input 1.	a Modbus.
-13	or an externation or an externation of the externat	etional Ke al remote Ke as Networ rol. User Pl log Summ ontrol. Cor Ande. Cor en P-12 = 1, g Mode Se uuick set up to fial Mode. Mode. Inter	eypad Control (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (rk Control. (Pl control with a nation Control ontrol via CAN ontrol via CAN ontrol via a con 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 c select to configure ke	g the keypad S Control via Mo Control via Mo Control via Mo external feedbo (RS485) using (RS485) interfinected Invertek or 9, an enable y parameters a general purpose	TART button toggles but dbus RTU (RS485) us adbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / lace with Accel / December 2 drive in Master Modesignal must still be precording to the intended applications.	etween forworking the international terface with A k signal and some control of the control of t	ard and revers al Accel / De accel / Decel summation wit lated via CAN e address mus control termin	e. cel ramps. ramps updated vi h analog input 1. J. st be > 1. als, digital input 1.	a Modbus.
-13	or an externation or an externation of the externat	etional Ke al remote Ke as Networ rol. User Pl log Summ ontrol. Cor Ande. Cor en P-12 = 1, g Mode Se uuick set up to fial Mode. Mode. Inter	eypad Control (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (rk Control. (Pl control with a nation Control ontrol via CAN ontrol via CAN ontrol via a con 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 c select to configure ke Intended for c nded for centri ed for Fan app	g the keypad S Control via Mo Control via Mo Control via Mo external feedbo (RS485) using (RS485) interfinected Invertek or 9, an enable y parameters a general purpose	TART button toggles but dbus RTU (RS485) us adbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / lace with Accel / December 2 drive in Master Modesignal must still be precording to the intended applications.	etween forworking the international terface with A k signal and some control of the control of t	and and revers al Accel / De accel / Decel summation wit lated via CAN e address mus control termin 2 n of the drive.	e. cel ramps. ramps updated vi h analog input 1. J. st be > 1. als, digital input 1.	ia Modbus.
-13	or an externation or an externation of the externat	tional Ke al remote Ke is Networ rol. User Pl log Summ ontrol. Cor Ande. Cor en P-12 = 1, g Mode So uuick set up to ial Mode. Ande. Interde	eypad Control (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. eypad. e	g the keypad S Control via Mo Control via Mo Control via Mo external feedbo (RS485) using (RS485) interferenceted Invertek or 9, an enable ry parameters a general purpose fugal pump app lications. rrent Limit	TART button toggles be abbus RTU (RS485) us abbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / December 1 december 1 december 2 drive in Master Modes ignal must still be preceded as applications.	etween forward ing the internation of the internation of the following the internation of	and and revers al Accel / De accel / Decel summation wit lated via CAN e address mus control termin 2 n of the drive.	e. cel ramps. ramps updated vi h analog input 1. N. st be > 1. als, digital input 1. Parameters are pre	a Modbus. - eset accordi oad Limit O Index 2
-13	or an externation of the externa	ctional Ke al remote Ke al remote Ke al remote Ke al remote Ke as Networrol. User Plog Summ entrol. Cornontrol. Cornontrol. Cornontrol. Cornontrol. Cornontrol. Cornouck Set up to al Mode. Interde. Intende Application	eypad Control (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (rk Control. (Pl control with a nation Control ontrol via CAN ontrol via CAN ontrol via a con 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8 c select to configure ke Intended for g nded for centri ed for Fan app ution Cu	g the keypad S Control via Mo Control via Mo Control via Mo external feedbo rol. PI control v (RS485) using (RS485) interfinected Invertek or 9, an enable y parameters a general purpose fugal pump app lications. rrent Limit (P-54)	TART button toggles be abbus RTU (RS485) us abbus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / Decent acce with Accel / Decent acce with Accel / Decent acceptance in Master Modes ignal must still be preceded and the internal according to the intended applications.	etween forward ing the internation of the internati	and and revers al Accel / De accel / Decel summation wit lated via CAN e address mus control termin 2 n of the drive. rt (P-33)	e. cel ramps. ramps updated vi h analog input 1. J. st be > 1. als, digital input 1. Parameters are pre	eset accordi
-13	or an externation of the externa	etional Ke al remote Ke as Networ s Networ rol. User Pl log Summ ontrol. Cor Anode. Cor en P-12 = 1, g Mode Se uick set up to ial Mode. Application General	eypad Control (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. Pressin rk Control. (eypad. eypad. e	g the keypad S Control via Mo Control via Mo Control via Mo external feedbo rol. PI control v (RS485) using (RS485) interferenceted Invertek or 9, an enable ry parameters a general purpose rugal pump app lications. rrent Limit (P-54) 150%	TART button toggles be about RTU (RS485) used bus RTU (RS485) in ack signal. with external feedbace the internal Accel / December 1 December 2 December 2 December 2 December 2 December 2 December 3	etween forwarding the international terface with A k signal and selected ramps. The selected ramps upon the selected at the control of the selected at the control of the selected application of the	and and revers al Accel / De accel / Decel summation wit lated via CAN e address mus control termin 2 n of the drive. rt (P-33) Off	e. cel ramps. ramps updated vi h analog input 1. J. st be > 1. als, digital input 1. Parameters are pre Thermal Overl Reaction (P-60	oad Limit Olndex 2

Enables access to Extended and Advanced Parameter Groups. This parameter must be set to the value programmed in P-37 (default: 101) to view and adjust Extended Parameters and value of P-37 + 100 to view and adjust Advanced Parameters. The code may be changed by the user in P-37 if desired.

6.2. Extended Parameters

	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-15	Digital Input Function Select	0	18	0	-				
	Defines the function of the digital inputs depending on the control mode Macro Configurations for more information.	e setting in P-12.	See section 7. A	nalog and Di	gital Input				
P-16	Analog Input 1 Signal Format	See B	elow	UO-10	-				
	U D- ID = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal. The drive will remain at minimum speed (P-02) if the analog reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%. 100% signal means the output frequency / speed will be the value set in P-01.								
	b \Box - $I\Box$ = Uni-polar 0 to 10 Volt Signal, bi-directional operation. The of direction of rotation if the analog reference after scaling and offset are volt signal, set P-35 = 200.0%, P-39 = 50.0%.				l from a 0 – 10				
	A 0-20 = 0 to 20mA Signal.								
	L 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (L 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault	P-20 if the signa	l level falls belov	w 3mA.					
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (-		٦.				
	U 10-0 = 10 to 0 Volt Signal (Uni-polar). The drive will operate at Mc reference after scaling and offset are applied is =<0.0%.	_							
P-17	Maximum Effective Switching Frequency	4	32	8	kHz				
	Sets maximum effective switching frequency of the drive. If "rEd" is displayed has been reduced to the level in P00-32 due to excessive drive heatsing		parameter is viev	wed, the switc	hing frequency				
P-18	Output Relay Function Select	0	9	1	-				
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and r	no fault exists.							
P-19	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 when power is applied to the drive and r 2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level	y exceeds the acted the adjustable is below the adjustable g input 2 exceed trip present.	djustable limit set e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set in limit set in P-19.	in P-19. n P-19.). %				
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-1	y exceeds the act of the adjustable is below the adjustable g input 2 exceed trip present.	djustable limit set e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set in limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable	in P-19 n P-19. limit set in P-19	%				
P-20	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog : Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-1 Preset Frequency / Speed 1	y exceeds the acted the adjustable is below the adjustable g input 2 exceed trip present.	ljustable limit set e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set in limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable	in P-19 n P-19. limit set in P-19. 100.0	% Hz / RPM				
P-20 P-21	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-1 Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2	y exceeds the aceds the adjustable is below the adjustable g input 2 exceeds trip present. 0.0 8. -P-01 -P-01	djustable limit set e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set in limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable	in P-19. In P-19. Ilimit set in P-19. 100.0 5.0 25.0	% Hz / RPM Hz / RPM				
P-20	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog : Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-1 Preset Frequency / Speed 1	y exceeds the acted the adjustable is below the adjustable of input 2 exceeds trip present. 0.0 8. -P-01	ljustable limit set e limit set in P-19 ustable limit set in limit set in P-19. Is the adjustable	in P-19 n P-19. limit set in P-19. 100.0	% Hz/RPM Hz/RPM				
P-20 P-21	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-1 Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 2	y exceeds the aceds the adjustable is below the adjustable g input 2 exceeds trip present. 0.0 8. -P-01 -P-01	djustable limit set e limit set in P- 19 ustable limit set in P- 19. limit set in P- 19. ls the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01	in P-19. In P-19. Ilimit set in P-19. 100.0 5.0 25.0	% Hz/RPM Hz/RPM Hz/RPM				
P-20 P-21 P-22	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog : Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-1 Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 3	y exceeds the acted the adjustable is below the adjustable is below the adjustable g input 2 exceed trip present. O.O 18. -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1 he setting of P-15 tered as RPM.	ljustable limit set e limit set in P- 19 ustable limit set in P- 19. limit set in P- 19. ls the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	in P-19. In P-19. Ilimit set in P-19. 100.0 5.0 25.0 40.0					
P-20 P-21 P-22	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output frequency 3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition. 4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current exceed 6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency 7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is below 8: Analog Input 2 > Limit. Logic 1 when the signal applied to analog 9: Drive Ready to Run. Logic 1 when the drive is ready to run, no Relay Threshold Level Adjustable threshold level used in conjunction with settings 4 to 8 of P-1 Preset Frequency / Speed 1 Preset Frequency / Speed 3 Preset Frequency / Speed 4 Preset Speeds / Frequencies selected by digital inputs depending on the lift P-10 = 0, the values are entered as Hz. If P-10 > 0, t	y exceeds the acted the adjustable is below the adjustable is below the adjustable g input 2 exceed trip present. O.O 18. -P-O1 -P-O1 -P-O1 he setting of P-15 tered as RPM.	ljustable limit set e limit set in P- 19 ustable limit set in P- 19. limit set in P- 19. ls the adjustable 200.0 P-01 P-01 P-01 P-01	in P-19. In P-19. Ilimit set in P-19. 100.0 5.0 25.0 40.0	% Hz / RPM Hz / RPM Hz / RPM				

	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-25	Analog Output Function Select 0 11 8 -								
	Digital Output Mode. Logic 1 = +24V DC	-							
	O: Drive Enabled (Running). Logic 1 when the Optidrive is enabled (Running).								
	1: Drive Healthy. Logic 1 When no Fault condition exists on the drive.								
	2: At Target Frequency (Speed). Logic 1 when the output	frequency matches the	e setpoint freque	ncy.					
	3: Drive Tripped. Logic 1 when the drive is in a fault condition	٦.							
	4: Output Frequency >= Limit. Logic 1 when the output fred	quency exceeds the a	djustable limit se	t in P-19.					
	5: Output Current >= Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current	exceeds the adjustabl	e limit set in P-19	Э.					
	6: Output Frequency < Limit. Logic 1 when the output frequency	uency is below the adj	ustable limit set	in P-19.					
	7: Output Current < Limit. Logic 1 when the motor current is	below the adjustable	limit set in P-19.						
	Analog Output Mode								
	8: Output Frequency (Motor Speed). 0 to P-01, resolutio	n 0.1 Hz.							
	9: Output (Motor) Current. 0 to 200% of P-08, resolution (D.1A.							
	10: Output Power. 0 – 200% of drive rated power.								
	11: Load Current. 0 – 200% of P-08, resolution 0.1 A.								
P-26	Skip Frequency Hysteresis Band	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM				
P-27	Skip Frequency Centre Point	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RPM				
P-28	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0	P-07	0	V				
P-28 P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage	0.0	P-07 P-09	0.0	V Hz				
	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at v	0.0 which the voltage set in	P-09	0.0	Hz				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at v taken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the	vhich the voltage set in his feature.	P-09	0.0	Hz				
	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at v	vhich the voltage set in his feature.	P-09	0.0	Hz				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vertaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable in	vhich the voltage set in his feature.	P-09 P-29 is applied	O.O to the motor. (Hz Care must be				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable in Automatic Restart function.	vhich the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and late	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during pov	O.O to the motor. C Edge-r wer on. Also c	Hz Care must be onfigures the				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable in Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Dig	vhich the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and late	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during pov	O.O to the motor. C Edge-r wer on. Also c	Hz Care must be onfigures the				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable in Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digpower on or reset to start the drive.	o.o which the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and lat gital Input 1 remains c	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during por	O.O to the motor. C Edge-r wer on. Also c	Hz Care must be onfigures the				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable in Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Diapower on or reset to start the drive. BULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic	vhich the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and late gital Input 1 remains containing the cont	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during powlosed. The Input It 1 is closed.	to the motor. (Edge-r wer on. Also comust be closed	Hz Care must be onfigures the				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable in Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digpower on or reset to start the drive.	vhich the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and late gital Input 1 remains containing the cont	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during port losed. The Input at 1 is closed. 20 second interv	edge-r wer on. Also comust be closed	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable in Automatic Restart function. Edge-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Dig power on or reset to start the drive. RULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-1 To RULD-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5	vhich the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and late gital Input 1 remains containing the attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attempt	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during powers losed. The Input at 1 is closed. 20 second intervit, the drive will tr	edge-r wer on. Also comust be closed	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Dig power on or reset to start the drive. RULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-1 To RULD-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st	vhich the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and late gital Input 1 remains containing the attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attempt	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during powers losed. The Input at 1 is closed. 20 second intervit, the drive will tr	edge-r wer on. Also comust be closed	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digpower on or reset to start the drive. RULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-I TO RULD-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be power.	o.o which the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and late gital Input 1 remains contained attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attempted down to reset the	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A The ched during power of the line of the	to the motor. C Edge-r wer on. Also c must be closed vals. The ip with a fault,	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the Start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digpower on or reset to start the drive. RULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-1 To RULD-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be power to perform the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which	which the voltage set in his feature. N/A Input is present and late gital Input 1 remains a cally start if Digital Input attempts to restart at a art on the final attempted down to reset the orincludes Fire Mode, e	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A The ched during power of the line of the	to the motor. C Edge-r wer on. Also c must be closed vals. The ip with a fault,	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Dig power on or reset to start the drive. RULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-1 To RULD-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be power index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic	which the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and lat gital Input 1 remains c cally start if Digital Input attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attempy vered down to reset the color of the colo	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A The ched during power of the line of the	to the motor. C Edge-r wer on. Also c must be closed vals. The ip with a fault,	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Dig power on or reset to start the drive. RULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-1 To RULD-5: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be power Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is	which the voltage set in his feature. N/A input is present and lat gital Input 1 remains c cally start if Digital Input attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attempy vered down to reset the color of the colo	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A The ched during power of the line of the	to the motor. C Edge-r wer on. Also c must be closed vals. The ip with a fault,	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	V/F Characteristic Adjustment Voltage This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digpower on or reset to start the drive. BULD-D: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-I To BULD-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be powed index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type	which the voltage set in his feature. N/A Input is present and late gital Input 1 remains a cally start if Digital Input attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attemptered down to reset the colorest open. Includes Fire Mode, etc. includes Colored.	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during port losed. The Input at 1 is closed. 20 second intervit, the drive will trecounter. 1 .g. settings 15, 1	Edge-r wer on. Also comust be closed vals. The ip with a fault, 0 6 & 17.	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digpower on or reset to start the drive. BULD-U: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULD-I TO BULD-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be power index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which include O: Maintained Input. The drive will remain in Fire Mode, only	which the voltage set in his feature. N/A Input is present and lat gital Input 1 remains c cally start if Digital Input attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attempt vered down to reset the colored. O includes Fire Mode, e s open. I closed. O des Fire Mode, e.g. set y as long the fire mode.	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during por losed. The Input at 1 is closed. 20 second intervit, the drive will tre e counter. 1 .g. settings 15, 1.	To the motor. Control	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a				
P-29	This parameter in conjunction with P-28 sets a frequency point at vitaken to avoid overheating and damaging the motor when using the start Mode, Automatic Restart, Fire Mode Operation Index 1: Start Mode & Automatic Restart Selects whether the drive should start automatically if the enable is Automatic Restart function. Ed9E-r: Following Power on or reset, the drive will not start if Digpower on or reset to start the drive. RULa-U: Following a Power On or Reset, the drive will automatic RULa-I To RULa-S: Following a trip, the drive will make up to 5 numbers of restart attempts are counted, and if the drive fails to st require the user to manually reset the fault. The drive must be power Index 2: Fire Mode Input Logic Defines the operating logic when a setting of P-15 is used which O: Normally Closed (NC) Input. Fire Mode active if input is Index 3: Fire Mode Input Type Defines the input type when a setting of P-15 is used which included the setting the	which the voltage set in his feature. N/A Input is present and lat gital Input 1 remains c cally start if Digital Input attempts to restart at 2 art on the final attempt vered down to reset the local color of the sopen. I closed. Oles Fire Mode, e.g. set y as long the fire mode pending on Index 2 set in his feature.	P-09 P-29 is applied N/A ched during port losed. The Input at 1 is closed. 20 second intervit, the drive will tree counter. 1 .g. settings 15, 1 e input signal reletting).	To the motor. Control	Hz Care must be - onfigures the d after a and will -				

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units							
P-31	Keypad Start Mode Select	0	7	1	-							
	This parameter is active only when operating in Keypad Control Mode settings 0, 1, 4 or 5 are used, the Keypad Start and Stop keys are active 2, 3, 6 and 7 allow the drive to be started from the control terminals dire	e, and control ter	minals 1 and 2 m	ust be linked toge	ether. Settin							
	0: Minimum Speed, Keypad Start	,, ,	'	, ,								
	1: Previous Speed, Keypad Start											
	2: Minimum Speed, Terminal Enable											
	3: Previous Speed, Terminal Enable											
	4: Current Speed, Keypad Start											
	5: Preset Speed 4, Keypad Start											
	6: Current Speed, Terminal Start											
	7: Preset Speed 4, Terminal Start											
P-32	DC Injection Configuration											
	Index 1: Duration	0.0	25.0	0.0	5							
	Index 2: DC Injection Mode	0	2	0	-							
	Index 1: Defines the time for which a DC current is injected into the	motor. DC Inject	ion current level i	may be adjusted	l in P-59.							
	Index 2: Configures the DC Injection Function as follows:											
	O: DC Injection on Stop. DC is injected into the motor at the curre frequency has reduced to P-58 for the time set in Index 1.	ent level set in P-3	59 following a sta	op command, af	ter the ou							
	NOTE If the drive is in Standby Mode prior to disable, the DC injecti	ion is disabled										
	1: DC Injection on Start. DC is injected into the motor at the curre the drive is enabled, prior to the output frequency ramping up. The out ensure the motor is at standstill prior to starting.											
	2: DC Injection on Start & Stop. DC injection applied as both st	ettings 0 and 1 a	above.									
-33	Spin Start	0	2	0	-							
	0: Disabled											
	1: Enabled. When enabled, on start up the drive will attempt to determ the motor from its current speed. A short delay may be observed when				gin to co							
	2: Enabled on Trip, Brown Out or Coast Stop. Spin start is o disabled.	only activated fol	lowing the events	s listed, otherwise	e it is							
-34	Brake Chopper Enable (Not Size 1)	0	4	0	-							
	0: Disabled											
	1: Enabled With Software Protection. Brake chopper enabled with software protection for a 200W continuous rated resistor.											
	2: Enabled Without Software Protection. Enables the internal	al brake choppe	r without software	e protection. An	external							
	thermal protection device should be fitted.				3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the Brake Chopper is only enabled during a change of the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.							
	3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however t	he Brake Chopp	er is only enable	ed during a chan	ge of the							
	3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however t											
P-35	3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, however the frequency setpoint is a setting 2.											
-35	3: Enabled With Software Protection. As setting 1, however the frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation. 4: Enabled Without Software Protection. As setting 2, howe frequency setpoint, and is disabled during constant speed operation.	ver the Brake Ch	2000.0 e.g. if P-16 is set for	abled during a control of a 0 - 10V sig	change of							

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units				
P-36	Serial Communications Configuration		See B	elow					
	Index 1: Address	0	63	1	-				
	Index 2: Baud Rate	9.6	1000	115.2	kbps				
	Index 3: Communication loss protection	0	3000	t 3000	ms				
	This parameter has three sub settings used to configure the Modbus RTU Serial Communications. The Sub Parameters are:								
	1st Index: Drive Address: Range: 0 – 63, default: 1.								
	2nd Index: Baud Rate & Network type: Selects the bacommunication port. For Modbus RTU: Baud rates 9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2 kbps For CAN: Baud rates 125, 250, 500 & 1000 kbps are available.	s are available.	type for the intern	al RS485					
	3rd Index: Watchdog Timeout: Defines the time for whito Register 1 (Drive Control Word) after the drive has been end 100, 1000, or 3000 defines the time limit in milliseconds for opmeans that the drive will coast stop (output immediately disable).	abled. Setting 0 disable peration. A 'Ł' suffix sel	es the Watchdog	timer. Setting a	value of 30,				
P-37	Access Code Definition	0	9999	101	-				
	Defines the access code which must be entered in P-14 to acc	ess parameters above	P-14.						
P-38	Parameter Access Lock	0	1	0	-				
	O: Unlocked. All parameters can be accessed and changed	d.							
	1: Locked. Parameter values can be displayed, but cannot be	oe changed except P-3	8.						
P-39	Analog Input 1 Offset	-500.0	500.0	0.0	%				
	Sets an offset, as a percentage of the full scale range of the inpoperates in conjunction with P-35, and the resultant value can	be displayed in POO-01		signal. This parc	ımeter				
	The resultant value is defined as a percentage, according to the	ne following:							
	P00-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35).								
P-40	POO-01 = (Applied Signal Level(%) - P-39) × P-35). Index 1: Display Scaling Factor	0.000	16.000	0.000	-				
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source	0	3	0	-				
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor	• tive output unit scaled fr	3	0	- Motor				
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternate	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode.	3 om either output	0	- - Motor				
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows:	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t	om either output his factor.	0	- - Motor				
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternal Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t v if P-10 = 0, or motor R	om either output his factor.	0	- - Motor				
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t v if P-10 = 0, or motor R alue (Amps).	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0.	• frequency (Hz),					
P-40	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t v if P-10 = 0, or motor R alue (Amps). nalog input 2 signal leve	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally repre	frequency (Hz),					
	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback selections.	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t v if P-10 = 0, or motor R alue (Amps). nalog input 2 signal leve ted by P-46, internally	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0	frequency (Hz), essented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%.					
	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t if P-10 = 0, or motor R alue (Amps). nalog input 2 signal level ted by P-46, internally	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0	ofrequency (Hz), essented as 0 - 1 - 100.0%.	00.0%.				
P-41	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability.	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by to the value is multiplied by to the value is multiplied by to the value (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal level the value (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal level the value (Amps). In alog input 2 signal level the value (Amps). In alog input 2 signal level the value (Amps). In alog in the value (Amps). In alog in the value (Amps). In alog in the value (Amps).	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 putput frequency	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 in response to si	00.0% nall change:				
P-41	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to ar 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t if P-10 = 0, or motor R alue (Amps). nalog input 2 signal leve ted by P-46, internally er change in the drive of	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 putput frequency	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 1.0	00.0% nall change				
P-41	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damp	tive output unit scaled fr g in PI Mode. e value is multiplied by t of P-10 = 0, or motor R alue (Amps). halog input 2 signal level sted by P-46, internally o.0 ter change in the drive of bed response for system	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 putput frequency 30.0 as where the over	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 all process resp	00.0% nall change:				
P-41	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to ar 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damped to the Operating Mode	tive output unit scaled free gin PI Mode. e value is multiplied by to a value (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal level ted by P-46, internally to a value in the drive of t	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 output frequency as where the over	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 all process resp	00.0% nall change				
P-41 P-42	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damp. PI Controller Operating Mode O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback signal. To Depart of the proposed of the proposed of the provide and provide of the proposed of the provide of the	tive output unit scaled free general in PI Mode. In vif P-10 = 0, or motor Realue (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal leveral in put 2 signal leveral in the drive of	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. PM if P-10 >	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 all process resp orease. lecrease. is set to 100%.	00.0%. nall change: s onds slowly.				
P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback 1: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Ose Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed.	tive output unit scaled frigg in PI Mode. If P-10 = 0, or motor Rialue (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal level ted by P-46, internally Iter change in the drive of	meither output this factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 output frequency 30.0 as where the over speed should incompresed should sh	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 In response to so all process responses. Decrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease.	00.0%. nall change: s onds slowly.				
P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damp. PI Controller Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback select in the feedback select of the PI feedback select in the feedback select of the PI feedback select in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time. Larger values provide a more damp. PI Controller Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback select of the PI feedback select of t	tive output unit scaled free general in PI Mode. In vif P-10 = 0, or motor Realue (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal leveral in put 2 signal leveral in the drive of	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. PM if P-10 >	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 all process resp orease. lecrease. is set to 100%.	00.0%. nall change: s onds slowly.				
P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode 0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback select 1: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Of 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.	tive output unit scaled frigg in PI Mode. If P-10 = 0, or motor Rialue (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal level ted by P-46, internally Iter change in the drive of	meither output this factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 output frequency 30.0 as where the over speed should incompresed should sh	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 In response to so all process responses. Decrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease. Secrease.	00.0%. nall change: s onds slowly.				
P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: O: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode O: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback is 1: Inverse Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback 2: Direct Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting O: 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint. O: Digital Preset Setpoint. P-45 is used.	tive output unit scaled free in PI Mode. In PI Mode. In IP 10 = 0, or motor Revalue (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal level ted by P-46, internally In IP 10 = 0, or motor Revalue (Amps). In IP 10 = 0, or m	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 output frequency 30.0 as where the over speed should incompany properties of the control of the co	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%. ut is set to 100%.	00.0%. nall change: s onds slowly.				
P-41 P-42 P-43	Index 1: Display Scaling Factor Index 2: Display Scaling Source Allows the user to program the Optidrive to display an alternat Speed (RPM) or the signal level of PI feedback when operatin Index 1: Used to set the scaling multiplier. The chosen source Index 2: Defines the scaling source as follows: 0: Motor Speed. Scaling is applied to the output frequency 1: Motor Current. Scaling is applied to the motor current v 2: Analog Input 2 Signal Level. Scaling is applied to an 3: PI Feedback. Scaling is applied to the PI feedback select PI Controller Proportional Gain. PI Controller Proportional Gain. Higher values provide a great in the feedback signal. Too high a value can cause instability. PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Integral Time PI Controller Operating Mode 0: Direct Operation. Use this mode if when the feedback select 1: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting Of 3: Inverse Operation, Wake at Full Speed. As setting PI Reference (Setpoint) Source Select Selects the source for the PID Reference / Setpoint.	tive output unit scaled free in PI Mode. In PI Mode. In IP 10 = 0, or motor Revalue (Amps). Inalog input 2 signal level ted by P-46, internally In IP 10 = 0, or motor Revalue (Amps). In IP 10 = 0, or m	meither output his factor. PM if P-10 > 0. el, internally represented as 0. 30.0 output frequency 30.0 as where the over speed should incompany properties of the control of the co	esented as 0 – 1 – 100.0%. 1.0 all process resp 0 rease. lecrease. is set to 100%. ut is set to 100%.	00.0%. nall changes s onds slowly.				

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units			
P-46	PI Feedback Source Select	0	5	0	-			
	Selects the source of the feedback signal to be used by the PI controller							
	0: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 4) Signal level readable in P00-02.							
	1: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Signal level readable in POO-01.							
	2: Motor Current Scaled as % of P-08.							
	3: DC Bus Voltage Scaled 0 – 1000 Volts = 0 – 100%.							
	4: Analog 1 - Analog 2 The value of Analog Input 2 is subtracted filmited to 0.	from Analog 1 t	o give a differer	ntial signal. The	value is			
	5: Largest (Analog 1, Analog 2) The larger of the two analog inp	out values is alw	ays used for PI f	eedback.				
P-47	Analog Input 2 Signal Format	-	-	-	U0-10			
	U □- I□ = 0 to 10 Volt Signal.							
	A □-2□ = 0 to 20mA Signal.							
	E 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault	code 4-20F if t	the signal level f	alls below 3mA	١.			
	r 4-20 = 4 to 20mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (I	P-20) if the sign	al level falls belo	ow 3mA.				
	E 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will trip and show the fault of		Ü					
	r 20-4 = 20 to 4mA Signal, the Optidrive will run at Preset Speed 1 (I							
	Ptc-th = Use for motor thermistor measurement, valid with any setting of	of P-15 that has	Input 3 as E-Trip	. Trip level: 1.5k	Ω , reset 1kΩ.			
P-48	Standby Mode Timer	0.0	60.0	0.0	S			
	When standby mode is enabled by setting P-48 > 0.0, the drive will enter (P-02) for the time set in P-48. When in Standby Mode, the drive display							
P-49	PI Control Wake Up Error Level	0.0	100.0	5.0	%			
	When the drive is operating in PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6), and Sta define the PI Error Level (E.g. difference between the setpoint and feedb Mode. This allows the drive to ignore small feedback errors and remain	ack) required b	efore the drive re	estarts after ente	ering Standby			
P-50	User Output Relay Hysteresis	0.0	100.0	0.0	%			

6.3. Advanced Parameters

Par.	Description	Minimum	Maximum	Default	Units
P-51	Motor Control Mode	0	5	0	-
	0: Vector speed control mode				
	1: V/f mode				
	2: PM motor vector speed control				
	3: BLDC motor vector speed control	•			
	4: Synchronous Reluctance motor vector speed control 5: LSPM motor vector speed control	1			
P-52	Motor Parameter Autotune	0	1	0	_
-	0: Disabled		•		
	1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive immediately measures requirelated parameters are correctly set first before enabling this parameter can be used to optimise the performance when P-51 Autotune is not required if P-51 = 1. For settings 2 – 5 of P-51, autotune MUST be carried out AFTER all	eter. = 0.			sure all moto
P-53	Vector Mode Gain	0.0	200.0	50.0	%
	Single Parameter for Vector speed loop tuning. Affects P & I terms si	imultaneously. Not	active when P-5] =].	
P-54	Maximum Current Limit	0.0	175.0	150.0	%
	Defines the max current limit in vector control modes				-
P-55	Motor Stator Resistance	0.00	655.35	-	Ω
	Motor stator resistance in Ohms. Determined by Autotune, adjustme	ent is not normally r	equired.		
P-56	Motor Stator d-axis Inductance (Lsd)	0.00	655.35	-	mH
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.				
P-57	Motor Stator q-axis Inductance (Lsq)	0.00	655.35	-	mH
	Determined by Autotune, adjustment is not normally required.				
P-58	DC Injection Speed	0.0	P-01	0.0	Hz / RP
	Sets the speed at which DC injection current is applied during braki zero speed if desired.	ing to Stop, allowi	ng DC to be injec	cted before the	drive reache
P-59	DC Injection Current	0.0	100.0	20.0	%
	Sets the level of DC injection braking current applied according to	the conditions set i	n P-32 and P-58.	•	
P-60	Motor Overload Management	-	-	-	-
	Index 1: Thermal Overload Retention	0	1	1	1
	O: Disabled 1: Enabled. When enabled, the drive calculated motor overload removed from the drive.	protection informa	ation is retained a	fter the mains p	ower is
	Index 2: Thermal Overload Limit Reaction	0	1	1	1
	0: It.trp. When the overload accumulator reaches the limit, the driv 1: Current Limit Reduction. When the overload accumulator re 100% of P-08 in order to avoid an It.trp. The current limit will return to	eaches 90% of, the	output current lin	nit is internally r	

6.4. P-00 Read Only Status Parameters

Par.	Description	Explanation
P00-01	1st Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-02	2nd Analog input value (%)	100% = max input voltage
P00-03	Speed reference input (Hz / RPM)	Displayed in Hz if P-10 = 0, otherwise RPM
P00-04	Digital input status	Drive digital input status
P00-05	User PI output (%)	Displays value of the User PI output
P00-06	DC bus ripple (V)	Measured DC bus ripple
P00-07	Applied motor voltage (V)	Value of RMS voltage applied to motor
P00-08	DC bus voltage (V)	Internal DC bus voltage
P00-09	Heatsink temperature (°C)	Temperature of heatsink in °C
P00-10	Run time since date of manuf. (Hours)	Not affected by resetting factory default parameters
P00-11	Run time since last trip (1) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred. Reset also on next enable after a drive power down
P00-12	Run time since last trip (2) (Hours)	Run-time clock stopped by drive disable (or trip), reset on next enable only if a trip occurred (under-volts not considered a trip) – not reset by power down / power up cycling unless a trip occurred prior to power down
P00-13	Trip Log	Displays most recent 4 trips with time stamp
P00-14	Run time since last enable, HH:MM:SS	Run-time clock stopped on drive disable, value reset on next enable
P00-15	DC bus voltage log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-16	Heatsink temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30s sample time
P00-17	Motor current log (A)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 256ms sample time
P00-18	DC bus ripple log (V)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 22ms sample time
P00-19	Internal drive temperature log (°C)	8 most recent values prior to trip, 30 s sample time
P00-20	Internal drive temperature (°C)	Actual internal ambient temperature in °C
P00-21	CAN process data input	Incoming process data (RX PDO 1) for CAN: PI1, PI2, PI3, PI4
P00-22	CAN process data output	Outgoing process data (TX PDO1) for CAN: PO1, PO2, PO3, PO4
P00-23	Accumulated time with heatsink > 85 °C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation above heatsink temp of 85°C
P00-24	Accumulated time with drive internal temp > 80°C (Hours)	Total accumulated hours and minutes of operation with drive internal ambient above 80°C
P00-25	Estimated rotor speed (Hz)	In vector control modes, estimated rotor speed in Hz
P00-26	kWh meter / MWh meter	Total number of kWh / MWh consumed by the drive
P00-27	Total run time of drive fans (Hours)	Time displayed in hh:mm:ss. First value displays time in hrs, press up to display mm:ss
P00-28	Software version and checksum	Version number and checksum. "1" on LH side indicates I/O processor, "2" indicates power stage
P00-29	Drive type identifier	Drive rating, drive type and software version codes
P00-30	Drive serial number	Unique drive serial number
P00-31	Motor current Id / Iq	Displays the magnetising current (Id) and torque current (Iq). Press UP to show Iq
P00-32	Actual PWM switching frequency (kHz)	Actual switching frequency used by drive
P00-33	Critical fault counter – O-l	These parameters log the number of times specific faults or errors occur, and are useful for diagnostic purposes
P00-34	Critical fault counter – O-Volts	
P00-35	Critical fault counter – U-Volts	
P00-36	Critical fault counter - O-temp (h/sink)	
P00-37	Critical fault counter – b O-I (chopper)	
P00-38	Critical fault counter – O-hEAt (control)	
P00-39	Modbus comms error counter	
P00-40	CANbus comms error counter	
P00-41	I/O processor comms errors	
P00-42	Power stage uC comms errors	T. 116 a. (1) al.
P00-43	Drive power up time (life time) (Hours)	Total lifetime of drive with power applied
P00-44	Phase U current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-45	Phase V current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-46	Phase W current offset & ref	Internal value
P00-47	Index 1: Fire mode total active time Index 2: Fire Mode Activation Count	Total activation time of Fire Mode Displays the number of times Fire Mode has been activated
P00-48	Scope channel 1 & 2	Displays signals for first scope channels 1 & 2
P00-49	Scope channel 3 & 4	Displays signals for first scope channels 3 & 4
P00-50	Bootloader and motor control	Internal value

7. Analog and Digital Input Macro Configurations

7.1. Overview

Optidrive E3 uses a Macro approach to simplify the configuration of the Analog and Digital Inputs. There are two key parameters which determine the input functions and drive behaviour:

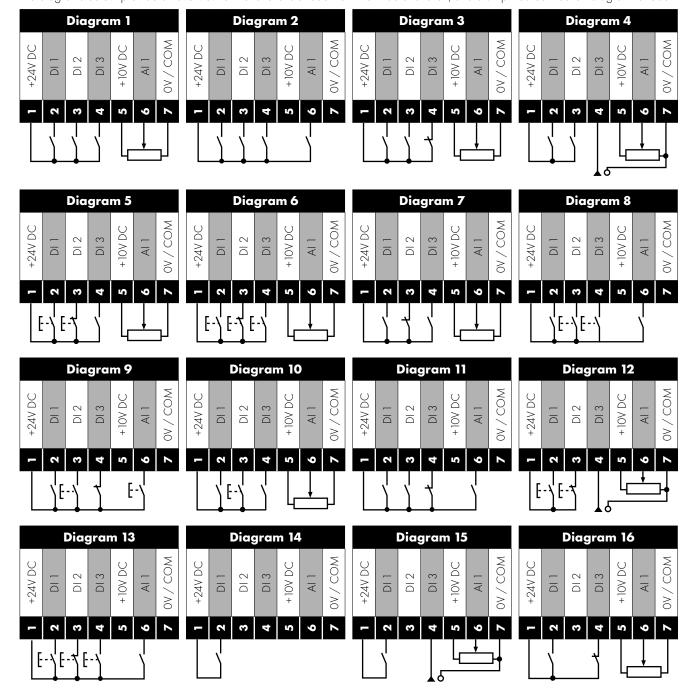
- Selects the main drive control source and determines how the output frequency of the drive is primarily controlled.
- Assigns the Macro function to the analog and digital inputs.

Additional parameters can then be used to further adapt the settings, e.g.

- Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 1, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.
- Determines whether the drive should automatically start following a power on if the Enable Input is present.
- P-31 When Keypad Mode is selected, determines at what output frequency / speed the drive should start following the enable command, and also whether the keypad start key must be pressed or if the Enable input alone should start the drive.
- P-47 Used to select the format of the analog signal to be connected to analog input 2, e.g. 0 10 Volt, 4 20mA.

7.2. Example Connection Diagrams

The diagrams below provide an overview of the functions of each terminal macro function, and a simplified connection diagram for each.



7.3. Macro Functions Guide Key

The table below should be used as a key on the following pages.

Function	Explanation	
STOP	Latched Input, Open the contact to STOP the drive	
RUN	Latched input, Close the contact to Start, the drive will operate as long as the input is maintained	
FWD ^ひ		
REV ^O	Latched Input, selects the direction of motor rotation REVERSE	
RUN FWD	N FWDO Latched Input, Close to Run in the FORWARD direction, Open to STOP	
RUN REVO	Latched Input, Close to Run in the REVERSE direction, Open to STOP	
ENABLE	Hardware Enable Input.	
	In Keypad Mode, P-31 determines whether the drive immediately starts, or the keypad start key must be pressed.	
	In other modes, this input must be present before the start command is applied via the fieldbus interface.	
START	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)	
^- START -^	Simultaneously applying both inputs momentarily will START the drive (NC STOP Input must be maintained)	
STOP↓	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to STOP the drive	
START 1 FWD ℃	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the forward direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)	
START 1 REV ∪	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to START the drive in the reverse direction (NC STOP Input must be maintained)	
^-FAST STOP (P-24)-^	When both inputs are momentarily active simultaneously, the drive stops using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24	
FAST STOP [↑] (P-24)	Normally Closed, Falling Edge, Open momentarily to FAST STOP the drive using Fast Stop Ramp Time P-24	
E-TRIP	Normally Closed, External Trip input. When the input opens momentarily, the drive trips showing E-Er iP or PEc-Eh depending on P-47 setting	
Fire Mode	Activates Fire Mode	
Analog Input Al 1	Analog Input 1, signal format selected using P-16	
Analog Input Al2	Analog Input 2, signal format selected using P-47	
All REF	Analog Input 1 provides the speed reference	
AI2 REF	Analog Input 2 provides the speed reference	
P-xx REF	Speed reference from the selected preset speed	
PR-REF	Preset speeds P-20 – P-23 are used for the speed reference, selected according to other digital input status	
PI-REF	PI Control Speed Reference	
PI FB	Analog Input used to provide a Feedback signal to the internal PI controller	
KPD REF	Keypad Speed Reference selected	
FB REF	Selected speed reference from Fieldbus (Modbus RTU / CAN Open / Master depending on P-12 setting)	
(NO)	Input is Normally Open, Close momentarily to activate the function	
(NC)	Input is Normally Closed, Open momentarily to activate the function	
INC SPD. ☐	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to increase the motor speed by value in P-20	
DEC SPD	Normally Open, Rising Edge, Close momentarily to decrease the motor speed by value in P-20	

7.4. Macro Functions – Terminal Mode (P-12 = 0)

P-15		DII	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4 / A	M1	Diagram	
	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1		
0	STOP	RUN	で GWP	REV び	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp	ut Al 1]	
1	STOP	RUN	All REF	PR-REF	P-20	P-21	Analog Inp		1	
2	STOP	RUN	DI2	DI3		PR	P-20 - P-23	P-01	2	
			0	0		-20				
]	0	P.	-21	-			
			0	1		-22	-			
			1	1	P-	-23	-			
3	STOP	RUN	All	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3	
4	STOP	RUN	Al 1	Al2	Analog	Input AI2	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	4	
5	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV U	All	P-20 REF	Analog Inp		1	
		^F <i>A</i>	AST STOP (P-2	4)^						
6	STOP	RUN	び DW3	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3	
7	STOP	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	Analog Inp	ut Al 1	3	
		ŭ								
			AST STOP (P-2							
8	STOP	RUN	FWD 🖰	REV	DI3	DI4	PR		2	
					0	0	P-20		-	
					1	0	P-21		-	
					0	1	P-22		-	
	_				1]	P-23			
9	STOP START FWD		STOP	START REV び	DI3	DI4	PR	2		
		^FA	AST STOP (P-2	4)^	0	0	P-20			
					1	0	P-21		_	
					0	1	P-22		_	
	4				1	1	P-23		_	
10	(NO)	START 1	STOP	(NC)	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp		5	
11	(NO)	START 1 FWD U	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START J REV U	Analog Input Al 1		6	
10	CTOD			AST STOP (P-24		T	A 1 1		7	
12	STOP	RUN	FAST STOP (P-24)	OK	All REF	P-20 REF	Analog Inp		7	
13	(NO)	START FWD ひ	STOP	(NC)	(NO)	START REV	KPD REF	P-20 REF	13	
				AST STOP (P-24		1				
14	STOP	RUN	D	12	E-TRIP	OK	DI2 DI4	PR	11	
							0 0	P-20	-	
							1 0	P-21	-	
							0 1	P-22	-	
							1 1	P-23		
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	Al1		Mode	Analog Inp	I	1	
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF		Mode	FWD	REV	2	
17	STOP	RUN	D	012	Fire I	Mode	DI2 DI4	PR	2	
							0 0	P-20	_	
							1 0	P-21	_	
							0 1	P-22	_	
							1 1	P-23		
18	STOP	RUN	び DW7	REV 🗸	Fire I	Mode	Analog Inp	ut Al I	1	

7.5. Macro Functions - Keypad Mode (P-12 = 1 or 2)

		DII	D	012	DI3	/ AI2	DI4	/ All	Diagram
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	enable	-	INC SPD 🕽	-	DEC SPD 7	FWD ひ	REV び	8
				^	START	^			
1	STOP	ENABLE			PI Speed	Reference			2
2	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 🕽	-	DEC SPD 7	KPD REF	P-20 REF	8
				^	START	^			
3	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 🕽	E-TRIP	OK	-	DEC SPD 7	9
				^		START		^	
4	STOP	ENABLE	-	INC SPD 🕽	KPD REF	All REF	А	.11	10
5	STOP	ENABLE	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	KPD REF	All REF	А	.11	1
6	STOP	ENABLE	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
7	STOP	run fwd	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	E-TRIP	OK	KPD REF	P-20 REF	11
		^FA	ST STOP (P-24	4)^					
8	STOP	RUN FWD ひ	STOP	RUN REV 🗸	KPD REF	All REF	А	.11	1
14	STOP	RUN	-	INC SPD 🕽	E-TRIP	OK	-	DEC SPD 7	
15	STOP	RUN	PR REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	KPD REF	Fire	Mode	び DW7	REV 🗸	2
17	STOP	RUN	KPD REF	P-23 REF	Fire	Mode	び DW7	REV 🗸	2
18	STOP	RUN	All REF	KPD REF	Fire Mode		А	1	

9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = Behavior as per setting 0

NOTE

When P15=4 in keypad mode, DI2 &DI4 are edge triggered. Digital pot speed will be increased or decreased once for each rising edge. The step of each speed change is defined by the absolute value of Pre-set Speed 1 (P-20).

Speed change only happens during normal running condition (no stop command etc.). Digital pot will be adjusted between minimum speed (P-02) and maximum speed (P-01).

7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9)

		DI1	D	12	DI3	/ AI2	DI4	/ All	Diagram
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	enable	FB RE	F (Fieldbus Spe		Modbus RTU / I by P-12)	CAN / Master	-Slave	14
1	STOP	ENABLE			PI Speed	Reference			15
3	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-20 REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog	Input Al 1	3
5	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	PR REF	P-20	P-21	Analog	Input Al 1	1
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4)	Only)^					
6	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	All REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog	Input Al 1	3
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4	Only)^					
7	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	KPD REF	E-TRIP	OK	Analog	Input Al 1	3
		^START	(P-12 = 3 or 4)	Only)^					
14	STOP	ENABLE	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	Analog	Input Al 1	16
15	STOP	ENABLE	PR REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	P-23	P-21	2
16	STOP	ENABLE	P-23 REF	FB REF	Fire	Mode	Analog	Input Al 1	1
17	STOP	ENABLE	FB REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode		Analog Input Al 1		1
18	STOP	ENABLE	All REF	FB REF	FB REF Fire Mode		Analog Input Al 1		1
			2, 4, 8, 9,	10, 11, 12, 13	3 = Behavior	as per settin	g 0		

7.7. Macro Functions - User PI Control Mode (P-12 = 5 or 6)

		DI1 DI2		DI3	/ AI2	DI4,	Diagram		
P-15	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	
0	STOP	enable	PI REF	P-20 REF	P	AI2	А	11	4
1	STOP	ENABLE	PI REF	All REF	AI2	(PI FB)	А	11	4
3, 7	STOP	ENABLE	PI REF	P-20	E-TRIP	OK	All (PI FB)	3
4	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	AI2	(PI FB)	All		12
5	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	PI REF	PI REF P-20 REF		AII (PI FB)	
6	(NO)	START	(NC)	STOP	E-TRIP	OK	AII (PIFB)		
8	STOP	RUN	FWD ひ	REV 🗸	AI2	AI2 (PI FB)		11	4
14	STOP	RUN	-	-	E-TRIP	OK	All (PI FB)	16
15	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	All (PLFB)		1
16	STOP	RUN	P-23 REF	P-21 REF	Fire Mode		AII (PIFB)		1
17	STOP	RUN	P-21 REF	P-23 REF	Fire Mode		All (PLFB)		1
18	STOP	RUN	All REF	PI REF	Fire	Mode	AI1 (PI FB)	1

2, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 = Behavior as per setting 0

- P1 Setpoint source is selected by P-44 (default is fixed value in P-45, AI 1 may also be selected).
- P1 Feedback source is selected by P-46 (default is AI 2, other options may be selected).

7.8. Fire Mode

The Fire Mode function is designed to ensure continuous operation of the drive in emergency conditions until the drive is no longer capable of sustaining operation. The Fire Mode input may be a normally open (Close to Activate Fire Mode) or Normally Closed (Open to Activate Fire Mode) according to the setting of P-30 Index 2. In addition, the input may be momentary or maintained type, selected by P-30 Index 3.

This input may be linked to a fire control system to allow maintained operation in emergency conditions, e.g. to clear smoke or maintain air quality within that building.

The fire mode function is enabled when P-15 = 15, 16 or 17, with Digital Input 3 assigned to activate fire mode.

Fire Mode disables the following protection features in the drive:

D-E (Heat-sink Over-Temperature), U-E (Drive Under Temperature), Eh-FLE (Faulty Thermistor on Heat-sink), E-Er iP (External Trip), 4-20 F (4-20mA fault), Ph-1 b (Phase Imbalance), P-La55 (Input Phase Loss Trip), 5E-E-P (Communications Loss Trip), 1_E-E-P (Accumulated overload Trip).

The following faults will result in a drive trip, auto reset and restart:

П-шаг (Over Voltage on DC Bus), U-шаг (Under Voltage on DC Bus), h П-1 (Fast Over-current Trip), П-1 (Instantaneous over current on drive output), DUL-F (Drive output fault, Output stage trip).

8. Modbus RTU Communications

8.1. Introduction

The Optidrive E3 can be connected to a Modbus RTU network via the RI45 connector on the front of the drive.

8.2. Modbus RTU Specification

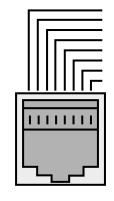
Protocol	Modbus RTU
Error check	CRC
Baud rate	9600bps, 19200bps, 38400bps, 57600bps, 115200bps (default)
Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bits, 1 stop bits, no parity
Physical signal	RS 485 (2-wire)
User interface	RJ45
Supported Function Codes	03 Read Multiple Holding Registers
	06 Write Single Holding Register
	16 Write Multiple Holding Registers (Supported for registers 1 – 4 only)

8.3. RJ45 Connector Configuration

For full MODBUS RTU register map information please refer to your Invertek Drives Sales Partner. Local contacts can be found by visiting our website:

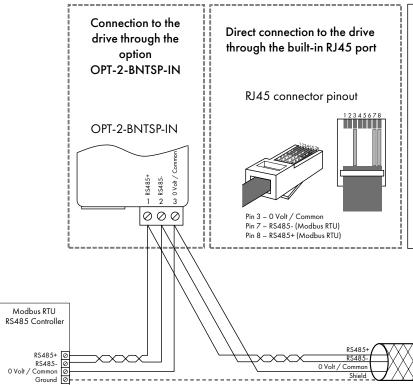
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When using MODBUS control the Analog and Digital Inputs can be configured as shown in section 7.6. Macro Functions - Fieldbus Control Mode (P-12 = 3, 4, 7, 8 or 9).



1	CAN -
2	CAN+
3	O Volts
4	-RS485 (PC)
5	+RS485 (PC)
6	+24 Volt
7	-RS485 (Modbus RTU)
8	+RS485 (Modbus RTU)

Warning: This is not an Ethernet connection. Do not connect directly to an Ethernet port.



NOTES

- Use 3 or 4 Conductor Twisted Pair Cable
- RS485+ and RS485- must be twisted pair
- Ensure the network taps for the drive are kept as short as possible
- Using Option OPT-2-BNTSP-IN is preferred
- Terminate the network cable shield at the controller only. Do not terminate at the drive!
- O Volt common must be connected across all devices and to reference O Volt terminal at the controller
- Do not connect the OV Common of the network to power ground

8.4. Modbus Register Map

Register Number	Par.	Туре		pport		Fun	ction	Range	Explanation
Number			03	06	16	Low Byte	High Byte		
1	-	R/W	•	•	•	Drive Contr	ol Command	03	16 Bit Word. Bit O: Low = Stop, High = Run Enable Bit 1: Low = Decel Ramp 1 (P-O4), High = Decel Ramp 2 (P-24) Bit 2: Low = No Function, High = Fault Reset Bit 3: Low - No Function, High = Coast Stop Request
2	-	R/W	/	•	•		us Speed e setpoint	05000	Setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
4	-	R/W	•	•	•		Acceleration and Deceleration Time		Ramp time in seconds x 100, e.g. 250 = 2.5 seconds
6	-	R	V			Error code	Drive status		Low Byte = Drive Error Code, see section 10.1. Fault Code Messages High Byte = Drive Status as follows: 0: Drive Stopped 1: Drive Running 2: Drive Tripped
7		R	~			Output Mot	or Frequency	020000	Output frequency in Hz x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
8		R	~			Output Me	otor Current	0480	Output Motor Current in Amps x 10, e.g. 10 = 1.0 Amps
11	-	R	•			Digital ir	nput status	015	Indicates the status of the 4 digital inputs Lowest Bit = 1 Input 1
20	POO-01	R	~			Analog In	put 1 value	01000	Analog input % of full scale x 10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
21	P00-02	R	~			Analog Input 2 value		01000	Analog input % of full scale x 10, e.g. 1000 = 100%
22	P00-03	R	~			Speed Reference Value		01000	Displays the setpoint frequency x10, e.g. 100 = 10.0Hz
23	POO-08	R	•			DC bus	s voltage	01000	DC Bus Voltage in Volts
24	POO-09	R	•			Drive ter	mperature	0100	Drive heatsink temperature in °C

All user configurable parameters are accessible as Holding Registers, and can be Read from or Written to using the appropriate Modbus command. The Register number for each parameter P-04 to P-60 is defined as 128 + Parameter number, e.g. for parameter P-15, the register number is 128 + 15 = 143. Internal scaling is used on some parameters, for further details please contact your Invertek Drives Sales Partner.

9. Technical Data

9.1. Environmental

Storage ambient temperature range : -40 ... 60°C

Maximum altitude : 2000m. Derate above 1000m: 1% / 100m

Maximum humidity : 95%, non-condensing

NOTE For UL compliance: the average ambient temperature over a 24 hour period for 200-240V, 2.2kW and 3HP, IP20 drives is 45°C.

9.2. Rating Tables

Frame Size	kW	HP	Input Current	Fuse / MC	CB (Type B)		ım Cable ize	Output Current	Recommended Brake Resistance	
				Non UL	UL	mm	AWG	A	Ω	
110 - 115 (+	· / - 10%) V 1 Ph	ase Input, 2	30V 3 Phase	Output (Vo	ltage Doul	bler)			
1	0.37	0.5	7.8	10	10	8	8	2.3	-	
1	0.75	1	15.8	25	20	8	8	4.3	-	
2	1.1	1.5	21.9	32	30	8	8	5.8	100	
200 - 240	(+ / - 109	%) V 1 P	hase Input,	3 Phase Out	put					
1	0.37	0.5	3.7	10	6	8	8	2.3	-	
1	0.75	1	7.5	10	10	8	8	4.3	-	
1	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	-	
2	1.5	2	12.9	16	17.5	8	8	7	100	
2	2.2	3	19.2	25	25	8	8	10.5	50	
3	4	5	29.2	40	40	8	8	15.3	25	
200 - 240	(+ / - 109	%) V 3 P	hase Input,	3 Phase Out	put					
1	0.37	0.5	3.4	6	6	8	8	2.3	-	
1	0.75	1	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.3	-	
1	1.5	2	9.5	16	15	8	8	7	-	
2	1.5	2	8.9	16	15	8	8	7	100	
2	2.2	3	12.1	16	17.5	8	8	10.5	50	
3	4	5	20.9	32	30	8	8	18	25	
3	5.5	7.5	26.4	40	35	8	8	24	20	
4	7.5	10	33.3	40	45	16	5	30	15	
4	11	15	50.1	63	70	16	5	46	10	
5	15	20	54.6	80	70	25	2	61	10	
5	18.5	25	64.8	80	80	25	2	72	10	
80 - 480	(+ / - 109	%)V 3 Pł	nase Input, S	B Phase Out	out					
1	0.37	0.5	1.7	6	6	8	8	1.2	-	
1	0.75	1	3.5	6	6	8	8	2.2	-	
1	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	-	
2	1.5	2	5.6	10	10	8	8	4.1	250	
2	2.2	3	7.5	16	10	8	8	5.8	200	
2	4	5	11.5	16	15	8	8	9.5	120	
3	5.5	7.5	17.2	25	25	8	8	14	100	
3	7.5	10	21.2	32	30	8	8	18	80	
3	11	15	27.5	40	35	8	8	24	50	
4	15	20	34.2	40	45	16	5	30	30	
4	18.5	25	44.1	50	60	16	5	39	22	
4	22	30	51.9	63	70	16	5	46	22	
5	30	40	56.3	80	70	25	2	61	15	
5	37	50	67.6	100	90	25	2	72	12	

NOTE Cable sizes shown are the maximum possible that may be connected to the drive. Cables should be selected according to local wiring codes or regulations at the point of installation.

9.3. Single Phase Operation of Three Phase Drives

All drive models intended for operation from three phase mains power supply (e.g. model codes ODE-3-xxxxxx-3xxx) may be operated from a single phase supply at up to 50% of maximum rated output current capacity.

In this case, the AC power supply should be connected to L1 (L) and L2 (N) power connection terminals only.

9.4. Additional Information for UL Compliance

Optidrive E3 is designed to meet the UL requirements. For an up to date list of UL compliant products, please refer to UL listing NMMS.E226333. In order to ensure full compliance, the following must be fully observed.

Supply Voltage	y Voltage 200 – 240 RMS Volts for 230 Volt rated units, + /- 10% variation allowed. 240 Volt RMS Maximum.									
	380 – 480 Volts for 40	O Volt rated units, + / - 1	0% variation allowed, M	aximum 500 Volts RMS.						
Imbalance	Maximum 3% voltage v	ariation between phase	– phase voltages allowe	·d.						
	supplies which have sup	All Optidrive E3 units have phase imbalance monitoring. A phase imbalance of > 3% will result in the drive tripping. For input supplies which have supply imbalance greater than 3% (typically the Indian sub-continent & parts of Asia Pacific including China) Invertek Drives recommends the installation of input line reactors.								
Frequency	50 - 60Hz + / - 5% Vo	ıriation								
Short Circuit	V la Da	A A+ 1/A / /LID)	A.A. (NA//LID)	Maximum supply short-circuit current						
Capacity	Voltage Rating	Min kW (HP)	Max kW (HP)	5kA RMS (AC)	100kA RMS (AC)					
	115V	0.37 (0.5)	1.1 (1.5)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses					
	230V	0.37 (0.5)	11 (15)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses					
	230V	15 (20)	18.5 (25)	J-Type fuses	Semiconductor fuse (FWP-100 Bussmann)					
	400 / 460V	0.37 (0.5)	22 (30)	J-Type fuses	J-Type fuses					
	400 / 460V	30 (40)	37 (50)	J-Type fuses	Semiconductor fuse (FWP-100 Bussmann)					
		All the drives in the above table are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the above specified maximum short-circuit Amperes symmetrical with the specified maximum supply voltage when protected by fuses as shown								

Mechanical Installation Requirements

All Optidrive E3 units are intended for indoor installation within controlled environments which meet the condition limits shown in section 9.1. Environmental.

The drive can be operated within an ambient temperature range as stated in section 9.1. Environmental.

For IP20 units, installation is required in a pollution degree 1 environment.

Frame size 4 drives must be mounted in an enclosure in a manner that ensures the drive is protected from 12.7mm (1/2 inch) of deformation of the enclosure if the enclosure impacted

Electrical Installation Requirements

Incoming power supply connection must be according to section 4.3. Incoming Power Connection.

Suitable Power and motor cables should be selected according to the data shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables and the National Electrical Code or other applicable local codes.

Motor Cable 75°C copper stranded or similar (90°C for enclosed Nema 4X type drives).

Power cable connections and tightening torques are shown in sections 3.3. Mechanical Dimensions and Mounting – IP20 Open Units.

Integral Solid Sate short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the national electrical code and any additional local codes. Ratings are shown in section 9.2. Rating Tables.

Transient surge suppression must be installed on the line side of this equipment and shall be rated 480Volt (phase to ground), 480 Volt (phase to phase), suitable for over voltage category iii and shall provide protection for a rated impulse withstand voltage peak of 4kV.

UL Listed ring terminals / lugs must be used for all bus bar and grounding connections

General Requirements

Optidrive E3 provides motor overload protection in accordance with the National Electrical Code (US).

- Where a motor thermistor is not fitted, or not utilised, Thermal Overload Memory Retention must be enabled by setting P-50 = 1.
- Where a motor thermistor is fitted and connected to the drive, connection must be carried out according to the information shown in section 4.8.2. Motor Thermistor Connection.

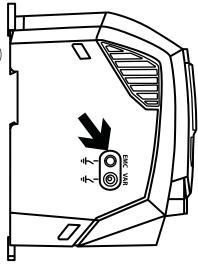
9.5. EMC Filter Disconnect

Drives with an EMC filter have an inherently higher leakage current to Ground (Earth). For applications where tripping occurs the EMC filter can be disconnected (on IP20 units only) by completely removing the EMC screw on the side of the product.

Remove the screw as indicated right.

The Optidrive product range has input supply voltage surge suppression components fitted to protect the drive from line voltage transients, typically originating from lightning strikes or switching of high power equipment on the same supply.

When carrying out a HiPot (Flash) test on an installation in which the drive is built, the voltage surge suppression components may cause the test to fail. To accommodate this type of system HiPot test, the voltage surge suppression components can be disconnected by removing the VAR screw After completing the HiPot test, the screw should be replaced and the HiPot test repeated. The test should then fail, indicating that the voltage surge suppression components are once again in circuit.



10. Troubleshooting

10.1. Fault Code Messages

Fault Code	No.	Description	Suggested Remedy
no-FLE	00	No Fault	Not required.
01-6	01	Brake channel over current	Check external brake resistor condition and connection wiring.
OL-br	02	Brake resistor overload	The drive has tripped to prevent damage to the brake resistor.
0-1	03	Output Over Current	Instantaneous Over current on the drive output. Excess load or shock load on the motor. NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
I_E-ErP	04	Motor Thermal Overload (12t)	The drive has tripped after delivering > 100% of value in P-08 for a period of time to prevent damage to the motor.
0-uort	06	Over voltage on DC bus	Check the supply voltage is within the allowed tolerance for the drive. If the fault occurs on deceleration or stopping, increase the deceleration time in P-O4 or install a suitable brake resistor and activate the dynamic braking function with P-34.
U-uort	07	Under voltage on DC bus	The incoming supply voltage is too low. This trip occurs routinely when power is removed from the drive. If it occurs during running, check the incoming power supply voltage and all components in the power feed line to the drive.
0-E	08	Heatsink over temperature	The drive is too hot. Check the ambient temperature around the drive is within the drive specification. Ensure sufficient cooling air is free to circulate around the drive.
U-E	09	Under temperature	Trip occurs when ambient temperature is less than -10°C. Temperature must be raised over -10°C in order to start the drive.
P-dEF	10	Factory Default parameters loaded	
E-Er iP	11	External trip	E-trip requested on digital input 3. Normally closed contact has opened for some reason. If motor thermistor is connected check if the motor is too hot.
50-065	12	Optibus comms loss	Check communication link between drive and external devices. Make sure each drive in the network has its unique address.
FLE-dc	13	DC bus ripple too high	Check incoming supply phases are all present and balanced.
P-L055	14	Input phase loss trip	Check incoming power supply phases are present and balanced.
h 0-1	15	Output Over Current	Check for short circuits on the motor and connection cable.
			NOTE Following a trip, the drive cannot be immediately reset. A delay time is inbuilt, which allows the power components of the drive time to recover to avoid damage.
Eh-FLE	16	Faulty thermistor on heatsink	
dALA-F	17	Internal memory fault (IO)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
4-20 F	18	4-20mA Signal Lost	Check the analog input connection(s).
dALA-E	19	Internal memory fault (DSP)	Press the stop key. If the fault persists, consult you supplier.
F-Ptc	21	Motor PTC thermistor trip	Connected motor thermistor over temperature, check wiring connections and motor.
FAn-F	22	Cooling Fan Fault (IP66 only)	Check / replace the cooling fan.
O-hEAL	23	Drive internal temperature too high	Drive ambient temperature too high, check adequate cooling air is provided.
OUL-F	26	Output Fault	Indicates a fault on the output of the drive, such as one phase missing, motor phase currents not balanced. Check the motor and connections.
AFF-05	41	Autotune Fault	The motor parameters measured through the autotune are not correct. Check the motor cable and connections for continuity. Check all three phases of the motor are present and balanced.
5C-F0 I	50	Modbus comms loss fault	Check the incoming Modbus RTU connection cable. Check that at least one register is being polled cyclically within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.
5C-F02	51	CAN comms loss trip	Check the incoming CAN connection cable. Check that cyclic communications take place within the timeout limit set in P-36 Index 3.

NOTE Following an over current or overload trip (3, 4, 5, 15), the drive may not be reset until the reset time delay has elapsed to prevent damage to the drive.

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